

# 2018 北京人大附中高三 2 月份内部特供卷

## 英 语（四）

### 注意事项：

1. 答题前，先将自己的姓名、准考证号填写在试题卷和答题卡上，并将准考证号条形码粘贴在答题卡上的指定位置。
2. 选择题的作答：每小题选出答案后，用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑，写在试题卷、草稿纸和答题卡上的非答题区域均无效。
3. 非选择题的作答：用签字笔直接答在答题卡上对应的答题区域内，写在试题卷、草稿纸和答题卡上的非答题区域均无效。
4. 考试结束后，请将本试题卷和答题卡一并上交。

### 第 I 卷

#### 第一部分 听力（共两节，满分 30 分）

##### 第一节（共 5 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 7.5 分）

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后，你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. What does the woman think of the film?

- A. Boring.    B. Interesting.    C. Scaring.

2. Who is making noise in the man's view?

- A. The Smiths.    B. The window cleaners.    C. The pets next door.

3. What's the man's favorite theme?

- A. Art.    B. Science.    C. Environment.

4. What does the man want the woman to do?

- A. Tidy the room.    B. Watch a film.    C. Cook dinner.

5. What kind of weather does the woman dislike?

- A. Rainy.    B. Sunny.    C. Warm.

##### 第二节（共 15 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 22.5 分）

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置，听每段对话或独白前，你将有时间阅读各个小题。每小题 5 秒钟；听完后，各小题给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料，回答第 6 至 7 题。

6. When does the man want to start working in New York?

- A. Next Monday.    B. Next Wednesday.    C. Next Friday.

7. What is the man going to do this Friday?

- A. Find a flat.                      B. Buy some furniture.                      C. Visit his grandfather.

听第7段材料，回答第8至9题。

8. Why didn't the woman show up for the meeting this morning?

- A. Her door lock was broken.  
B. She went to buy a new lock.  
C. Her key to her home was lost.

9. What is the relationship between the speakers?

- A. Roommates.                      B. Employee and boss.                      C. Colleagues.

听第8段材料，回答第10至12题。

10. What time is it now?

- A. 1:20 p.m.                      B. 2:05 p.m.                      C. 2:20 p.m.

11. What should the movers do?

- A. Pack the small stuff.                      B. Load the furniture.                      C. Do some cleaning

12. What does the woman plan to do after their moving?

- A. Eat something.                      B. Take a shower.                      C. Have a rest.

听第9段材料，回答第13至16题。

13. What's the advantage of black?

- A. It makes one look slimmer.  
B. It can make people elegant.  
C. It's the trend of this season.

14. Which color does the woman choose for her mother?

- A. Black.                      B. Grey.                      C. Purple.

15. How many items will the woman get?

- A. Two.                      B. Three.                      C. Four.

16. What will the woman get as a gift?

- A. A hat.                      B. A scarf.                      C. A shirt.

听第10段材料，回答第17至20题。

17. How old is the oldest part of London?

- A. One thousand years old.  
B. Nine hundred years old.

- C. Nearly two thousand years old.
18. Where does the Buckingham Palace lie?
- A. In the city of Westminster.  
B. In the Square Mile.  
C. In the Tower of London.
19. Which city was the most visited city in the world in 2014?
- A. London.                      B. Paris.                      C. Hong Kong.
20. Which of the following is among London's attractions?
- A. Roman settlements.              B. Government offices.              C. Musical plays.

## 第二部分 阅读理解（共两节，满分 40 分）

### 第一节（共 15 小题：每小题 2 分，满分 30 分）

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的四个选项（A、B、C 和 D）中选出最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

#### A

Maudie and I have been married for 58 years, but we didn't fall in love at first sight.

We both entered Murphy High School in 1953 as freshmen. In civics class I sat by two girls during my sophomore year. We talked so much during class that the teacher split us up. She moved me next to a girl named Maudie. The only thing I knew about Maudie was that she was the best friend with the daughter of the prominent pastor (牧师) at the largest Baptist church in Mobile, my hometown, and she often attended some church activities.

In our junior year, we were in the same bookkeeping class. I liked the class but I had some trouble with the study problems. I knew Maudie was smart, so I turned to her. However, she let me know she had no desire to help me without a word.

Then in our senior year, I started working in a grocery store. Maudie came in weekly with her mother and seemed to be a different person. We talked happily as I bagged the groceries and I realized that I had changed as well.

One night as I took the groceries out for her, I asked if she wanted to hang out and go for a ride when I got off work, but she said she had to drive her mother home. I felt rejected but found out later that she was hoping I would offer to pick her up after work.

Several days later I drove past her as she walked home from school and offered her a ride. She accepted and I quickly asked her for a date to a gathering at our church - I'd picked it by design,

thinking she'd be more likely to accept it. And she did. We continued to date steadily until we got married on April 3, 1959.

21. The teacher moved the author next to Maudie because \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. he did not concentrate in class
- B. he fought with those two girls
- C. he needed to get Maudie's help
- D. he volunteered to be moved over

22. When did they feel attracted to each other?

- A. At first sight.
- B. In junior year.
- C. In high school.
- D. In senior year.

23. Why did the author pick the church for their date?

- A. He wanted the pastor's blessing.
- B. Maudie might prefer the activities in church.
- C. The church was close to Maudie's church.
- D. He wanted to get married in the church.

24. The writer develops the passage mainly by \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. following the time order
- B. transferring their locations
- C. showing Maudie's changes
- D. telling the church's history

**B**

Dec 7 is International Civil Aviation Day (国际民航日). Of course, we think immediately of the Wright brothers, the great pioneers who invented and put the first airplane into the sky.

