

2017 北京新高一分班考试模拟试题(英语)

本试卷共 8 页,共 100 分。考试时长 90 分钟。考生务必将答案答在答题卡上,在试卷上作答无效。

	第一部分	: 知识运用(共两节	50分)
第一节:单项填空(共2	0 小题;每小题 1 分,	共 20 分)	
从每题所给的 A、B	、C、D 四个选项中,	选出可以填入空白处	的最佳选项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。
1. Take an umbrella with y			
A. and			D. so
2. Laura isn't doing	now. Maybe she ca	n help clean the windo	W.
	B. anything		
3. Don't touch anything un	less you to.		
A. were told	B. will be told	C. are told	D. told
4. The family wanted their	kid to have		
A. the best	B. good		
5. Japan lies the			
	B. to; on		D. to; in
6 on the true sto			
A. Basing; being wat	ch		
C. Based; to watch	· · ·	D. Basing; to watch	
7Are you free tomorrow		the state of the s	
Sorry, I an A. will attend		-	
		C. am attending	D. will be attending
8. Jim be at hom A. can't			D. shouldn't
9 your head and			D. shouldin t
A. Using			D Having used
10. I prefer to writing			•
		C. /; the	
11 Who's that at the do		,	
is the pos			
A. He		C. That	D. It
12 the team we	e hungry and tired, the	y still insisted on finish	ning the work first.
A. Since		-	D. Because
13. In the past few years, E	Beijing great	achievements in enviro	onment protection.
A. has made	B. had made	C. was making	D. is making
14. She is shy girl,	_ she is not afraid of an	ything or anyone.	
A. so	B. but	C. or	D. as
15. Lunar August 15 is the	day which we	e watch the moon and e	eat mooncake.
A. in	B. for	C. by	D. on
16 How is your life in t	he countryside?		
It is but s	ometimes I feel a bit		
A. interested; boring		B. interesting; boring	
C. interesting; bored		D. interested; bored	
17How do you like the	book?		
It's quite different fro			
A. that	B. which	C. /	D. what
官方微	言公众号:bj-gaok	kao	咨询热线:010-5751 5980
官方网站	站:www.gaokzx.o	com	微信客服:gaokzx2018

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18.	There is a river	around our hometow	vn.	
	A. to run	B. run	C. running	D. be running
19. Our headmaster is to give us a report on		he saw and heard	l in America.	
	A. that	B. what	C. whether	D. which
20. He left home two weeks ago and we		s ago and we	from him since.	
	A. didn't hear	B. hadn't heard	C. won't hear	D. haven't heard

第二节:完形填空(共20小题;每小题1.5分,共30分)

阅读下面短文,掌握其大意,从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中,选出最佳选项,并在答题卡上将该项涂 黑。

On the twelfth birthday of mine, my family and friends threw a big party for celebration. My parents put a small package into my hands. When I opened it, I couldn't believe my eyes. It was a cell phone I

<u>21</u> most!

"Alice", my father said, "we knew this was going to make you 22. We give you this because you turned twelve, and you are doing well in school. We expect you to keep getting good 23."

"Of course I will!" I said <u>24</u>.

As soon as I got to school the next morning I was showing 25 my phone and busied myself on it. It felt like I didn't even 26 in that class anymore. I wouldn't pay much attention to the 27. Bad luck didn't fall until we took a test a week later and I 28. To make matters 29, my parents had to sign the test.

It was hard to show my parents the test. They were used to seeing A's and B's on my tests. They were angry and then we 30 every day about why phones are bad for us.

A week later I tried <u>31</u> a whole day without a cell phone and it didn't go that badly. My relatives came over and invited me to <u>32</u> them. That day I had so much fun <u>33</u> I was actually spending time with my family and paying attention to them. From that day, I had a <u>34</u> opinion towards cell phones.

Phones really take you away from the rest of the world. When you use your phone you move from the

35 world to a technological world. I'm not saying that phones are 36 and not to use them, but you do have to make some time to spend with your family too and not 37 with your phone all day. My phone took away 38 from my homework and from my family. It also 39 my grades.

