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秘密★启封并使用完毕前【考试时间：2022年10月19日下午15:00-17:00】

南充市高 2023 届高考适应性考试（零诊）

英语试题

本试卷分为试题卷和答题卡两部分，其中试题卷共 12 页，答题卡共 2 页。满分 150 分，考试时间 120 分钟。

注意事项：

1. 答题前，考生务必将自己的姓名、准考证号填写在答题卡上。
2. 选出每小题答案后，用铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动，用橡皮擦干净后，再选涂其他答案标号。不能答在本试卷上，否则无效。
3. 考试结束后将答题卡收回。

第一部分 听力(共两节，满分 30 分)

回答听力部分时，先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后，你将有两分钟的时间将你的答案转涂到答题卡上。

第一节（共 5 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 7.5 分）

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后，你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

例：How much is the shirt?

A. £ 19.15.

B. £ 9.18.

C. £ 9.15.

答案是 C。

1. What is the man's problem?

A. He can't find an apartment.

B. He can't get a hot shower.

C. He can't make a phone call.

2. Why doesn't the woman sell her paintings?

A. She doesn't think she is talented enough.

B. She doesn't care about making money.

C. She doesn't know how to begin.

“零诊”英语试卷第 1 页（共 12 页）

关注北京高考在线官方微信：[北京高考资讯\(微信号:bjgkzx\)](#)，获取更多试题资料及排名分析信息。

3. What will the woman do to give the man the password?

- A. Email it to his computer.
- B. Send him a text message.
- C. Write it down on a piece of paper.

4. What are the speakers mainly talking about?

- A. A baby.
- B. A dog.
- C. A cat.

5. How is the woman probably feeling?

- A. Confident.
- B. Unsure.
- C. Worried.

第二节 (共 15 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前, 你将有时间阅读各个小题, 每小题 5 秒钟; 听完后, 各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料, 回答第 6、7 题。

6. Where does the conversation probably take place?

- A. In a car park.
- B. At a museum.
- C. At the speakers' house.

7. What does the man offer to do for the woman?

- A. Give her a ride.
- B. Lend her his phone.
- C. Clean her bedroom.

听第 7 段材料, 回答第 8 至 10 题。

8. What will the woman probably do on the weekend?

- A. Buy clothes.
- B. Watch movies.
- C. Do homework.

9. How will the man get to the cinema?

- A. By car.
- B. By bus.
- C. By bike.

10. What kind of movie will the speakers probably see?

- A. An action movie.
- B. A fantasy movie.
- C. A historical movie.

听第 8 段材料, 回答第 11 至 13 题。

11. How does the woman go shopping?

- A. With her son.
- B. With her brother.
- C. On her own.

12. What is the first thing the salesman wants to know?

- A. The preference of customer.
- B. The price range of the gift.
- C. The use of the product.

13. Why doesn't the woman choose the picture storybook?

- A. Her son is too young to read it.
- B. Her brother had bought it before.
- C. Her son might not be interested in it.

听第 9 段材料，回答第 14 至 17 题。

14. What is the main topic of the conversation?

- A. Cultural differences. B. Holiday plans. C. Disney movies.

15. Why didn't the woman go back to her hometown last year?

- A. She had to take exams.
B. She visited Disneyland.
C. She spent some time in Chinatown.

16. In which city do the speakers probably live?

- A. Los Angeles. B. Hong Kong. C. Paris.

17. How many days will the man spend in France?

- A. Three. B. Four. C. Seven.

听第 10 段材料，回答第 18 至 20 题。

18. What do we know about Mary?

- A. She is a hybrid.
B. She used to be a pet doctor.
C. She lived to the age of 80.

19. To whom did Mary Seacole first apply to offer her help?

- A. A hospital. B. The War Office. C. A British hotel.

20. What is Mary Seacole most known for today?

- A. Her work as a nurse.
B. Her talent as a writer.
C. Her success as a hotel owner.

