2021北京朝阳初三二模

语 英

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		学校	班级			MM	
	考	1.本试卷共8页。流	满分60分。考i	式时间90分钟。			
	生	2.在试卷和答题卡	上认真填写学	校名称、班级、	姓名和考号。		
	须 3.试题答案一律填涂或书写在答题卡上,在试卷上作答无效。						
	知 4.在答题卡上,选择题用2B铅笔作答,其他试题用黑色字迹签字笔作答。						
		5.考试结束,请将	本试卷、答题	[卡一并交回。			
	7	9		知识运用(共14	4分)		
一、单项	填空	(共6分,每小题0.5	5分)				
从下	列各是	题所给的A、B、C、	D四个选项中	r,选择可以填 <i>。</i>	入空白处的最佳选习	页。	
1. Mary's	parent	s are managers and _	work in a	big hotel.			
A. I		B. you		C. we	D. they		
2. Mr. Sm	nith and	l his wife went to Lo	ondon pla	ne yesterday.			
A. by		B. in		C. on	D. at		12/3
3. Sam die	dn't go	to school he ha	ad a fever.			Www.9k	Con
A. or		B. so		C. because	D. but		2014.
4. We	_ stop v	when the traffic light	t is red.			1 1 N.9K	
A. ma	ay	B. must		C. can	D. could	NNV	
5. ——Ex	xcuse n	ne, are the pota	toes?				
7	They a	e 7 yuan a kilo.					
A. ho		B. how mu		C. how long	D. how ma	any	
		oort is, football,	basketball or,	volleyball?			
		oall, I think.	S.C.	01			
	erestin		202	B. more interest			
		resting		D. the most inter	resting		
7. Daming		books with his father			D 1	.1	
A. rea		B. read		C. is reading	D. has read	1	
8. Don't n	nake ai	ny noise, Jim! Your	iittie sister	now.			

A. sleeps	B. slept	C. is sleeping	D. will sleep		
9. We each other since 2011, but we send emails very often.					
A. don't see	B. haven't seen	C. didn't see	D. won't see		
10. Mr. Zhang met an old friend when he down the street yesterday afternoon.					
A. walks	B. is walking	C. was walking	D. will walk		
11. A new international airport in the city last year.					
A. builds	B. built	C. is built	D. was, built		
12.—Could you tell me?					
——She lives near Chaoyang Park.					
A. where Ms. Lin lives B. where Ms. Lin will live					
C. where does Ms. L	in live	D. where will Ms. Lin li	ve		
二、完形填空(共8分,每小题1分)					
——She lives near Chaoyang Park. A. where Ms. Lin lives B. where Ms. Lin will live C. where does Ms. Lin live D. where will Ms. Lin live					

The Skateboarder

通读下面的短文,掌握其大意,然后从短文后各题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中,选择最佳选项。



school with their skateboards.

skateboard

Near Hannah's house there's a new skatepark. A lot of young people in the town go there after

These days Hannah often goes there with her cousin Justin. With the new skatepark, she's very interested in skateboarding. The only thing is-Hannah has no <u>13</u>!

Sometimes Justin asks Hannah, "Hey, do you want to get on my skateboard?" So she does-but not for long. She doesn't want to fall off in front of everybody. Justin is a good skateboarder. He can do a lot of tricks(技巧), Hannah thinks, "I want to jump and do tricks, too. My <u>14</u> is coming. Maybe I can talk to Mom and Dad."

On Hannah's birthday morning, she opens her presents excitedly. There's a big present from her parents. "Wow! A skateboard! Thanks! I have my skateboard now. So I can do more." Hannah says <u>15</u>.

That weekend, Hannah takes her new skateboard to the skatepark with Justin. Hannah is excited. They begin skateboarding. Justin does a trick. "Maybe I can jump now," Hannah thinks. She goes faster and jumps—but she falls off her skateboard. When she is on the ground, somebody laughs. "Oh, no! This is <u>16</u>! No more skateboarding for me!" she thinks. She gets up quickly and <u>17</u>.

The next day, Hannah sees a woman sitting on the grass with her baby boy. The little boy is trying to stand. "Good boy, Michael," his mother says, "Stand up now." Michael stands up slowly. He takes one little step and falls down. "Don't cry. Try again." his mother says. Michael stops crying. He takes his mother's hand, and stands up again. Hannah <u>18</u> them for five minutes. "He doesn't stop falling. But it doesn't matter," Hannah thinks.

