

171 中学 2022-2023 学年度高一年级 10 月调研 (英语)

(考试时间: 90 分钟 总分: 100 分)

第一部分: 英语知识运用 (共两节, 30 分)

第一节 完形填空 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 共 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 掌握其大意, 从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选出最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

17-year-old Norwood was driving three friends home in St. Petersburg, Florida, on February 20. As they reached a crossroads, a black car ___1___ them. Their car sailed into someone's yard and crashed into a tree.

As smoke rose from the car, a bystander shouted, "It's about to blow up! Get out!" The ___2___ had caved in Norwood's driver's side door, jamming it shut. ___3___, but otherwise OK, she climbed out through the window. Along with two of her friends, who'd also managed to ___4___ themselves, Norwood ran for her life.

But halfway down the street, she realized that her best friend, Simmons, wasn't with them. Norwood ran ___5___ and found Simmons in the back seat, unconscious. She threw open the back door and pulled her friend out, avoiding the broken glass as best as she could. She ___6___ Simmons to safety and laid her on the ground. "I checked her pulse (脉搏), and put my head against her chest. No sign of life," Norwood told CNN, "That's when I started CPR. Fortunately, I ___7___ my CPR certificate yesterday."

She started pumping Simmons's chest and breathing into her friend's mouth in hopes of filling her lungs with the kiss of life. No ___8___. And then, after the 30 compressions (按压) and two rescue breaths, Simmons regained consciousness. The CPR had ___9___!

Soon, paramedics (急救人员) arrived and rushed Simmons to the hospital, where she heard how her best friend had saved her life. "I wasn't ___10___," Simmons said. "She will always help any way she can."

- | | | | |
|---------------|-----------|------------|----------------|
| 1. A. stopped | B. hit | C. guided | D. passed |
| 2. A. impact | B. symbol | C. weight | D. gravity |
| 3. A. Relaxed | B. Shaken | C. Amazed | D. Embarrassed |
| 4. A. free | B. defeat | C. meet | D. protect |
| 5. A. back | B. around | C. forward | D. outside |
| 6. A. pushed | B. rolled | C. drove | D. dragged |

7. A. lost B. tested C. earned D. provided
 8. A. trouble B. response C. preparation D. exception
 9. A. begun B. finished C. failed D. worked
 10. A. calm B. upset C. surprised D. nervous

第二节 语法填空 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 共 15 分)

A

I can well remember the first time I 11 (ask) to deliver a speech before the whole class. You can imagine how shy I was with so many eyes fixed on me. Drafting the speech was a piece of cake for me, but the difficult part lay in oral presentation. The real moment began when I stood 12 the stage with my legs trembling and my mind blank. But my listeners were waiting patiently without rushing me. Gradually I found myself back, delivering the speech with difficulty. After what seemed to be a hundred years, I found my audience 13 (applaud) — I made it!

B

Yangmeizhu West Street is a traditional Beijing hutong alley 14 is lined by single-story residences in Dashilan, a busy commercial area of the capital's Xicheng District. 15 (original) called *Yangmei West Street* and named after a female matchmaker, it was renamed *Yangmeizhu West Street*. Located in the center of Beijing, the 496-meter-long and more than 600-year-old alley attracts tourists for its examples of traditional architecture, and cultural figures. It 16 (become) a cultural and business innovation area after being renovated with artist shops, cafe and bars starting over the past eight years.

C

Are you humorous? People who are humorous can recognize what's funny in others and can amuse others as well. At home, a sense of humor can brighten family life, so amuse 17 (you) and your family members through jokes 18 you can. In the classroom, a humorous teacher will not make the students feel bored with learning. In hospitals, humor can sometimes help to reduce pain of the patients and enable them 19 (recover) strength. No wonder people often say laughter is the world's 20 (good) medicine.

第二部分：阅读理解（共两节，38分）

第一节（共14小题；每小题2分，共28分）

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中，选出最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

A

Oil Painting Workshop

Jan. 7, 2021

For Ages 15 and Up

Beginners Welcome! Experience Not Required!

Registration Deadline — Dec. 31, 2020

● Class Schedule

9:30—10:00 am	Welcome and Registration
10:00—12:00 am	Painting Session
12:00 am—1:00 pm	Lunch
1:00—3:00 pm	Painting Session
3:00pm	Evaluation and Departure

● Instructor

Judy Moore Gist, Alexander Certified Instructor and Ross Certified Instructor, is making great efforts to give people of all ages the opportunity to experience Alexander's *The Magic of Oil Painting* and Bob Ross's *The Joy of Painting*. Both, William Alexander and Bob Ross, PBS TV hosts, have inspired thousands of first-time painters. The "wet-on-wet" technique have encouraged people of all ages to pick up a brush and put their dreams on canvas (油画布). Judy will do the same, and you are welcome to take a class and see for yourself. At the end of just one session you will be amazed at the beautiful painting that you create in just a few hours. You will become more aware of beautiful cloud shapes and colours you ignored before. There is nothing more inspiring than seeing the beautiful scenery that you paint and others will treasure forever.

