

注意事项:

1. 本试卷分为四部分。
2. 答题前,考生务必将自己的姓名、准考证号填写在本试卷相应的位置。
3. 全部答案写在答题卡上,写在本试卷上无效。
4. 本试卷满分 150 分,测试时间 120 分钟。
5. 考试范围:高考全部内容。

第一部分 听力(共两节,满分 30 分)

做题时,先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后,你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

第一节(共 5 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. How is the woman feeling about starting work?
 - A. Relieved and happy.
 - B. Nervous and excited.
 - C. Scared and worried.
2. What happened to the two speakers?
 - A. They got on a wrong train.
 - B. They bought a wrong ticket.
 - C. They missed their train.
3. Where are the two speakers?
 - A. In the hall.
 - B. In the waiting room.
 - C. In the library.
4. What will the woman do tomorrow?
 - A. Go to the cinema.
 - B. Go bowling.
 - C. Go camping.
5. What does the man want Anne to do?
 - A. Have dinner together.
 - B. Help in the restaurant.
 - C. Make a call.

第二节(共 15 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料,回答第 6、7 题。

6. Where are the two speakers?
 - A. In the railway station.
 - B. In the post office.
 - C. At the airport.
7. How much do the stamps cost?
 - A. \$ 9.
 - B. \$ 11.35.
 - C. \$ 20.35.

听第 7 段材料,回答第 8、9 题。

8. What's the woman's problem?
 - A. She feels pressure.
 - B. She is sleepless.
 - C. She is overweight.
9. What does the man suggest the woman do?
 - A. Watch her weight.
 - B. Watch TV for pleasure.
 - C. Do exercise.

听第 8 段材料,回答第 10 至 12 题。

10. How does the man like the woman's apartment?
 - A. It's satisfactory.
 - B. It's a little dirty.
 - C. It's not very big.

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11. What can we know about Jody?
- A. She lent some money to the woman.
 - B. She was the man's former roommate.
 - C. She always made a mess in the room.
12. What does the woman probably do when eating out with others?
- A. She pays the whole bill herself.
 - B. She shares the bill with others.
 - C. She asks others to pick up the check.

听第 9 段材料, 回答第 13 至 16 题。

13. Where is the Royal Oak?
- A. In downtown.
 - B. In a far country.
 - C. In the countryside.
14. What is unique to Carlton House?
- A. There is a gym in the hotel.
 - B. It is peaceful and newly opened.
 - C. It was originally a large private hotel.
15. What does the Bridge Hotel provide?
- A. Internet connection and meeting rooms.
 - B. An indoor pool and a gym.
 - C. Newly decorated rooms.
16. Which hotel does the man choose at last?
- A. Carlton House.
 - B. The Bridge Hotel.
 - C. The Royal Oak.

听第 10 段材料, 回答第 17 至 20 题。

17. Why does the speaker give the talk?
- A. To introduce something about badminton.
 - B. To inspire people to play badminton.
 - C. To encourage people to join the club.
18. When will the "starter" session be held?
- A. This Wednesday.
 - B. This Sunday.
 - C. Next Sunday.
19. How much is the annual fee for new members of the badminton club?
- A. Thirty-five pounds.
 - B. Forty-five pounds.
 - C. Seventy-five pounds.
20. What is included in the badminton club membership?
- A. Free clothes and sports shoes.
 - B. Free access to certain equipment at the centre.
 - C. Free use of the gym and the swimming pool.

第二部分 阅读理解(共两节, 满分 40 分)

第一节(共 15 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 30 分)

阅读下面短文, 从每题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中, 选出最佳选项。

A

Reading some environmental literature — sometimes called "eco-literature" — can give us the opportunity to think about the world around us in different ways.

My Year of Meats by Ruth Ozeki

My Year of Meats begins with a TV cooking show — sponsored by a meat company. While filming the show, Jane Takagi-Little, the director, encounters a couple who reveal the ugly truth about the use of growth hormones (激素) within the livestock industry. The encounter motivates Jane to undertake a documentary

project to uncover how growth hormones poison women's bodies.

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The "toxic" was the wild and chaotic situation which represent the "toxic" of those. One of the characters of the book "The Compound Eyes" is a man who is very busy because they can communicate and work with other when a large number of them. They have though presented as controversial in the world, it is actually well supported by today's scientific studies.

The Man with the Compound Eyes by Wu Ming-yi

Wu Ming-yi's novel is composed of ten different stories which are viewed in different parts from the multiple perspectives of the "compound eyes". As the book is a cartoon which causes the West Pacific garbage plant to crash and the eastern coast of Taiwan and the international Pacific island of Wavo Wavo that being together all their stories. Wu's novel draws our attention to the severe environmental problems of waste dumping and non-sustainable fisheries.