I will keep using my phone, but I have it under better <u>40</u> now so that it doesn't break my real life.

i will keep using my p	mone, out i nuve it und		so that it doesn
21. A. lacked	B. found	C. desired	D. thought
22. A. curious	B. happy	C. careful	D. worried
23. A. grades	B. manners	C. ideas	D. habits
24. A. rudely	B. confidently	C. proudly	D. angrily
25. A. up	B. round	C. through	D. off
26. A. exist	B. come	C. stand	D. turn
27. A. housework	B. family	C. teachers	D. classmates
28. A. regretted	B. failed	C. passed	D. missed
29. A. worse	B. easier	C. better	D. firmer
30. A. told	B. chatted	C. talked	D. argued
31. A. playing	B. studying	C. spending	D. sparing
32. A. visit	B. accept	C. help	D. join
33. A. until	B. because	C. so	D. before
34. A. different	B. good	C. special	D. strong
35. A. normal	B. boring	C. real	D. wonderful
36. A. bad	B. strange	C. necessary	D. useless
37. A. patient	B. stuck	C. strict	D. satisfied
38. A. role	B. love	C. power	D. time
39. A. affected	B. changed	C. made	D. beat
40. A. order	B. guide	C. control	D. condition



第二部分:阅读理解(共15小题;每小题2分,共30分) 阅读下列短文,从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中,选出最佳选项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

A

Grandpa's Light Show

Cameron and Grandpa were preparing for Cameron's parents to arrive for the weekend. First, they opened all the windows so the cabin would smell like the fresh ocean air. Grandpa did three loads of laundry, and Cameron helped him hang the sheets to dry on the clothesline. Then, they picked two buckets of blueberries. "Enough to turn our fingers and our tongues blue!" said Grandpa.

It was just before dinnertime when Cameron's parents arrived. They were <u>exhausted</u> from their long drive and ready to relax.

"Wait until you see what we have planned for dinner," said Cameron, hugging his parents. He gave them only a few minutes to change their clothes and unpack before he led them down the path to the beach. Grandpa had already started a small fire in the fire pit.

"I had no idea you two were such good fishermen and cooks!" said Mom when she sampled the fish and the roasted corn. "This tastes wonderful! It reminds me of summers here when I was a girl," she said, smiling and patting Grandpa on the knee.

"It gets even better, I hear," said Dad. "When's dessert?"

Mom, Dad, Grandpa, and Cameron were eating their blueberry sundaes on the porch (门廊) when streaks of green, yellow, and purple shot across the sky.

"Did you see that?" shouted Cameron jumping out of his chair. "What do you think that was? It looked like it could have been a spaceship or something!"

Mom began to laugh. "That," she said, "was the perfect ending to a perfect day."

"Those are the northern lights, Cameron," said Grandpa. "I'm so glad you got a chance to see them. Spring and fall are usually a much better time than summer to see them in Maine."

"Look, there they go again," said Dad, pointing to a flickering of pink and pale green light over the water.

"But what are they?" asked Cameron.

"I guess you could call them a colored light show in the night sky," said Grandpa. "You can only see them in the parts of the world that have high latitudes(纬度), which means the areas are closer to the poles. Tonight is a perfect night to see the northern lights because it is clear and moonless."

Cameron sat back down in his chair and picked up his bowl of ice cream. "Grandpa, I think I just might have to move to Maine. There is definitely too much to see here on just one vacation!"

41. The underlined word "exhausted" in Paragraph 2 probably meansA. tiredB. upsetC. hungryD. excited

42. We can know from the passage that .

A. Cameron's dad was brought up in Maine

B. Cameron' parents live and work near Maine

C. Cameron would move to Maine in the future

D. Cameron was excited to see the northern lights

43. What made Cameron's mother think of her childhood summers in Marine?

A. The love from Grandpa.

B. The moonless summer night.

C. The delicious blueberry sundaes.

D. The taste of the fish and the roasted corn.

44. In which season did the story probably happen?

A. Spring. B. Summer. C. Fall.

D. Winter.



B

Before you begin:

- Never use the stove without an adult's supervision.
- Always remember to keep the handle of the pan turned in so you cannot accidentally bump into it.

Homemade Applesauce		
4 medium apples	1/8 teaspoon cinnamon	
1/2 cup water	1/8 teaspoon nutmeg	
1/4cup sugar		

Here are some other things you will need: a measuring cup, teaspoon, peeler, cutting board, knife, pan, wooden spoon, and a fork or potato masher.

First, peel the apples. Have an adult help you slice (切成博片) them. (You can throw away the cores.)Then, cut the apple slices into small chunks.

Put the apple chunks in the pan with the water. Let them simmer over a medium heat for 15 minutes. Then, stir in the sugar, cinnamon, and nutmeg.

When the applesauce cools, mash the chunks with a fork or a potato masher. Serve with graham crackers or a spoonful of whipped cream. Refrigerate any applesauce you do not eat.