For more information about Judy Moore Gist, click [here](#).

● Cost

\$75.00/人 person. Prices include all instructor fees, materials, and lunch.

If you wish to pay by check, please print the OilPaintJan.pdf printable registration form and mail it in with payment to: Holiday Lake 4H Educational Center, 12674-H Camp Road, Appomattox, VA 24522.

● Refund(退款) Policy

Full Refund: Dec. 31, 2020

Nonrefundable: after Dec. 31, 2020

For more information, contact Heather Benninghove at 232-268-6777 or heather@vt.edu.

21. To attend the class, people should _____.

- A. provide a piece of painting
- B. pay for it before Jan. 7, 2021
- C. learn something about the instructor
- D. register for it no later than Dec. 31, 2020

22. "The Magic of Oil Painting" and "The Joy of Painting" are most probably _____.

- A. art works
- B. TV art programs
- C. painting exhibitions
- D. face-to-face painting courses

23. The text most probably appears _____.

- A. on the Internet
- B. in a newspaper
- C. on a notice board
- D. in a company brochure

B

Bertie knew there was something in the wind. His mother had been sad in recent days, not sick, just strangely sad. The lion had just lain down beside him, his head warm on Bertie's feet, when Father cleared his throat and began, "You'll soon be eight, Bertie. A boy needs a proper education. We've found the right place for you, a school near Salisbury in England."

His heart filled with a terrible fear, all Bertie could think of was his white lion.

“But the lion,” he cried, “What about the lion?”

“I’m afraid there’s something else I have to tell you,” his father said. Looking across at Bertie’s mother, he took a deep breath. Then he told Bertie he had met a circus owner from France, who was over in Africa looking for lions to buy. He would come to their farm in a few days.

“No! You can’t send him to a circus!” said Bertie. “People will come to see him. He’ll be shut up behind bars. I promised him he never would be. And they will laugh at him. He’d rather die. Any animal would!” But as he looked across the table at them, he knew their minds were quite made up.

Bertie felt completely betrayed. He waited until he heard his father’s deep breathing next door. With his white lion at his heels, he crept downstairs in his pyjamas, took down his father’s rifle from the rack and stepped out into the night. He ran and ran till his legs could run no more. As the sun came up over the grassland, he climbed to the top of a hill and sat down, his arms round the lion’s neck. The time had come.

“Be wild now,” he whispered. “You’ve got to be wild. Don’t ever come home. All my life I’ll think of you, I promise I will.” He buried his head in the lion’s neck. Then, Bertie clambered down off the hill and walked away.

When he looked back, the lion was still sitting there watching him; but then he stood up, yawned, stretched, and sprang down after him. Bertie shouted at him, but he kept coming. He threw sticks. He threw stones. Nothing worked.

There was only one thing left to do. With tears filling his eyes and his mouth, he lifted the rifle to his shoulder and fired over the lion’s head.

24. Bertie’s mother was sad probably because she _____.

- A. had been seriously ill recently
- B. had decided to send Bertie to school
- C. knew selling the lion would upset Bertie
- D. knew Bertie would hate to go to England

25. The underlined word “they” in Para. 4 probably refers to _____.

A. some audience

B. other animals

C. Bertie's parents

D. circus's owners

26. In the last paragraph, the boy lifted the rifle at the lion to _____.

A. kill the lion out of fear

B. threaten the lion back to the wild

C. protect himself from the lion

D. show his anger towards his father

27. The passage intends to show that _____.

A. animal-hunting is popular in Africa

B. parents are sometimes cruel to their children

C. people and animals can be faithful to each other

D. animals usually lead a miserable life in circuses

C

Decision-making under Stress

A new review based on a research shows that acute stress affects the way the brain considers the advantages and disadvantages, causing it to focus on pleasure and ignore the possible negative consequences of a decision.

The research suggests that stress may change the way people make choices in predictable ways.

“Stress affects how people learn,” says Professor Mara Mather. “People learn better about positive than negative outcomes under stress.”