Animal's People by Indra Sinha

Animal's People looks at the illegal pig explosion in India, one of the most horrible environmental disasters of the 21st century, killing several thousand people and leaving more than half a million. The main character in the novel, Animal, is a 16-year-old orphaned boy who survives the explosion with a disabled body. This means he must "crawl like a dog on all fours". Animal does not hate his body, but embraces his

body (四肢) as a "gift" — offering an unconventional non-human perspective.

What does the novel's emphasis on the life of trees?

- A. Indra Sinha B. Richard Powers C. Ruth Ozeki D. Wu Ming-yi

What is the main character of Animal's people?

- A. A victim of the gas explosion B. An animal with disabilities.

- C. A worker of the garbage plant D. A sponsor of a meat company.

What do the four stories have in common?

- A. They're best sellers at the moment. B. They're warmly welcomed by salesmen.

- C. They focus on environmental issues. D. They expose the cruelty of humans.

B

Ghaliya remembers when a garbage collector came to her house in Jakarta, the Indonesian capital. The man asked if she had an old mobile phone his children could use to get on the internet. "He said it does not matter if it is the ugly one, as long as his children can use it for learning from home," she said. "I thought there must be many people who need second-hand mobile phones out there."

Ghaliya works for a national newspaper. Shortly after the pandemic (流行病) hit Jakarta, she and 11 other journalists organized a group to provide food and money to needy people. They started hearing from parents who wanted their children to study online but lacked a way to use the internet. Ghaliya thought of her meeting with the garbage collector when she and her group decided to provide mobile phones to poor students.

Many of these children were not able to do face-to-face learning when the new school year started in July. When the journalists announced their campaign through social media, they had collected more than 200 mobile phones and donations of more than \$35,000. Currently, nearly 300 phones have been given to students in and around Jakarta as well as to distant areas like Papua, the country's most eastern province.

Khalisyah Levi, a 16-year-old high school student in Depok, West Java, attends online classes using the mobile phone his father had been loaning. After receiving a mobile phone a month later, his father said, "Now I see my son more comfortable, and he can directly reach out to his friends and teacher."

For the first time in his life, Qayran Ruby Al Maghribi, an 11-year-old boy, was falling behind in his studies because he had to wait for his father to return from work in order to use his father's mobile phone to attend three video calls a week. But a big smile appeared on his face when he received the mobile phone sent by Ghaliya's group. "I will use the phone to do online school every day," Maghribi said.

24. What can we learn about the garbage collector from the first paragraph?
- A. He was fond of using the mobile phone.
 C. He collected many old mobile phones.
25. What does Ghina Ghaliya do, according to the text?
- A. A housewife.
 C. A media person.
26. What's people's attitude towards Ghaliya's campaign?
- A. Skeptical.
 B. Enthusiastic.
27. What can we infer from the last two paragraphs?
- A. The campaign can't be praised enough.
 C. Most students don't want to study.
28. What is the author's attitude towards the current situation?
- A. Uninterested.
 B. A lot of money will be saved.
 C. Uninterested.
 D. Ambiguous. *Ambiguous.*
29. What is the main purpose of the text?
- A. To show the importance of mobile phones.
 B. A garbage collector.
 D. A teacher.
30. What is the main purpose of the text?
- A. To show the importance of mobile phones.
 B. A garbage collector.
 C. Uninterested.
 D. The current situation is more serious.

The study found that if the world food system stays on its current growth path, it will produce nearly 1.4 trillion metric tons of greenhouse gases over the next 80 years. That pollution is expected to come from fertilizers used in agriculture, mismanaged soil, food waste and methane gas released from cows and other animals. Other causes include land-clearing operations and deforestation.

Researchers from the University of Minnesota and the University of Oxford in Britain predict that even if fossil fuel emissions were halted now, emissions from the world food system would make it impossible to reach current international climate change targets. They say that emissions from food production alone could push world temperatures past 1.5 degrees Celsius by the middle of this century and above 2 degrees Celsius by the end of the century.

A main goal of the 2015 United Nations Paris Agreement on climate change is to keep rises in the Earth's temperature during this century to between 1.5 to 2 degrees Celsius. The U. N. has said that in order to stay below the 1.5 Celsius level, emissions must fall at least 7.6 percent each year through 2030.

The new study calls for immediate "improvements in farming practices, as well as changes in what we eat and how much food we waste," to help reach the Paris Agreement goals.

Jason Hill, a professor of biosystems engineering at the University of Minnesota, noted, "The whole world doesn't have to give up meat for us to meet our climate goals. We can eat better, healthier foods. We can improve how we grow foods. And we can waste less food."

The researchers say such efforts are achievable and can also lead to many other improvements beyond controlling climate change. If everyone ate the right number of calories based on age, it would reduce emissions by about 410 billion metric tons. If farming could reduce carbon levels, it would cut greenhouse gases by nearly 540 billion metric tons. And if people wasted less food — at home, in restaurants or by getting it to people in poorer countries — emissions could be cut by about 360 billion metric tons.