Baked Apples		
4 large apples	1/4 cup raisins	
1/4 cup brown sugar, firmly packed	1/4 cup chopped pecans or walnuts	
1 teaspoon cinnamon	4 teaspoons butter	
1 teaspoon nutmeg	1/2 cup apple juice or cider	

Here are some other things you will need: a measuring cup, a teaspoon, peeler, apple corer, small bowl, aluminum foil, and a baking dish.

Preheat the oven to 400F.

Peel the apples and core them. Try not to remove the whole core. Leave a little of the core at the bottom of the apple to hold the juices. Place the apples in the baking dish.

Combine the brown sugar, cinnamon, nutmeg, raisins, and nuts in a small bowl. Spoon one-fourth of the mixture into the hollow core of each apple. Top each apple with I teaspoon of butter.

Pour the apple cider or juice into the baking dish. Cover the dish with foil and bake for 25 to 30 minutes. Serve warm.

45. To make Homemade Applesauce, what should you do next after slicing the apples?

A. Peel the apples. B. Smash the chunks with a fork.

C. Put the apple slices in the pan. D. Cut the apple slices into small chunks.

C. deabc

46. Which of the following is the right order of baked apples?

c. Top each apple with butter. d. Peel the apples

B. bedca

e. Spoon the mixture into the hollow core.

A. bdeca

47. This passage mainly intends to _

A. invite to do cooking with fruit

B. teach how to become a good cook

C. create some steps about cooking apples

D. show how to make different food with apples

С

D. dcbae

Seeing the World Through Different Eyes

Today, artists can make whatever kind of art they want. A painting might be as realistic as a photograph, or it might look like smears and splashes across the canvas. Not very long ago, however, a powerful government organization in France

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decided what could and could not be considered art. A brave group of painters, called the *Impressionists*, challenged these ideas and changed art forever.

In the middle of the 1800s, France was considered the most important place in the world for art. One reason for that was the Academy, a government organization with a strict set of rules about art. To be accepted by the Academy, an artist had to be very talented. Artists also had to paint exactly the way the Academy wanted them to. How could an artist be creative if he or she was told what to create?

Each year, the Academy had an exhibition of the art they had decided was the best. In 1864, a group of artists who did not get into the show became frustrated. They felt that their paintings were not bad; the paintings were just different. After complaining to the government, these artists were given their own show. It was called the *Salon des Refuses*, which means the *exhibition of rejects*.

The Academy thought all art should look realistic. The Impressionists wanted to explore other ideas. They were more interested in trying to show movement and the bright colors of daylight. For example, if you move your hand quickly in front of your face, it looks blurry(模糊的). To the Impressionists, it was more real to show these blurry images than it was to paint a scene frozen like a photograph. It was also more interesting to show all of the different colors that occur when light hits an object like water.

By 1874, many different artists were painting in this new style, including Claude Monet. One of his paintings was titled *Impression: Sunrise*. A critic named Louis Leroy did not like these new artists. He thought their paintings looked unfinished. He used Monet's title to make fun of these painters by calling them "impressionists," meaning that they did not make real paintings, just sketches. The critics who liked these artists thought the word was just right. They began to use it in a positive way.

Some of the other Impressionists were Pierre-Auguste Renoir, Alfred Sisley, Edgar Degas, and Mary Cassatt. They thought it was more important to paint *how* they saw things, instead of just *what* they saw. Other artists around the world felt that they could have this freedom as well. Because of the Impressionists, the art world was never the same.

C. Claude Monet

- 48. We can know from the passage that _____
 - A. the Academy decided what art was
 - B. the Academy changed the old ideas
 - C. the Academy artists must be talented
 - D. the Academy artists could be creative.
- 49. The painting Impression: Sunrise belongs to _
 - A. Louis Leroy B. Mary Cassatt

D. Alfred Sisley

- 50. What is the main idea of paragraph 4?
 - A. According to the Academy, all art should look realistic.
 - B. The impressionists wanted to explore light and movement.
 - C. The impressionists were interested in showing all colors of light.
 - D. The impressionists thought painting like photograph uninteresting.
- 51. We learn from the passage that _
 - A. The government only supported the Academy.
 - B. The "Impressionists" was called by critics for fun.
 - C. The paintings of the Impressionists look unfinished.
 - D. The paintings of the Academy are about what people saw.

D



WHEN Arthur Conan Doyle created Sherlock Holmes in 1886, he would not have predicted his hero's appearance on the stamps of Nicaragua, or his role inspiring themed flash mobs(民众) in St Petersburg. Nor indeed would he have foreseen Holmes' eventual appearance in the Guinness Book of Records. But thanks in part to Holmes's international attraction, "the most portrayed character in film" is a British detective rather than a spy.