第二部分 阅读理解（共两节，满分 40 分）

第一节（共 15 小题；每小题 2 分，满分 30 分）

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的四个选项(A、B、C 和 D)中选出最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该选项涂黑。

A

Ever find yourself wondering what it might be like to live in some of TV's most famous homes? Famous homes can become part of the reason you fall in love with a series, so here are some of our favorites.

Big Little Lies: Madeline's house

By far the most beautiful beach nest in the series is Madeline's house, which is actually located in Malibu. The real house boasts seven bedrooms, eight bathrooms, and a balcony surrounded by walls providing some unreal ocean views. The house is said to have its fair share of celebrity guests too. It's no wonder why!

Modern Family: Jay's house

The two-story contemporary home is bursting with bold colors and animal prints, with many guessing that the decoration channels Gloria's strong personality. But it's the back yard that makes the house so appealing. The huge pool that's frequently spotted in various episodes is a strong reminder that we need to move to destination with more sunshine on offer.

American Horror Story: The Coven house

Although taken over by witches in the series and called "Miss Robichaux's Academy for Exceptional Young Ladies", the elegant house is actually called Buckner Mansion. The famous home is complete with tall ceilings, impressive chandeliers, and stairs that go on forever. You can't actually visit the mansion, but you can stroll by it.

The Sopranos: Tony's house

The spacious New Jersey home has a huge dining area, four bedrooms, an outside pool, and that famous curved driveway featured in the opening credits. It's no wonder the famous house has just gone on the market for 3.4 million! Research shows that the mansion may have more than doubled in value since the show. It's still on the market so you too could live like a TV star!

21. What can we learn about Madeline's house?

- A. It has a huge dining area.
- B. It is a three-story beach house.
- C. It is often visited by celebrities.
- D. It boasts authentic ocean views.

22. What makes Jay's house attractive to the audience?

- A. Its bold colors.
- B. Its back yard.
- C. The huge pool.
- D. Gloria's personality.

23. Which house has been put up for sale?

- A. Madeline's house.
- B. Jay's house.
- C. The Coven house.
- D. Tony's house.

B

The Israeli farmers who pioneered the revolutionary technology known as drip irrigation (滴流灌溉) weren't trying to solve one of the world's most urgent problems. They were just trying to survive. They lived in the desert, and they didn't have enough water to grow their crops.

In its simplest form, it was little more than a pipe with holes in it. But behind each hole was a hi-tech dripper that let out just the right amount of water. Snaked along a row of crops so that the holes were positioned directly above the roots, the pipe could direct each precious drop of water directly to the plants, getting a bigger harvest while using a very small amount of water.

Over time, the farmers improved upon the technology, perfecting the drippers that regulated the flow of water, and connecting the pipelines to computers that could determine exactly how much water each plant needed and when.

If the global population kept growing, the rest of the world would increasingly resemble their little community in the desert. So they began selling their irrigation systems in other parts of the world, eventually expanding to more than 110 countries. Netafim, the company says it's lifting people out of poverty and conserving water at a time when the importance of doing so has never been clearer.

The mass adoption of drip irrigation won't save the world by itself. To avoid the coming catastrophe, nearly everybody will, in some way, have to do more with less, perhaps through accepting and using other new technologies. Otherwise, it's going to get ugly.

24. Why is the drip irrigation called “the revolutionary technology”?

- A. It is controlled by computers.
- B. It makes irrigation more effective.
- C. It provides deserts with water.
- D. It saves the world all by itself.

25. What does the underlined part “one of the world's most urgent problems” in paragraph 1 refer to?

- A. Lacking water.
- B. Lacking labor.
- C. Lacking food.
- D. Lacking energy.

26. How does the drip irrigation help farmers with crops?

- A. By drilling holes on the pipes.
- B. By placing pipes just above roots.
- C. By snaking pipes along the crops.
- D. By regulating water via drippers.