31. What is the first paragraph mainly about?
- A. Benefits of green consumption.
 B. A new study of different foods.
 C. Causes of pollution from the food system.
 D. Bad effects of the world food production.
32. What does the underlined word "halted" in paragraph 2 probably mean?
- A. Hatched.
 B. Struck.
 C. Revolved.
 D. Stopped. *revolve*
33. What should individuals do for the Paris Agreement goals according to researchers?
- A. Join in "Eat-it-up" campaign.
 B. Stop eating meat completely.
 C. Decrease food production.
 D. Keep an eye on climate change.
34. Which of the following can be the best title for the text?
- A. There Is No Such Thing as a Free Lunch
 B. For Home, Mind Our World Food System
 C. Without Green, Life Has No Hope
 D. The World is Ours, Food is the World

The researchers say the U.S. generates 12 million tons of plastic waste in 2018 - the largest amount of any country in the world. Of that, between 20 percent and 60 percent was recycled or sent to landfills, lakes and oceans. Some U.S. plastic waste was shipped to other countries where it was not properly disposed of, the study found.

Jenna Jambeck is an environmental engineering professor at the University of California, Santa Barbara. She led part of the research. Jambeck told The Associated Press that the study's findings are "alarming." She helped lead the White House law. It would force companies to track their plastic waste.

Part of the reason had not put America among the 10 worst offenders for ocean plastic waste pollution. That is because the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) only recorded what goes into the official parts of the waste processing system, such as landfills and recycling centers.

Some researchers decided to look deeper into what happens to the waste. They found that so much is not properly handled that America ranks as high as third as the worst ocean plastic polluter. The study estimated that 515,000 to 1.5 million metric tons of U.S. plastic waste likely went into oceans.

"We are facing a global crisis of far too much plastic waste," said the study's lead writer, Kate Lavender Law. Law said the new research was driven "by the fact that we know the United States was leaking more plastic than estimated." The study's estimates differ widely, Law added. She said this is because many of the waste disposal activities the researchers explored are not easy to measure.

Joshua Baca is vice president for plastics at the American Chemistry Council, an industry group. Baca said that many countries will not accept U.S. waste exports because of a new international agreement next year. He added that the industry is spending billions of dollars in an effort to try to fix the problem. This includes spending money on updating recycling technology and creating new business models that support reduced waste.

- 1. What do we know about American plastic waste produced in 2018?
 - A. Some of it was not properly handled.
 - B. It was sold to some other countries.
 - C. Most of it was effectively recycled.
 - D. Half of it ended up in oceans.
- 2. What's the main purpose of Jambeck's words in paragraph 2?
 - A. To explain the effects of plastic waste on buildings.
 - B. To introduce a new method to recycle plastic waste.
 - C. To analyze the main cause of plastic waste.
 - D. To stress the seriousness of plastic waste.
- 3. Why was America off the list of the 10 worst ocean plastic polluters?
 - A. Some researchers didn't look deeper into the waste.
 - B. Special attention was paid to plastic waste in U.S.
 - C. EPA only recorded the official parts of the waste processing system.
 - D. America did produce less plastic waste in reality.
- 4. What is the industry in America doing to face too much plastic waste?
 - A. Setting up more and more landfills.
 - B. Upgrading the recycling technology.
 - C. Prohibiting plastic waste exports.
 - D. Signing the international agreement.

节(共 5 小题;每小题 2 分,满分 10 分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项,选项中有两项为多余选项。

Social media is making it easier for us to stay connected with the world. No doubt it is the best and fastest way to get in touch with friends. Here are simple ways which you can use to disconnect from social media and connect with life again.

Stop using social media 1 hour before going to sleep.

A common mistake we all make is that we keep using our phones before going to sleep. This is the reason we are unable to sleep on time which leads to tiredness in the morning. The first change you have to bring in your life is to stop using it at least 1 hour before going to sleep.

Keep your phone away.

One of the most important things you can do is keep your phone away. There are many people who keep their phones even while they're working. The best solution to this problem is to keep your phone in the drawer. Let everyone know that you will not be taking any calls to assure that they will not disturb you. You will notice that it will enhance your performance and you will be able to complete the work on time.

Whether you have a desktop, laptop, smartphone or smart watch, it may be good for social media app developers but for you, it is not good. That is why you should just use one of them for using social media apps. You will be able to pay more attention to people who are actually around you.

- A. Know what's important for you.
- B. Use only one device for checking your social media.
- C. That is why they are unable to concentrate on their roles.
- D. However, at the same time, social media is wasting our time.
- E. It will allow you to reduce the time you spend on social media.
- F. The reason is that when there comes a message, you will feel the urge to check it.
- G. It will allow you to have a peaceful sleep and you will not have to worry about what is happening online.