Holmes on screen shapes him in a wealth of ways. Played in the early years by the masculine(男子气概的) likes, he has been reinterpreted(重新解释) in the past five as a sexy and active action-hero and a

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Yet Holmes has once again been successfully reborn, this time in "Mr. Holmes", Bill Condon's latest film. He is now a recluse(隐士) living in Sussex with his housekeeper and her son Roger, and his bees. The narrative is a patchwork of three different timelines, allowing a direct comparison between the old and the more original Holmes that tells the detective's ageing. A man of genius is reduced to chasing the rest intelligence, and fighting against the degeneration(退化) of his abilities as much as the facts of his last case.

What sets this interpretation apart from others is that the focus shifts from the external to the internal, from the adventures to the character himself. Unlike the source material, this is not the usual pastiche of Holmes solving the unsolvable. The true story is the one the viewers watch unfold. There is an amusing film-within-a-film moment using Nicholas Rowe as "The Young Sherlock" and it gives the director the opportunity to explore the role from new angles. Historically, Holmes's attraction has been his cool way to problem and high intelligence which have led audiences to admire and amazed at his superhuman feature. In "Mr. Holmes" they are invited to go into his human side and an ailing genius' lonely decline.

After an age of fixed portraits, the refreshing view of "Mr. Holmes" successfully gives a literary god mortal. In the process, it has ended up becoming as thrilling off-screen as it is on-screen.

52. What kind of person is Holmes in the new film?

A. A sexy and active action-hero.B. A loveable sociopath.C. A recluse living with his bees.D. A superhuman with high intelligence.

53. What makes the new film different from the others?

- A. It uses new angles to solve cases.
- B. It tells more about Holmes' adventures.
- C. It focuses on Holmes' superman features.
- D. It pays more attention to Holmes' human side.

54. What does the author think of the film "Mr. Holmes"?			
A. Brilliant.	B. Acceptable.	C. Boring.	D. Awful.
55. The passage is probably taken from			
A. a travel guide	B. a scientific report	C. a film review	D. a fashion magazine



第三部分:书面表达(共20分)

刚进入高一的李华的第一份英语作业是给外教老师 Helen 写一封英语自我推荐信。假设你是李华,请根据下列 信息给老师写信。

姓名:李华 年龄:15岁
爱好:音乐、摄影;
学习:初中获得英语演讲比赛一等奖......
其他:善于与人交流;乐于助人。

注意: 1. 词数不少于 60 字。

2. 可根据内容要点适当增加细节,以使行文连贯。

3. 开头和结尾已经给出,不计入总词数。

Dear Helen,

Yours, Li Hua

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英语参考答案及评分标准

第一部分:知识运用(共两节,50分) 第一节:单项填空(共20小题;每小题1分,共20分) 11-15 DCABD 1-5 CBCAD 6-10 BDABC 16-20 CACBD 第二节:完形填空(共20小题;每小题1.5分,共30分) 21-25 CBABD 26-30 ACBAD 31-35 CDBAC 36-40 ABDAC 第二部分:阅读理解(共15小题;每小题2分,共30分) A 篇: 41-44 ADDB B篇: 45-47 DAD C 篇: 48-51 CBCD D 篇: 52-55 CDAC 第三部分:书面表达(共20分) 一、评分原则: 1. 本题总分 20 分, 按 4 个档次给分。 2. 评分时,先根据文章的内容和语言质量初步确定其档次,然后以档次的要求来衡量,确定或降低档次,最后给 分。 3. 评分时应考虑: 内容是否完整, 条理是否清楚, 交际是否得体, 语言是否准确。 4. 拼写、标点符号或书写影响内容表达时,应视其影响程度予以考虑。英、美拼写及词汇用法均可以接受。 5. 词数少于 60, 从总分中减去 1 分。 二、内容要点:1. 概括介绍 2. 爱好和其他 3. 英语优秀 4. One possible version: Dear Helen,

I'm Li Hua, a boy of fifteen, a new student in your English class. I like music, especially classical music. I'm also interested in photography because it allows me to record the beautiful moments in my life. Through my hobbies, I've made many friends. In fact, I like meeting new people and enjoy talking with them. For my English learning, I am a fanatic. Reading English books is my favorite every day. And I also love chatting with friends in English due to my outgoing personality. In my experience, these two things above are the most beneficial ways to learning English well. I got a lot of prizes in English competitions in my junior high school. For example, I was awarded the first prize in English Speaking Contest. And I always win the top five in the class every test.

Thinking that you will give us many lectures on English speaking countries and their cultures, I am looking forward to taking your class. I am also sure I will be very active to join in your class activities and make friends with you.

Yours Li Hua