29. According to the writer, what books are worth rereading?

- A. Books themed on life choices.
- B. Books with attractive characters.
- C. Books that inspire new thinking.
- D. Books that recall the best moments of life.

30. How does the writer show the impact of rereading *Pride and Prejudice*?

- A. By analyzing the novel from different aspects.
- B. By comparing her reflections at different ages.
- C. By quoting speeches from the main characters.
- D. By describing the perspectives of different characters.

31. What message does the writer seem to convey in the text?

- A. Every Jane Austen's fiction deserves rereading.
- B. Reading books does good to depressed people.
- C. Rereading novels sharpens people's reading skills.
- D. Rereading great books is a rewarding experience.

D

The term “pseudo-working” is used to describe how many of us study. The pseudo-worker looks and feels like someone who is working hard — he or she spends a long time in the library and is not afraid to push on late into the night — but, because of a lack of focus and concentration, he or she's doesn't actually accomplish much.

This phenomenon can be seen on most college campuses. For example, at Dartmouth there was a section of the main library that was open twenty-four hours a day, and the students I used to see there late at night crowded in groups, drinking coffee, were definitely pseudo-working. The roommate who flips through her chemistry notes on the couch while watching TV is pseudo-working.

By placing themselves in distracting environments and insisting on working long hours, these students are damaging their brain's ability to think clearly and efficiently accomplish the task at hand. In the end they get half the results with twice the effort.

The bigger problem here is that most students don't even realize that they're pseudo-working. To them pseudo-working is work — it's how they've always done it, and it's how all of their friends do it. It never crosses their mind that there might be a better way. Straight-A students, on the other hand, know all about pseudo-working. They fear it. It not only wastes time, but it's also mentally tiring.

In fact, the most important skill in becoming a straight-A student is the ability to get work done quickly and with a minimum of wasted effort. Some cognitive science research concludes that about fifty minutes is the optimal learning period to maximize the material integrated per time unit. So how do these students achieve this goal? To understand their secret to success, consider the following simple formula (公式): work accomplished = time spent × intensity of focus.

Pseudo-working features a very low intensity of focus. Therefore, to accomplish something by pseudo-working, you need to spend a lot of time. The straight-A approach on the other hand, increases intensity in order to use less time.

32. Which of the following phenomenon is NOT pseudo-working?
- A. Alex takes an online class while having snacks at a study lounge.
 - B. Lucy spends a long time in the library on her essay while listening to music.
 - C. Emily and Sara read their favorite books, as they talk about entertainment news.
 - D. Nick is busy taking notes while attending a training course in an academic hall.
33. What's the major problem of most students compared with straight-A students?
- A. They are unaware of the fact that they are pseudo-working.
 - B. They have never thought about how to improve their study efficiency.
 - C. They are doing something to harm their brain's ability to think clearly.
 - D. They are willing to spend much time studying in a distracting environment.
34. What does the underlined word "optimal" mean in paragraph 5?
- A. Least. B. Best. C. Delicate. D. Accurate.
35. What does the author want to stress by mentioning the formula?
- A. The length of time on study counts.
 - B. Getting work done quickly means everything.
 - C. Concentration plays a key role in study.
 - D. Effective study approach is very important.

第二节 (共 5 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 10 分)

根据短文内容, 从短文后的选项选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Surprising customs from around the world

One thing that sets humans apart from other members of the animal kingdom is our tendency to develop customs and traditions. _____ 36 _____

An odd custom associated with the United States is its complicated tipping culture. Unlike many other countries who don't tip at all or who only tip in small amounts when the food was particularly good, everyone has to tip at most restaurants in the US. 37, customers have a duty to leave between 10-20 percent of the bill in tips. Wait staff rely on these tips for a living because legal wages for waiters are low. While some criticize this practice as irrational, there's no doubt that tipping culture in the US gives a motive for waiters and waitresses to provide better service.