第三部分 语言知识运用(共两节,满分 45 分)

第一节(共 20 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 30 分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

A couple of weeks ago, my grandfather was explaining his favorite expression, "Nothing is ever 41." The following day, as I tried to complete my day's work, I 42 to notice a bee on the skylight (天窗). The skylight was particularly high up, but I thought 43 the bee would take no more than five minutes. An hour later, the bee 44 remained. All that had changed was that the living room was 45 and that I was dizzy from looking up into the 46. I did not expect to waste an hour on an insect so 47, but by doing so, I understood what my grandfather 48.

We often imagine what can work in our 49, but we 50 think of all the negative things that could affect us. However, it is important to remember that your day or week or year might not go 51, and that is completely normal. It is perfectly acceptable to feel 52 — even at a task you thought was simple — because that is part of 53.

If you can 54 that nothing will ever be easy, then life might seem slightly more 55. In middle school, I thought high school might be easier because I could choose the 56 I wanted to take. In high school, I thought college might be easier because I could have a schedule best suited for myself. 57 each time, I was both wrong and 58. After accepting that school wouldn't be easy, I 59 myself with a more positive attitude and improved results.

Maybe we cannot see a bee coming our way, but we can always give ourselves the 60 time to catch it.

- | | | | |
|-----------------|--------------|-----------|-------------|
| 1. A. perfect | B. common | C. easy | D. certain |
| 2. A. attempted | B. pretended | C. seemed | D. happened |

- | | | | |
|--------------------|---------------|------------------------------|----------------|
| 1. A. watching | B. removing | ^{supply} C. feeding | D. approaching |
| 2. A. ever | B. even | C. still | D. always |
| 3. A. messy | B. orderly | C. empty | D. dangerous |
| 4. A. skylight | B. sunlight | C. bee | D. living room |
| 5. A. fierce | B. active | C. tiny | D. annoying |
| 6. A. meant | B. considered | C. described | D. explained |
| 7. A. charge | B. favor | C. interest | D. path |
| 8. A. almost | B. personally | C. nearly | D. seldom |
| 9. A. as planned | B. as viewed | C. as usual | D. as well |
| 10. A. silly | B. strange | C. challenged | D. excited |
| 11. A. work | B. management | C. routine | D. life |
| 12. A. agree | B. accept | C. state | D. believe |
| 13. A. comfortable | B. tough | C. manageable | D. available |
| 14. A. school | B. classes | C. books | D. activities |
| 15. A. Still | B. Instead | C. So | D. Yet |
| 16. A. determined | B. desperate | C. disappointed | D. surprised |
| 17. A. taught | B. found | C. inspired | D. helped |
| 18. A. extra | B. other | C. limited | D. valuable |

二节(共 10 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文,在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或词组的正确形式。

China's domestically (本国) developed Beidou satellite navigation system. China's BDS, has passed an assessment of critical standardization work at the ICAO. All performance indicators of the system completed expert technical verification on the Sixth Navigation Systems Panel (NSP/6) of the ICAO held from November 2 to 13, which represents the completion of the core and most important work of (official) incorporating the BDS-3 into the ICAO's standards.

The technical verification of BDS-3 is the first time that a BDS civil signal has been qualified by the international organization. The ICAO has the highest (high) requirements for 'global navigation' satellite systems of all, and the verification by the ICAO proves BDS-3 has the ability to provide (provide) navigation services for global civil aviation.

It is the first time that China's civil aviation industry has promoted (promote) a domestically created and built complex system to join the ICAO standard with its own team as the core, according to the CCTV report. It builds a solid foundation for China to promote the BDS' application (apply) in the aviation sector during the 14th Five-Year Plan (2021-25) period.

As of the end of 2019, more than 6.5 million road vehicles, 40,000 postal and express delivery vehicles, 80,000 buses in 36 major cities, 3,200 inland navigation facilities, and 2,900 marine navigation facilities had adopted the service (service) from the BDS in the Chinese mainland, forming (form) the world's largest dynamic monitoring system for road vehicles.

第四部分 写作(共两节,满分 35 分)

第一节 短文改错(共 10 小题;每小题 1 分,满分 10 分)

假定英语课上老师要求同桌之间交换修改作文,请你修改你同桌写的以下作文。文中共有 10 处语言错误,每句中最多有两处。每处错误仅涉及一个单词的增加、删除或修改。

增加:在缺词处加一个漏字符号(∧),并在其下面写出该加的词。

删除:把多余的词用斜线(\)划掉。

修改:在错的词下划一横线,并在该词下面写出修改后的词。

- 注意: 1. 每处错误及其修改均仅限一词;
2. 只允许修改 10 处, 多者(从第 11 处起)不计分。

Dear Jimmy,

I am delighted that you are interesting in ancient Chinese poetry and that you will take a part in the Tang Poetry Recital Competition for Foreigners. As for the poem, I high recommend Jing Ye Si, that is typical of Tang Poems.