For example, two recent studies looked at how people learned to connect images with either rewards or punishments. In one experiment, some of the participants were first stressed by having to give a speech and do difficult math problems in front of an audience; in the other, some were stressed by having to keep their hands in ice water. In both cases, the stressed participants remembered the rewarded material more accurately and the punished material less accurately than those who hadn't gone through the stress.

This phenomenon is likely not surprising to anyone who has tried to resist eating cookies or smoking a cigarette while under stress—at those moments, only the pleasure associated with such activities comes to mind. But the findings further

suggest that stress may bring about a double effect. Not only are rewarding experiences remembered better, but negative consequences are also easily recalled.

The research also found that stress appears to affect decision-making differently in men and women. While both men and women tend to focus on rewards and less on consequences under stress, their responses to risk turn out to be different.

Men who had been stressed by the cold-water task tended to take more risks in the experiment while women responded in the opposite way. In stressful situations in which risk-taking can pay off big, men may tend to do better, when caution weighs more, however, women will win.

This tendency to slow down and become more cautious when decisions are risky might also help explain why women are less likely to become addicted than men: they may more often avoid making the risky choices that eventually harden into addiction.

28. We can learn from the passage that people under pressure tend to _____.
- A. keep rewards better in their memory
 - B. recall consequences more effortlessly
 - C. make risky decisions more frequently
 - D. learn a subject more effectively
29. According to the research, stress affects people most probably in their _____.
- A. ways of making choices
 - B. preference for pleasure
 - C. tolerance of punishments
 - D. responses to suggestions
30. The research has proved that in a stressful situation, _____.
- A. women find it easier to fall into certain habits
 - B. men have a greater tendency to slow down
 - C. women focus more on outcomes
 - D. men are more likely to take risks

D

Why Black Friday Shoppers still Crowd Stores

To many of us, the idea of rushing out to a superstore the day after Thanksgiving is appealing. Why would anyone race to crowded stores when they could stay in with 6 family, or watch college football? We can't say we know the answer for sure. But we do feel amazed at those who pour into stores looking for Black Friday bargains. Seemingly, nothing can stop them. Not the weather. Not the crowds. And not the fact that hurrying to a store in the age of instant e-commerce seems so ... last century.

To be sure, holiday shopping habits do appear to be shifting. The National Retail(零售) Federation has stopped breaking up its holiday sales numbers by whether they come from e-tail purchases or from physical stores. It's a pretty good sign that retailers don't want to bring further attention to the declining fortunes of brick-and-mortar sites.

But there is no denying that people still love going to stores. Actual shopping in actual places remains an important part of the holiday ceremony for millions of Americans. To many, it's the difference between playing a sport and playing a video game. As commercial as stores may be, they are still places where actual human beings interact. In a store, the "courageous" shopper performs the approving act of finding a present. That item might be heavily promoted by the store, but it doesn't drop into one's cart. It is picked up and examined before a decision is made. Maybe it gets put back on the shelf when the shopper changes his or her mind. Maybe there is a conversation with a sales clerk. The process is not that different than it would have been decades ago.

Online, the shopper has barely logged in before being faced with disturbing algorithmic(大数据的) suggestions based on earlier purchases. This hardly qualifies as shopping. This hardly qualifies as thinking.

Perhaps we are reading too much into the Black Friday phenomenon. But we suspect one reason Black Friday remains is that it involves an act of resistance against the Internet age. That would hardly be unreasonable. There aren't many studies showing that time spent in stores is bad for one's health, while there are quite a few drawing a link between time spent online and depression. Perhaps the

people crowding into stores aren't the crazy ones after all.

31. What can we infer from the first two paragraphs?
- A. Physical stores are not so popular as before.
 - B. People spend more on Black Friday bargains.
 - C. Americans have an unhealthy shopping habit.
 - D. Goods in stores are cheaper than those online.
32. According to the author, people love to go holiday shopping because _____.
- A. they feel tired of shopping online
 - B. they think it is good for their health
 - C. they hope to pass down the holiday tradition
 - D. they can have real communication with others
33. What does the author think of the Black Friday phenomenon?
- A. Puzzling. B. Understandable. C. Out-of-date. D. Unusual.
34. What is mainly discussed in the passage?
- A. The psychology of shopping.
 - B. The development of retailing.
 - C. The influences of e-commerce.
 - D. The features of holiday economy

第二节（共5小题；每小题2分，共10分）

根据短文内容，从短文后的七个选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。将答案涂在机读卡上。

What is a big dream? ____35____. Or, is a big dream something that provides only entertainment? Children dream big dreams, but there are three barriers (障碍) to realizing dreams. They often kill them before they ever have a chance to grow.