38. While members of most cultures would probably agree that pointing fingers isn't exactly the nicest thing in the world, in Malaysia and Indonesia, this gesture can be seen as incredibly offensive. 39. In many countries in Africa, pointing is reserved for inanimate objects only, not people.

Most societies around the world have rules about table manners. For western cultures, noisily consuming food is considered rude. In Japan, however, making slurping(啧啧响的) sounds while eating has an entirely different meaning. 40. Some scientists even argue slurping invites air into the mouth and actually enhances the noodles' flavor.

- A. To put it another way
- B. If you dine in Shanghai
- C. It indicates that you're really enjoying them
- D. In western countries, noodles are twisted on a spoon
- E. Here are some astonishing customs from around the world
- F. Some countries find the act of pointing with the index finger to be rude
- G. Instead, to gesture towards things with the thumb is seen as a more polite option

第三部分 语言知识运用(共两节, 满分 45 分)

第一节 完形填空 (共 20 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 30 分)

阅读下面短文, 从短文后各题所给的四个选项 (A、B、C 和 D) 中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

As you probably know by now, I have been in Boston helping my wife Kimberly through some difficult medical procedures. 41 my wife's first 3 days after her delicate 6 hours surgery, in so much discomfort, pain and suffering, woke up my empathy beyond words to the point that I 42 wanted to be able to share some of that 43 if I couldn't take it all myself.

Then after the first 3 days knowing that Kimberly's 44 didn't allow her to eat single morsel(少量) of food, it really 45 me just how long we can go without food and not damage

our 46. I decided to give Kimberly some 47 support by not eating for 3 days. Not that she said one word of 48 in that time but I knew it would 49 her—and me—to be in this together. To be honest, I did 50 one small salad each of the 3 days. I did this because I had to 51 myself to some extent to continue to have 52 to be there for her.

The thing is, we're here and 53 what we really can do for each other. The 54 we can take on for others has got me to 55 about how much we could take on for ourselves. We 56 to avoid pain, discomfort and difficult situations even when we know it would be 57 for us to go through the hard times to get to better place in our lives. So it got me thinking... if we will go through so much because of our love for another 58, couldn't we do this for the 59 of ourselves?

It's something to think about the next time you 60 to take on a difficult challenge. Do you love yourself enough to do this to make your life better?

- | | | | |
|--------------------|-----------------|------------------|--------------------|
| 41. A. Observing | B. Talking | C. Leaving | D. Debating |
| 42. A. eventually | B. temporarily | C. desperately | D. thankfully |
| 43. A. happiness | B. pain | C. caution | D. urgency |
| 44. A. problem | B. discomfort | C. fitness | D. condition |
| 45. A. threw | B. put | C. hit | D. disturbed |
| 46. A. disease | B. health | C. life | D. fortune |
| 47. A. ordinary | B. great | C. spiritual | D. devoted |
| 48. A. complaint | B. trouble | C. understanding | D. meaning |
| 49. A. help | B. separate | C. move | D. break |
| 50. A. get | B. abandon | C. own | D. have |
| 51. A. make up for | B. take care of | C. get rid of | D. be in line with |
| 52. A. strength | B. advantage | C. force | D. light |
| 53. A. admit | B. imagine | C. realize | D. estimate |
| 54. A. difficulty | B. event | C. load | D. suffering |
| 55. A. talk | B. think | C. look | D. go |
| 56. A. plan | B. disagree | C. tend | D. like |
| 57. A. better | B. easier | C. tougher | D. friendlier |
| 58. A. stranger | B. friend | C. teacher | D. person |
| 59. A. love | B. reward | C. rule | D. courage |
| 60. A. want | B. hesitate | C. prefer | D. request |

第二节 语法填空 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

The Centuries-old Chinese Go (围棋)

One might mistake the game for a complicated match of checkers (跳棋) with its alternating black and white pieces. But Go dates farther back than checkers and even chess, first 61 (invent) in China over 3,000 years ago, where it remains widely popular. It's believed to be one of the 62 (old) board games in the world. "If chess is a game, Go is a war." Go lovers from other countries say, "Every move has its possible effect all over the place. There are battles 63 (go) on everywhere."