My recommendation is based on the following reasons. First of all, it enjoys great popularity in China, it will appeal for the audience very soon. Plus, the lines are simple, which is easy for you to recite in a short time. At the same time, the rhyme and rhythm will make your learning process pleasant and comfortable. I am convinced that I will stand out among all the competitors.

I sincerely hope my recommendation can be of great help and wish you a wonderful performance.

Yours,
Li Hua

第二节 书面表达(满分 25 分)

你校正在组织英语作文比赛。最近世界上发生了很多事, 请你“以一件骄傲的事”为题, 以发生在中国, 让你感到自豪的事为内容, 写一篇短文参赛, 内容包括:

1. 事情简介;
2. 骄傲的原因。

注意: 1. 词数 100 左右;

2. 短文题目已为你写好。

A Proud Event

全国 II 卷 英语 参考答案

听力录音材料

Text 1

M: Shirley, I heard you just got a job at a firm. Congratulations!

W: Thanks. I'm so happy. I don't have to worry about finding a job and interviewing anymore.

M: You're going to have to put in a lot of hours you know.

W: I'm a little nervous, but it's pretty exciting.

Text 2

M: What time is our train back to London?

W: It leaves at 4:30. We've only got 5 minutes. It leaves from Platform 2.

M: I can't see our train anywhere. Let me see the ticket. Look, it says 4:20, not 4:30!

Text 3

M: It looks like most of us are here except for William and Alison.

W: Hmm. I just passed Alison. She said that William texted her because he couldn't find the room. So, she's waiting for him in the hall. It seems like the library really tries to hide these rooms.

Text 4

M: What are you doing over the weekend, Sara?

W: I'm planning to go bowling tonight. Tomorrow I am hoping to see a movie. What about you?

M: I want to go camping, you know, just to get away for the weekend.

Text 5

M: Kathy, do you know if Anne is available tonight? We could really use her for the 6:00 to 11:00 p. m. shift.

W: I'm not sure, but I can call her and find out. Why?

M: Well, we have three large groups coming in for dinner at 7:00, and Megan is sick.

Text 6

W: What can I do for you today?

M: I need to mail this package to New York, please.

W: OK, let's see how much it weighs... it's about five pounds. If you send it express, it will get there tomorrow. Or you can send a standard mail, and it will get there by Saturday.

M: Saturday is fine. How much will that be?

W: \$ 11.35. Do you need anything else?

M: Oh, yeah! I almost forgot. I need a book of stamps, too.

W: OK, your total comes to \$ 20.35.

Text 7

W: I've just been feeling really stressed lately. I'm shouting at my family, and I start crying at the smallest thing. Can you give me something to make me feel more relaxed?

M: Well, I'm not the kind of doctor who will prescribe drugs for something that just requires a change in lifestyle. What do you do for pleasure these days? Do you get much exercise?

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W: I watch some TV in the evenings for pleasure. But I watch my weight. I don't overeat.

M: That's not the point. Exercise isn't just about losing weight. It's about relaxation, getting some fresh air and being involved in an activity that you have some control over. It helps you to clear your mind.

Text 8

W: Hi, Steve. I have a two-bedroom apartment in the center of the city. And I'm looking for a roommate.

M: Great, I'm looking for a place right in that area. Your apartment sounds ideal.

W: By the way, do you have anything that troubles you?

M: I don't like to have lots of arguments. I like to keep the apartment clean.

W: I totally agree. And I really hate living with people who love petty gains.

M: Me too! My last roommate, Jody, was such a person. Every time we went out to a restaurant, when the bill came she would always say she didn't have any money and ask me to lend her some. And she never paid me back!

W: Oh, it's too... Anyway, I like to split the bill with others when eating out.

M: The same to me.

W: When you move in, we will clean the dishes, take out the garbage and pay the bills together.

M: Sounds great!

Text 9

W: Can I help you?

M: Yes, I was wanting somewhere to stay for a few days — a five-star hotel. Can you tell me something about the possibilities?

W: Well, there are three hotels that might interest you. Carlton House and The Bridge are both near the main square. The Royal Oak is out in the country, about twenty kilometres away, very peaceful.

M: Mmm, that might be a bit far out actually. Can you tell me a bit about the two in the city centre?

W: Carlton House is quite unusual — it's a very old building that was originally a large private house. It was newly opened, but it has already got an excellent reputation. The Bridge is a much more modern building. It also has its own gym, internet connection and meeting rooms.

M: Does it have a swimming pool as well as a gym?

W: Yes, it has an outdoor pool, which is lovely in the summer, but Carlton House has an indoor pool. It doesn't have a gym though.

M: I see. Well, I will go for the Bridge Hotel.

Text 10

Hi, there. I'm Kyra and I'm a member of the local badminton club. I'm here to tell you all about the club, and hopefully find a few new members.