One Saturday afternoon, Hannah goes to the skatepark with Justin. At the skatepark, Justin says, "Everybody falls off sometimes." "Sure, how do you do that trick? I want to 19 it." "Put your right foot here, then push with your left foot." "OK." Hannah says, "I need some more practice." "You' re a(n) 20 skateboarder now, Hannah," Justin tells her quietly.

13. A. skateboard	B. homework	C. shoes	D. time
14. A. holiday	B. birthday	C. party	D. trip
15. A. worriedly	B. patiently	C. carefully	D. hotly
16. A. easy	B. cold	C. awful	D. weak
17. A. laughs	B. leaves	C. stops	D. waits
18. A. calls	B. thanks	C. greets	D. watches
19. A. learn	B. prepare	C. share	D. change
20. A. common	B. unusual	C. real	D. experienced

阅读理解(共36分)

三、阅读下列短文,根据短文内容,从短文后各题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中,选择最佳选项。(共26分,每小题2分)

A

Games	Users' Opinions
FIFA FIFA	This is a great game! It has many famous football players. You can choose different teams and have completely different games. I wish the designs and the sound effects were a bit clearer.
Crazy Racing	It's my favourite! Super designs and lots of ways of car driving game. And love the two drivers! But the sound effects need to be improved!
Robot Rabbit	The rabbit is nice. It looks like a kid's dancing game, but it's actually very challenging. I don't like many of the designs, but the music and sound effects are really good.
Mesalifi Man	The character's OK, but what he does isn't very interesting. I soon get bored with the action game. It is too easy. But the music is really nice!

21. Which game will you choose if you like playing football?

A. FIFA.

C. Megalift Man.

D. Crazy Racing.

22. Crazy Racing is probably a(n) ____.

A. action game B. dancing game

C. football game D. car driving game

23. Users enjoy the music in _

A. FIFA and Crazy Racing B Robot Rabbit and Megalift Man

C. NIFA and Robot Rabbit. D. Crazy Racing and Megalift Man

В

or. With a round face, short hair and a big nose, my dad is a hardworking worker in a factory in Beijing. He is very serious, but I know that everything he does is for the benefit of our family. He likes playing football, just like me. We always talk about football and play it together on weekends.

A few days ago, something interesting happened at home. It was a sunny Sunday and my dad didn't go to work. After lunch, my dad was asleep and I felt a little bit bored Suddenly, I had a funny idea. I decided to draw on my dad's face while he was sleeping to surprise him and make him laugh.

I took four colored pens and walked into my father's room quietly, trying not to make a sound. Then, I slowly drew on his face with my yellow, blue, red and green pens. It took me about 10 minutes to finish my dad's "makeup", but it didn't wake him up.

Then I went back into the living room and pretended(假装) to watch TV. About half an hour later, my dad woke up, looked at himself in the mirror and asked me, "Am I the coolest Dad in the world?" It really made us laugh. Fathers don't necessarily have to be serious all the time.

Now I live at school, and I really miss the little tricks I like to play on him. Fathers play important roles in our mental development. To kids, the name of father is another name for love. As the old saying goes,, "A father's love is like a mountain."

24. What do they always do together on weekends?

A. Watch TV. B. Draw pictures. C. Play football.

25. What did the writer do when his father was asleep?

A. He woke his father up.

C. He laughed at his father.

D. He gave his father colored pens her?

3. Fact

26. Which of the following can best describe the writer's father?

A. Serious but humorous sometimes.

B. Easygoing and attractive

C. Creative but emotional sometimes.

D. Hardworking and confident.

C



Rubik's Cube

At 29, Rubik created a toy that became a global(全球的)hit and an icon(象征物)of the 1980s—

the Rubik's Cube, one of the world's most successful puzzles.

He thought of the idea in 1974, when Rubik was a professor of architecture(建筑学). In an effort to help students make out three-dimensional(三维的)problems, he tried to build a set of cubes that stayed together but could also move separately. Finally he came up with a six-sided structure with nine interlocking cubes on each side. He painted each side a different colour. But after he twisted(扭转)it, he realized that he could not easily return it to its first state.