Go's rules can 64 (demonstrate) quickly and grasped easily. The game is enjoyably played over 65 wide range of skills. Each level of play has its charms, rewards and 66 (discovery). An early mistake can be made up, used to advantage, or reversed as the game 67 (progress). There is no simple procedure to turn a clear lead 68 a victory—only continued good play. The game rewards patience and balance over aggression and greed.

Go combines beauty and intellectual challenge. The patterns formed by the black and white stones are 69 (visual) striking. When played well, Go is a beautiful art 70 black and white dance in delicate balance across the board.

第四部分 写作 (共两节, 满分 35 分)

第一节 短文改错 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

假定英语课上老师要求同桌之间交换修改作文, 请你修改你同桌写的以下作文。文中共有 10 处语言错误, 每句中最多有两处。每处错误仅涉及一个单词的增加、删除或修改。

增加: 在缺词处加个漏字符号(∧), 并在其下面写出该加的词。

删除: 把多余的词用斜线(\) 划掉。

修改: 在错的词下划一横线, 并在该词下面写出修改后的词。

注意:

1. 每处错误及其修改均仅限一词;
2. 只允许修改 10 处, 多者(从第 11 处起)不计分。

We got to the cafe an hour before Anna was scheduled arrive. Learning that they wanted to give Anna a birthday surprise, a friendly waiter was more than happier to be our partner. He finds some colourful balloons, for which we decorated the cafe. We had just done all the work while Anna came into sight. We greeted her with our smiles or the gift we had prepared before. Anna stood there, with tears filled her eyes. When I handed the gift to her, she was

too excited that she couldn't help screaming. "This is the best birthday surprise I have ever been received!" she cried, hugging me tightly.

第二节 书面表达 (满分 25 分)

你校英文报将以“团队合作”为主题，举办英语征文比赛。请你写一篇短文投稿。内容包括：

1. 团队合作的意义；

2. 如何有效合作。

注意：1. 词数 100 左右；

2. 短文的题目已为你写好。

The Power of Teamwork

南充市高 2023 届高考适应性考试 (零诊)

英语参考答案及评分意见

第一部分 听力(共两节, 满分 30 分)

第一节 (共 5 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 7.5 分)

1-5 BCBBA

第二节 (共 15 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 22.5 分)

6-10 CACBB

11-15 CBCBA

16-20 ACABA

第二部分 阅读理解(共两节, 满分 40 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 30 分)

21-25 CBDDBA

26-30 DCACB

31-35 DDABC

第二节 (共 5 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 10 分)

36-40 EAFGC

第三部分 语言知识运用(共两节, 满分 45 分)

第一节 完形填空 (共 20 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 30 分)

41-45 ACBDC

46-50 BCAAD

51-55 BACDB

56-60 CADAB

第二节 (共 10 小题, 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

61. invented

62. oldest

63. going

64. be demonstrated

65. a

66. discoveries

67. progresses

68. into

69. visually

70. where

第四部分 写作(共两节, 满分 35 分)

第一节 短文改错(共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

We got to the cafe an hour before Anna was scheduled to arrive. Learning that they
to we
wanted to give Anna a birthday surprise, a friendly waiter was more than happier to be our
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birthday surprise I have ever been received!" she cried, hugging me tightly.

第二节 书面表达(满分 25 分)

【参考范文】

The Power of Teamwork

Teamwork plays an important role in our daily life. No matter what the age, being able to work together with another person or in a group benefits relationships, enabling us to complete our work more efficiently. Not only can cooperation save us a lot of time, energy and resources, but also we can learn much from each other.