The Self.

Immediately following the birth of a big dream, a negative self-talk takes over and gives all the reasons why it cannot happen.

This inside voice is the ego (自我). It's there for protecting and should be listened to. ____36____. Most people are influenced by the inside voice. That's why only a handful of people make their dreams come true.

_____37_____.

Family and friends are a lot like the ego. They want to protect those they will often list all the reasons why the big dreams won't come true. Sometimes, family and friends destroy dreams of those they love most, out of their own fear of being left behind.

The World.

If one gets past the first two barriers, one has to face the world. _____38_____. In the past, big dreamers were locked up and sometimes even killed when they were shown to the world. Fortunately, in most of the world today, big dreamers just get laughed at.

The way to realize a big dream is with confidence and action. When children have confidence and then take action, they will be ready to accept any failure. The truth is that every great dreamer whose dreams have never seen the light of success knows failure well. _____39_____.

- A. Family and Friends.
- B. How big Dreams Die.
- C. Does a big dream show one's future?
- D. They simply fail until they succeed.
- E. It is the last and the most terrible barrier.
- F. Sometimes it is right, but more often it is wrong.
- G. And their big dream is to be a rock star or a famous artist.

第三部分 书面表达 (共 12 分)

I received a private message on Facebook. It began harmlessly enough: "Hey, girl. Wanted to invite you to join my next challenge group-we'll be focusing on fitting in 30 minutes of exercise and balanced nutrition."

It was all becoming too much. Facebook was running my life, not me.

But what killed Facebook for me was when I posted a photo, and five minutes later my son asked me how many "likes" it had got. His question was a wake-up call. "Likes" are signs of acceptance and approval. I had forgotten that acceptance

and approval need to come from within and had unknowingly set him a bad example.

Before Facebook, surfing the Internet was an occasional distraction and I spent a lot more time reading books and magazines. I checked in with friends through texts, emails and phone calls.

To recreate the simplicity of those days and set a healthier example for my son, I deactivated my Facebook account. I'd been in the habit of checking Facebook many times a day, so I had to come up with some new habits. I carried a novel and a crossword puzzle book around with me. I rediscovered knitting (针织). I started taking yoga classes.

I started to remember a few things. My body is fine just the way it is. I have friends who will help me out when I'm in trouble, and I will help them out. I do my best to be a good mother, and our son is happy and healthy. We are very lucky to be able to afford two vacations a year. I stopped looking at the world through my cellphone. I felt pleased at the moment. The break left me feeling better about myself, my family, my home and my life.

After a few weeks, I returned to Facebook. Now I look at the photos of my friends, kids growing up and treasure how social media allows me to keep in touch with family far and wide. I look in on a daily basis, but no longer with the desire constantly to post updates.

It is not an addiction any more.

40. What caused the author deactivate her Facebook account?(2 分)

41. What did the author do to change her life? (2 分)

42. Please decide which part is false in the following statement, then underlined it and explain why. (3 分)

After I found Facebook was running my life, I completely stopped using it.

43. What do you think is the best way to use social media? Please explain. (about 40 words) (5 分)

第四部分 基础知识 (每题 1 分, 共 10 分)

第一节: 依次写出下列动词的过去式、过去分词和现在分词形式

如: come came come coming

44. lie(躺) _____

45. write _____

第二节: 用方框中的单词填空

exchange, fluent, awkward, solution, curious

46. Tom, a Canadian boy, speaks _____ Chinese because he has been here for 10 years.

47. There is no simple _____ to this problem.

48. Max Jackson is a(n) _____ student from the UK.

49. I didn't feel _____ or frightened at all later on my first school day.

50. I have a pet cat that is _____ about everything in the garden.

第三节: 根据提示完成句子。

51. Many people _____ online games.

现在很多人对网络游戏上瘾。

52. If you _____, phone me.

你若是对任何事情感到困惑, 给我打电话。

53. Our teacher invited a student from Senior 2 _____ the difference of Junior and Senior Studies on the first day of the new term.

新学期第一天, 老师请高二的同学做了关于初高中学习的不同之处的讲座。

第四部分 文学阅读 (每题 2 分, 共 10 分)

54. Why did Danny feel nervous at the beginning? *Waiting for Goldie*

55. Where did Danny find Goldie? *Waiting for Goldie*

56. What kind of person do you think Danny Doolan is at the end of the story?

The Personality Potion

57. Is the personality potion real? How do you know? *The Personality Potion*

58. What can we learn from the story(40 words)? *The Personality Potion*

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