Regular badminton sessions are held every Wednesday evening at the Sportsworld Centre. But next Sunday we're holding what's known as a "starter" session. Now this isn't a normal session and nor is it a training session — instead it's a chance for new members to come along, have a game and see if they like the sport. So why not come along and find out what it's all about? There's nothing to pay. You should just wear comfortable clothes and sports shoes. If you do decide to join the badminton club, then you'll pay an annual fee of thirty-five pounds. Membership of Sportsworld, with access to certain equipment at the centre usually costs forty-five pounds, but it's included in the badminton club membership for new members — so that's really good value for money. This gives you, among other things, free use of the gym, but not the swimming pool. The swimming pool costs seventy-five pounds every year. All our regular sessions are held at Sportsworld, although matches are sometimes held elsewhere.

Keys: 1—5. BCCAB, 6—10. BAACA, 11—15. BBCCA, 16—20. BCCAB.

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【篇章导读】本文是一篇应用文,主要介绍了四本“生态文学”作品。

21. B 【解析】细节理解题。根据文章第二本书 *The Overstory* by Richard Powers 中的介绍 *The Overstory* sets out with nine distinctive characters — which represent the “roots” of trees. 可知,这本书会让读者意识到树是有生命的。

22. A 【解析】细节理解题。根据题干中的 Animal 定位到文中第四本书 *Animal's People* by Indra Sinha,再结合里面的介绍 The main character in the novel, Animal, is a 19-year-old orphaned boy who survives the explosion with a disabled body. 可知,Animal 是一个受害者。

23. C 【解析】细节理解题。根据第一段 Reading some environmental literature — sometimes called “eco-literature” — can give us the opportunity to think about the world around us in different ways. 并结合四本书的内容可以看出,这四本书都是直接或间接地关注环境问题。

【篇章导读】本文是一篇报道,主要介绍了 Ghina Ghaliya 在疫情期间通过收集破旧手机来帮助那些贫穷地区的孩子们利用手机进行网上学习的故事。

24. B 【解析】细节理解题。根据第一段 The man asked if she had an old mobile phone his children could use to get on the internet. 可知,他很重视孩子的学习。

25. C 【解析】细节理解题。根据第二段 Ghaliya works for a national newspaper 可知,Ghina Ghaliya 是一位媒体人。

26. B 【解析】态度意图题。根据文中第三段 When the journalists announced their campaign through social media, they had collected more than 200 mobile phones and donations of more than \$ 35,000. 可知,人们在得知这项活动后积极捐赠,说明人们对此活动很认可,很热心。

27. A 【解析】推理判断题。最后两段以两个孩子为例,说明了这个活动的积极意义,A 选项的意思为:再怎么赞扬这项活动都不为过。

【篇章导读】本文是一篇调查报告,主要介绍了世界粮食系统与全球变暖有关,为了子孙后代,从自身做起,关注我们的粮食系统。

28. C 【解析】段落主旨题。根据第一段我们可以看出,本段主要介绍了与粮食有关的全球变暖的原因。

29. D 【解析】词义猜测题。根据第二段可知,来自明尼苏达大学和英国牛津大学的研究人员预测,即使现在停止化石燃料排放,世界粮食系统的排放也不可能达到当前的国际气候变化目标。

30. A 【解析】推理判断题。根据最后一段 And if people wasted less food — at home, in restaurants or by getting it to people in poorer countries — emissions could be cut by about 360 billion metric tons. 可知,无论是在家还是在饭店都要减少食物浪费,因此加入光盘行动就是具体的行为。

31. B 【解析】主旨大意题。文章主要介绍了世界粮食生产与全球变暖有关,为了子孙后代,从自身做起,关注我们的食物生产体制。

【篇章导读】本文是一篇调查报告,调查发现美国许多塑料垃圾没有被很好地处理。

32. A 【解析】细节理解题。根据第一段内容可知,2.4%到4.7%的塑料垃圾被丢弃在陆上,河流,湖泊和海洋中。

33. D 【解析】推理判断题。根据第二段 “it would pile as high as the Empire State Building.” 可知,Jenna Jambeck 的话目的在于说明塑料垃圾污染的严重性。

34. C 【解析】细节理解题。根据文章第三段 That is because the U. S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) only documents what goes into official parts of the waste processing system, such as landfills and recycling centers. 可知,这是因为美国环境保护局只记录了垃圾处理系统中官方公布的部分,比如垃圾填埋场和回收中心,即它忽视了其他塑料垃圾的处理方式。

35. B 【解析】细节理解题。根据最后一段 This includes spending money on updating recycling technology and creating new business models that support reduced waste. 可知,这包括投入资金更新回收技术和创造新的商业模式,以支持减少垃圾。