Then how can we cooperate with others? There are some hints. To begin with, try to listen to others' opinions. If they make mistakes, try to point them out in a polite way. Additionally, never force your ideas on others. Instead, encourage everyone to express their own thoughts. Last but not least, draw upon each other's unique strengths and appreciate the efforts and sacrifices made by others.

In brief, teamwork has great power!

一、各档次评分参考标准

档 次	给分范围	语言要点表达情况划档依据
第五档	21~25	要点齐全, 语言基本无误, 行文连贯, 表达清楚
第四档	16~20	包含绝大部分要点, 语言有少量错误, 行文基本连贯, 表达基本清楚
第三档	11~15	包含多数要点, 语言有一些错误, 尚能表达
第二档	6~10	只涉及少数要点, 语言错误很多, 影响表达
第一档	0~5	只能写出与要求内容有关的一些单词

二、扣分参考依据

1. 其表达未能达成正确句意的, 不给分, 如: 写出了主语或谓语等关键词, 但未能达成符合要点要求、意义正确的句子。
2. 句子结构完整、但关键点出现错误或漏掉部分关键词, 扣半个要点分, 如: 主谓一致错误, 或关键词拼写错误(如主语, 关键性名词等), 或谓语动词时态/语态错误等;
3. 凡使用铅笔答题、或答题中使用了涂改液或不干胶条, 一律不给分;
4. 凡多次出现非关键性单词拼写错误或其它同类错误, 原则上每 4 处扣 1 分;
5. 文章内容要点全面, 但写出了一些多余内容(连接或过渡词句不在此列), 原则上不扣分;
6. 凡书写超出规定的答题区域, 全卷不给分;
7. 书写潦草凌乱、但基本不影响阅卷的, 酌情扣卷面分 1~2 分。

听力原文:

Text 1

M: I just tried to take a nice hot shower, but the water is extremely cold!

W: Oh dear! I'd better call the owner of the apartment and see if he can find out the problem.

M: OK, thanks.

Text 2

M: Why don't you sell your paintings? You're so talented. I believe you could make much money from it.

W: Well. I'm not against the idea, but I don't know where to start.

M: You should approach some galleries in town.

Text3

M: Hey, do you know the password of this computer? I thought I had stuck it to the fridge so everyone could see it.

W: The piece of paper fell off. I took a photo of it. I'll send it to your phone.

Text 4

W: So, this is the famous Trixie!

M: Yes, this is my baby. Cute, isn't she? She'll probably go to sleep soon. She sleeps so much. You may think she is a cat, rather than a dog!

Text 5

M: Are you ready for the exam?

W: Hopefully, yeah. I don't want to sound too confident, but I've read the whole book several times. I'm sure the result won't let me down.

M: Yeah, I don't think you've got anything to worry about.

Text6

M: Your bedroom is such a mess. What happened?

W: I put my phone down here somewhere, but I can't find it now.

M: Shall I call it for you?

W: I've tried it, but nothing happened. I think the battery must be dead.

M: Oh, dear. Well, I'll help you look for it.

W: Thanks. I'm in a rush. I'm supposed to meet my friends at the national museum in 20 minutes.

M: Well, don't worry. Mom left me the car keys, so I can drive you if you like.

W: Thanks.

Text 7

M: Shall we go to the movies tonight?

W: Why not? It's Friday. I've got all weekend to do homework.

M: Cool! Well, I'm working. I can finish at 8:00 p.m.

W: OK, so shall we meet at the cinema at around 8:30 p.m.?

M: Sounds good. I'll take a change of clothes and get the bus straight into town.

W: Perfect. I'll ask my dad to drive me, but if he can't, I've got my bike.

M: Good idea. What kind of movie shall we see?

W: I like historical movies. We can learn a lot from them.

M: Hmm, I'd prefer some action.

W: Too much violence for me!

M: Well, what about fantasy movies?

W: Hmm, we'd probably both enjoy that!