In the end, it took him a month to solve the problem. He realized it was more than a teaching tool—that it might be a toy with commercial potential(潜在商机). The Rubik's Cube was born, and it is considered as an icon of logical(合逻辑的) thinking, a way of life. He patented(申请专利)his creation in 1975, By 1979, Rubik had sold 300000, and the following year he was offered the chance to take his invention to a toy fair in New York. From there, it spread across the world, with some 100 million Rubik's Cubes being sold in only three years (not to mention tens of millions of knock-offs that can be hardy differentiated from the real ones). Millions of global fans showed great interest in it in the early 1980s. Up to now more than 450 million have been sold.

Rubik was thankful for the widespread acceptance of his creation. Even today, people fight in global "speedcubing" competitions to shorten the record time for solving the puzzle, which now stands at 3.47 seconds.

Rubik loved puzzles as a child, and studied sculpture, architecture and the applied arts before becoming a university professor. After he got the global fame(名声), people were amazed on the fact that the man who had invented the world's most popular toy was still in his position.

When he was asked if he thought the Cube would have been received differently if it had been created in the age of computer games and mobile phones, he answered, "The Cube is between two big worlds: one is the digital(数字的)world, the other is the real one, and the Cube is on the border."

the other is the real one, and the Cube is on the border."					
27.	27. Why did Rubik build a set of cubes at first?				
	A. To satisfy his boyish nature	В. Т	o invent a successful puzzle.		
	C. To help students' learning.	. To get hin	nself global fame.		
28.	28. The word "knock-offs" in Paragraph 3 probably means "".				
	A. copied cubes B. lovely	cubes	C. different cubes D. waste cubes		
29.	29. From the passage, we can know that				
	A. Rubik's hobby and learning experiences enabled him to create the Rubik's Cube				
	B. Rubik thought his invention would be beaten	by the new i	nventions nowadays		
	C. Rubik became a businessman after the Rubik's Cube became a global hit				
	D. Rubik found it difficult to create the Rubik's Cube all by himself				
30.	30. Which of the following sentences shows Rubik's Cube is still popular?				
	A. Rubik got the worldwide fame				
	B. The Rubik's Cube is an icon of creation.				
	C. The Rubik's Cube may replace digital games				

D

D. Global "speedcubing" competitions are still held today.

You can understand how to speak and understand speech during your first few years of life. No one taught you how to do it. Learning to read and write took a lot more effort. Reading doesn't come naturally to people, but most of us have learned how. Eighty-six percent of the world's population is literate(有读写能力的), and the number has been increasing for centuries. Literacy makes it possible to make a world filled with books, websites, text messages, road signs, and more.

But the world of information is changing. Why send a long letter or text when you can share photos or videos instead? Why learn from a book when you can learn from a video online or practice a skill in virtual(虚拟的)reality? Why read magazines when you can listen to podcasts(播客)?

Could a growing number of people take part in today's world without reading or writing at all? Technology makes it possible. Most of our devices(设备)now talk to us and take spoken commands(指令). Smart cars ask where we will go and then give directions. Software can also read text aloud or turn speech into text. These interactions aren't perfect-the software still makes silly mistakes. But it's getting better and better. It's possible to imagine a future world where all of our communication with our devices and each other is spoken.

But reading and writing are powerful tools. For one, most people read faster than they speak. A podcaster or audio book teller speaks at around 150 to 160 words per minute, while a strong reader can read through a text at 300 to 400 words per minute. That's twice as fast! Research has also found that people remember more information and stay more interested when they read as compared to listening.

Learning to read also creates new connections in the brain. With the invention of reading, human beings rearranged the very organization of our brain, which in turn expanded(扩张) the ways we were able to think, which changed the intellectual evolution(智力进化) of our human beings. Would we really choose to give up that progress?

What do you think? Do you hope people keep on reading and writing, or will technology make literacy out of date?

NNN

- 31.From the passage, we know that .
 - A. reading can slow down the evolution of brain
 - B. most of the devices can react to people's spoken orders
 - C. fewer and fewer people are having a chance to get educated
 - D. listening helps people remember more information and stay more interested
- 32. The writer probably agrees that
 - A. people like magazines better than podcasts
 - B. people are born to be able to read and write
 - C. the invention of smart devices can rearrange our brain
 - D. reading and writing are more important than listening and speaking
- 33. Which of the following would be the best title for the passage?

- A. Will humans of the future rearrange the brain?
- B. Will humans of the future expand the ways to think?
- C. Will humans of the future know how to read and write?
- D. Will humans of the future depend on the technological devices?
- 四、阅读短文,根据短文内容回答问题。(共10分,每小题2分)

Humor

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If you see humor as a certain form of entertainment(娱乐)that people are able to choose or not, you're missing some of its biggest benefits: Humor makes average-looking(外表普通的) people look cute and uninleresting people seem entertaining, Studies show that a good sense of humor even makes you seem smarter.