【篇章导读】本文是一篇说明文,主要介绍了三种方法让“我们”远离社交媒体,回归现实生活。关注北京高考在线官方微信:北京高考资讯(ID:bj-gaokao),获取更多试题资料及排名分析信息。

36. D 【解析】根据上文 No doubt it is the simplest and fastest way to get in touch with friends 及其下文 Here are simple ways which you can use to disconnect from social media and connect with life again 可知,此处承上启下,上文肯定社交媒体的优点,下文给出如何远离社交媒体,此处介绍社交媒体的缺点。
37. G 【解析】根据本段的主旨 Stop using social media 1 hour before going to sleep 可知,睡前一小时停止使用社交媒体,这样可以保证睡眠并且不用担心网络上发生的事情。
38. C 【解析】根据上一句话 There are many people who keep using their phones even while they're working 可知,许多人上班期间使用社交媒体,这样就会影响他们的注意力。
39. B 【解析】根据下文 That is why you should just use one of them for using social media apps 可知,本段主要介绍使用一种设备在社交媒体上获取信息。
40. E 【解析】结合上文 That is why you should just use one of them for using social media apps 可知,这样做的好处就是减少在社交媒体上的时间。

【篇章导读】这是一篇记叙文,作者通过讲述自己的经历,分享了凡事不容易的生活哲理。

41. C 【解析】根据下文 54 空所在句子可知,祖父想表达的是凡事都不容易。
42. D 【解析】根据前半句 I tried to complete my day's work, 可知作者是不经意间碰巧看见了。happen to do 表示“碰巧,恰巧”。
43. B 【解析】根据下文 44 空后的 remained 可知,此处作者是想把这只 bee 赶走。
44. C 【解析】此空与上文形成对比,作者原以为不超过 5 分钟就能把蜜蜂赶走,结果一小时过去了,它“仍然”停留在那儿。
45. A 【解析】根据上文可知,作者花了一小时来 remove the bee, 结果蜜蜂没有赶走,却把房间弄得很乱。
46. B 【解析】根据句中“I was dizzy from looking up into...”可知,因为抬头看某个东西,我有点头晕目眩,能造成这种影响并且在上方的自然是日光了。
47. C 【解析】此空修饰 insect,即上文提到的蜜蜂。
48. A 【解析】此空呼应首句,通过这件小事,我明白了祖父的意思。
49. B 【解析】根据下文的 negative 可知,此空应与之对比指积极的方面,in one's favor“有利于某人”。
50. D 【解析】与前半句 often 形成对比,此空应指“很少”。
51. A 【解析】根据句首的 However 可知,此空指真实的生活并不一定会按照我们计划的那样进行。
52. C 【解析】根据上文提到的事情并不总是按照我们计划的那样进行,并且这非常正常,那么我们感觉甚至一件简单的事情有时候也会有挑战,就完全能接受的了。
53. D 【解析】此空呼应上文的 completely normal,指这很正常,因为是生活的一部分,故选 D。
54. B 【解析】词汇复现,呼应上文的 acceptable 和 59 空所在句子的 accepting。
55. C 【解析】如果你能接受凡事不易,你就会做好心理准备,那么就会感觉生活似乎比较好应付一些了。
56. B 【解析】既然是中学,那自然是想选的课程了。
57. D 【解析】根据下文的 wrong 可知,现实与作者所想有出入,故选 D,表转折。
58. C 【解析】根据语境可知,作者的计划都落空了,那自然是很失望了。
59. B 【解析】在接受了上学不是件容易的事儿后,结果作者发觉自己有了更积极的态度,并且成绩提高了。
60. A 【解析】最后一句总结全文,点名主题:凡事不易,也许我们不能预见未来路上的“蜜蜂”,但我们总能拿出额外的时间去 catch it。

【篇章导读】本文主要介绍了中国北斗导航系统的普及及其强大。

61. developed

【解析】考查过去分词。此处为过去分词作前置定语修饰后面的 Beidou satellite navigation system。

62. or

【解析】考查连词。此处 or 表示解释关系。

63. which

【解析】考查定语从句。此处 which 引导非限制性定语从句,并在定语从句中充当主语,指代前面主句的

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内容。

64. officially

【解析】考查词性转换。此处副词修饰动词。

65. highest

【解析】考查形容词最高级。根据其前的定冠词 the 和其后的限定成分 of all 可知, 此处应用最高级。

66. to provide

【解析】考查不定式。此处动词不定式作后置定语, 修饰其前的抽象名词 the ability。

67. has promoted

【解析】考查时态。此处为“it is the first time that+其他”句型, 根据句型中的 be 的时态确定 that 从句中的时态。如果 be 为 is, that 句型中应用现在完成时态。

68. application

【解析】考查词性转换。根据其前的名词所有格可知, 此处应用名词。

69. services

【解析】考查名词复数。根据语境可知此处应用名词的复数。

70. forming

【解析】考查非谓语动词。此处为现在分词作状语, 表结果。

短文改错

Dear Jimmy,

I am delighted that you are interesting in ancient Chinese poetry and that you will take a part in the Tang
interested

Poetry Recital Competition for Foreigners. As for the poem, I high recommend Jing Ye Si, that is typical
highly which
of Tang Poems.