Text8

M: How can I help you, miss?

W: My son is turning 16 soon, so I'm looking for a gift for him.

M: What price range do you have in mind? We'll need to know that before we begin looking.

W: Well, I usually spend about \$20 on a gift. Do you have anything nice for that price?

M: How about a pencil box? Many parents buy their children gifts like that.

W: No, my brother gave him one for his birthday last year.

M: Well, does he like reading stories? What about a picture storybook?

W: Oh, he read plenty of them when he was much younger. They are less attractive for him than

before.

M: Then you can get him this magic car. He must be interested in that.

W: Good idea. I'll take it.

Text 9

M: What are you doing during the winter vacation? It's coming soon.

W: Flying home to see my family.

M: Oh, great!

W: Yeah, I can't wait. I didn't go home during the Spring Festival last year, because we had exams.

M: When was the Spring Festival?

W: Back in February. My parents usually decorate the house and make a huge meal for the whole family.

M: Wow, sounds a bit like Christmas!

W: They are similar, certainly! It's the biggest gift-giving festival in China. And it's traditional to get together with your whole family.

M: Sounds lovely.

W: It is. Thankfully, Los Angeles has a big Chinatown. There were plenty of celebrations during the Spring Festival last year. It wasn't quite like home, but I still had fun.

M: I'm glad to hear that.

W: What are you planning for the break?

M: My family and I are going to Paris.

W: Wow! France is beautiful. I went there when I was 10.

M: Cool! We've always wanted to go. We'll spend four days in the city, and another three days at Disneyland!

W: I'm a big Disney fan. We actually have a Disneyland in Hong Kong, not far from my house!

M: Really? Great. I've only been to the one in California. I wonder if they're very different.

W: I doubt it! Disney is Disney, wherever you go!

Text 10

Mary Seacole was born in Kingston, Jamaica, in 1805. Her father was Scottish and her mother was Jamaican. Mary's mother used traditional medicine to treat people, teaching many of these skills to Mary. During Mary's youth, she used to practice medicine on her dolls and pets.

After the Crimean War broke out, Mary came to London to offer her services first to the British Army. But she was turned down by the British War Office. However, Mary was determined. Using her own money, she traveled alone to Crimea. There, she visited the local hospital, but her offer of help was again refused. Then, she decided to build a British hotel, offering food and medical help to injured soldiers.

Despite saving many lives, plus writing a book about her experiences, Mary was mostly forgotten after her death in 1881. Her story was rediscovered in 1980. Because of her contribution as a nurse, in 2004, she was celebrated as the Greatest Black Briton by more than 10,000 people.

关于我们

北京高考在线创办于 2014 年，隶属于北京太星网络科技有限公司，是北京地区极具影响力的中学升学服务平台。主营业务涵盖：北京新高考、高中生涯规划、志愿填报、强基计划、综合评价招生和学科竞赛等。

北京高考在线旗下拥有网站门户、微信公众平台等全媒体矩阵生态平台。平台活跃用户 40W+，网站年度流量数千万量级。用户群体立足于北京，辐射全国 31 省市。

北京高考在线平台一直秉承 “精益求精、专业严谨” 的建设理念，不断探索 “K12 教育+互联网+大数据” 的运营模式，尝试基于大数据理论为广大中学和家长提供新鲜的高考资讯、专业的高考政策解读、科学的升学规划等，为广大高校、中学和教科研单位提供 “衔接和桥梁纽带” 作用。

平台自创办以来，为众多重点大学发现和推荐优秀生源，和北京近百所中学达成合作关系，累计举办线上线下升学公益讲座数百场，帮助数十万考生顺利通过考入理想大学，在家长、考生、中学和社会各界具有广泛的口碑影响力

未来，北京高考在线平台将立足于北京新高考改革，基于对北京高考政策研究及北京高校资源优势，更好的服务全国高中家长和学生。



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