Best of all, humor raises your energy, and that can have an effect on everything you do at school, at work, or in your personal life. The increase energy will even make you more willing to exercise, and hat will raise your total energy even more.

Humor also transports your mind away from your daily troubles. Humor lets you better understand life arid sometimes helps you laugh at even the worst of your problems.

In my experience, most people think they have a sense of humor, and to some degree that's true. But not all senses of humor are created the same as other people and therefore I thought it would be useful to include some humor tips for everyday life.

◆ Not trying to be a joke teller.

You don't have to be the joke teller in the group in order to show your sense of humor. You can be the one who directs the conversation to fun topics that are ripe(成熟的) for others to add humor. Every party needs a straight person. You'll appear fun and funny by association(交往).

◆Effort counts a lot.

When it comes to in-person humor, effort is treated as a necessary part. When people see you trying to be funny, it frees them to try it themselves. So even if your own efforts at humor fall short, you might be freeing the long kept humor in others. People need to be allowed to be funny in social settings because there's always a risk that comes with humor. For inperson humor, whether it is humorous or not isn't as important as you might think. Your attitude and effort mean a lot.

Some people—and I was one of them—believe that humorous complaints about the little problems of life make humor, and sometimes that is true. However, the problem comes when you start doing too much complaint-based humor. One funny observation(观察)about problem in your life can be funny, but five is just complaining, no matter how smart you think you are.

- 34. What will make you more willing to exercise according to the passage?
- 35. Are all senses of humor created the same as other people in the writer's experience?

- 36. How can you show your sense of humor in the group?
- 37. Why do people need to be allowed to be funny in social settings?
- 38. What is the passage mainly about?

书面表达(共10分)

五、文段表达(10分)

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题目①

假如你是李华,你校的手拉手国际学校的学生下周末将要来访。你校正在招募接待国际学生的志愿者,陪他 们度过周末。你想成为志愿者,请用英语给活动负责人李老师写一封申请信,在信中说明你的申请理由,以及你 打算为他们安排哪些周末活动。

提示词语: friendly, climb the Great Wall, Chinese culture, traditional food

提示问题: Why would you like to be a volunteer?

·What do you plan to do during the weekend?

Dear Mr. Li,

I'd like to be the volunteer.

I'm sure to be the right person and I'd be thankful if I could get this chance.

Yours,

Li Hua

题目②

2020年是不平凡的一年,我们战胜了疫情。在2021年新年贺词中。习近平主席说: "平凡铸就伟大,英雄来自 人民。每个人都了不起!"

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某英文网站正在开展以"每个人都了不起"为主题的征文活动。假如你是李华,请用英语写一篇短文投稿,谈 谈你做了哪些了不起的事,你将如何让自己变得更好。

提示词语: online lessons, housework, donate (捐赠), make progress

提示问题: ·What did you do to make you feel proud of yourself?

·How will you become a better person?

China achieved success in controlling COVID-19. Everyone is great.

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关于我们

北京高考在线创办于 2014 年,隶属于北京太星网络科技有限公司,是北京地区极具影响力的中学升学服务平台。主营业务涵盖:北京新高考、高中生涯规划、志愿填报、强基计划、综合评价招生和学科竞赛等。

北京高考在线旗下拥有网站门户、微信公众平台等全媒体矩阵生态平台。平台活跃用户 40W+,网站年度流量数千万量级。用户群体立足于北京、辐射全国 31 省市。

北京高考在线平台一直秉承"精益求精、专业严谨"的建设理念,不断探索"K12教育+互联网+大数据"的运营模式,尝试基于大数据理论为广大中学和家长提供新鲜的高考资讯、专业的高考政策解读、科学的升学规划等,为广大高校、中学和教科研单位提供"衔接和桥梁纽带"作用。

平台自创办以来,为众多重点大学发现和推荐优秀生源,和北京近百所中学达成合作关系,累计举办线上线下升学公益讲座数百场,帮助数十万考生顺利通过考入理想大学,在家长、考生、中学和社会各界具有广泛的口碑影响力

未来,北京高考在线平台将立足于北京新高考改革,基于对北京高考政策研究及北京高校资源优势,更好的服务全国高中家长和学生。





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