My recommendation is based on the following reason. First of all, it enjoys great popularity in China. A
reasons so
it will appeal for the audience very soon. Plus, the lines are simple, which is easy for you to recite in a short
to are
time. At the same time, the rhyme and rhythm will make your learning process pleasant and comfortable. I am
convinced that I will stand out among all the competitors.
you

I sincerely hope my recommendation can be of great helpful and wish you a wonderful performance.
help

Yours,
Li Hua

书面表达

书面表达评分细则

书面表达各档次的给分范围和要求:

第五档(很好)(21~25分):

1. 完全完成了试题规定的任务。
2. 覆盖所有内容要点。
3. 应用了较多的语法结构和词汇。
4. 语法结构或词汇方面有些许错误, 但为尽力使用较复杂结构或较高级词汇所致; 具备较强的语言运用能力。
5. 有效地使用了语句间的连接成分, 使全文结构紧凑。
6. 完全达到了预期的写作目的。

第四档(好)(16~20分):

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1. 完全完成了试题规定的任务。
2. 虽漏掉 1、2 个次重点,但覆盖所有主要内容。
3. 应用的语法结构和词汇能满足任务的要求。
4. 语法结构或词汇方面应用基本准确,些许错误主要是因尝试较复杂语法结构或词汇所致。
5. 应用简单的语句间的连接成分,使全文结构紧凑。
6. 达到了预期的写作目的。

第三档(适当)(11~15分):

1. 基本完成了试题规定的任务。
2. 虽漏掉一些内容,但覆盖所有主要内容。
3. 应用的语法结构和词汇能满足任务的要求。
4. 有一些语法结构或词汇方面的错误,但不影响理解。
5. 应用简单的语句间的连接成分,使全文内容连贯。
6. 整体而言,基本达到了预期的写作目的。

第二档(较差)(6~10分):

1. 未恰当完成试题规定的任务。
2. 漏掉或未描述清楚一些主要内容,写了一些无关内容。
3. 语法结构单调、词汇项目有限。
4. 有一些语法结构或词汇方面的错误,影响了对写作内容的理解。
5. 较少使用语句间的连接成分,内容缺少连贯性。
6. 信息未能清楚地传达给读者。

第一档(差)(1~5分):

1. 未完成试题规定的任务。
2. 明显遗漏主要内容,写了一些无关内容,原因可能是未理解试题要求。
3. 语法结构单调、词汇项目有限。
4. 较多语法结构或词汇方面的错误,影响对写作内容的理解。
5. 缺乏语句间的连接成分,内容不连贯。
6. 信息未能传达给读者。

不得分(0分):

1. 未能传达给读者任何信息:内容太少,无法评判。
2. 写的内容均与所要求内容无关或所写内容无法看清。

One possible version:

A Proud Event

2020 saw countless significant events around the world. The event that I take pride in is that our country has contained the spread of Covid-19.

At the beginning of 2020, a serious disease was found in Wuhan. In the toughest period, our government took effective and immediate measures to fight the disease. We Chinese people were united as one to face the infectious disease. So far, not only have we defeated the disease but we have also provided generous help to the people in other countries. Now our country enjoys great popularity with the whole world.

This is the proudest event that I have experienced. Now I am convinced that our motherland is becoming greater and greater.

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关于我们

北京高考在线创办于 2014 年，隶属于北京太星网络科技有限公司，是北京地区极具影响力的中学升学服务平台。主营业务涵盖：北京新高考、高中生涯规划、志愿填报、强基计划、综合评价招生和学科竞赛等。

北京高考在线旗下拥有网站门户、微信公众平台等全媒体矩阵生态平台。平台活跃用户 40W+，网站年度流量数千万量级。用户群体立足于北京，辐射全国 31 省市。

北京高考在线平台一直秉承“精益求精、专业严谨”的建设理念，不断探索“K12 教育+互联网+大数据”的运营模式，尝试基于大数据理论为广大中学和家长提供新鲜的高考资讯、专业的高考政策解读、科学的升学规划等，为广大高校、中学和教科研单位提供“衔接和桥梁纽带”作用。

平台自创办以来，为众多重点大学发现和推荐优秀生源，和北京近百所中学达成合作关系，累计举办线上线下升学公益讲座数百场，帮助数十万考生顺利通过考入理想大学，在家长、考生、中学和社会各界具有广泛的口碑影响力

未来，北京高考在线平台将立足于北京新高考改革，基于对北京高考政策研究及北京高校资源优势，更好的服务全国高中家长和学生。



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