The more you study the efforts the brothers made, the more you admire them. These were men who had a dream - to do what the only birds had been able to do. For thousands of years it had only been a dream and a mad one, too. It's mad because it seemed against nature and mad also because of the dangers involved.

But the Wrights flew up to 100 times a year. It was the process of trial and error that led to them producing a machine that could actually carry people through the air safely.

They were brave men. They showed courage, without which human beings would never have made any progress. A Wright brothers expert, David McCullough, gave an example of their courage. He noted that the brothers never flew together. Why? "If one got killed, the other would still be alive to carry on with the mission," he wrote in his book *The Wright Brothers*.

Determination was all that they had in the beginning. They weren't from fancy, rich backgrounds. No business or university sponsored their efforts. They had to do everything themselves. They put their lives on the line every time they climbed into the pilot's seat.

The philosopher Aristotle had something to say about courage. He said that it is the first of human qualities because it is the quality that guarantees all the others. I can't agree more. Surely the story of the Wright brothers backs up these words. The Wright brothers certainly had a can-do attitude, and they taught us one great lesson: We need courage if we want to see our plans through to the end.

25. What do you know about the Wright brothers?

- A. They flew to the sky together every time.
- B. Lots of businesses helped them to realize their dream.
- C. They invented the plane after the repeated experiments.
- D. International Civil Aviation Day was set up in honor of them.

26. Why is the philosopher Aristotle mentioned in the last paragraph?

- A. To praise the words he said.
- B. To advance another opinion.
- C. To honour the Wright brothers.
- D. To support the author's view.

27. What may be the best title for the passage?

- A. How the first plane was invented
- B. Courage has no limits
- C. The development of the plane
- D. The great pioneers in the world

C

The two Chinese tourists gesturing Hitler salutes in Berlin have left Germany without further criminal punishment, the Chinese Embassy said Monday, urging tourists to respect history and learn basic laws of their travel destinations.

The two tourists, two men aged 36 and 49, respectively, were caught by Berlin officers on a routine on Saturday, when they were taking mobile phone pictures of each other and posing Hitler salute gestures outside the historic landmark Reichstag parliament complex in the center of Berlin.

Zhou Anping, counselor of the Consulate Division of the Chinese Embassy in Germany, told Xinhua that each of the two tourists has been fined for 500 euros and was free from the police. Zhou added that no further criminal punishment would be given. They might have already arrived in Italy on Monday.

The Berlin police told Xinhua that they are not banned from visiting Germany again in the future. Germany has strict laws on hate speeches and symbols linked to Adolf Hitler, a notorious (臭名昭著的) figure in the World War II, and his Nazi Party. It is not the first time that Chinese tourists were caught for posing Hitler-linked gestures. In 2013, a Chinese tourists was arrested for making Hitler salutes in Austria. Zhou urged Chinese visitors to respect history and learn basic laws of their destinations to avoid such offenses.

The two Chinese tourists were widely reproached and criticized in China. Many accused the two of lacking basic knowledge of history about the Nazis and Hitler. “They deserved punishment!” A person with an account named “2sxiong” said on Twitter-like Chinese social media Weibo. “Shame on them!” said another Weibo user.

28. What punishment did the two tourists get?

- A. Each of them got fined.
- B. They were in prison for a week.
- C. The pictures in their mobile phones were deleted.
- D. They were forbidden to visit Germany again.

29. What should we pay attention to when travelling?

- A. Don't take pictures in public.
- B. Avoid the local police officers.
- C. Learn basic laws of destinations.
- D. Prepare enough money for fines.

30. What's the meaning of this underlined word “reproached”?

- A. Punished.
- B. Blamed.
- C. Appreciated.
- D. Praised.

31. What lesson can we learn from the passage?

- A. An evil lesson is soon learned.
- B. Misfortunes never come singly.
- C. A guest must do as his host does.
- D. The day has eyes, the night has ears.

#### D

Clothes play an important role in the conclusions we reach by providing clues to who people are, who they are not, and who they would like to be. They tell us a good deal about the wearer's background, personality, status, mood and social outlook. Since clothes are such an important source of social information, we can use them to win people's good impression. Our appearance assumes particular significance in the beginning of communication. For example, a middle-class person in plain clothes may be barely grouped by a young adult who is dressed in an unconventional manner, regardless of the person's education, background, or interest.

People tend to agree on what certain types of clothes mean. Adolescent girls can easily agree on the lifestyle of girls who wear fancy clothes. Newscasters or the announcers who read the news on TV, are considered to be more convincing honest and competent when they are dressed conservatively. And college students who view themselves as taking an active role in their interpersonal relationships say they are concerned about the costumes they must wear to play these roles successfully. Moreover, many of us can be aware that the clothing we wear change the way we feel about ourselves and how we

act. Perhaps you have used clothing to gain confidence when you are present at a stressful situation, such as a job interview, or a court appearance.

In the workplace, the appearances of men and women are equally important, especially women. How do women gain success in wearing in the business world? They should mix up manliness and womanliness. The variety of clothing alternatives to women has also been greater than that available for men. Male administrators tend to judge women more favorably for managerial post when the women display less “womanliness”, grooming shorter hair, slight use of make-up and plain tailored clothing.

32. The example in paragraph 1 tells us \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. clothes decide on people's personality
- B. we shouldn't judge a person by his or her appearance
- C. the same taste in clothes makes people grouped easily
- D. person's background plays an important part in communication

33. What can we learn from the passage?

- A. Clothing is likely to be a way to attain confidence.
- B. Adolescent girls dislike their fellow students wearing fancy clothes.
- C. Newscasters in fancy clothes are regarded to be convincing.
- D. College students look up to those who are dressed conservatively.

34. If a woman applies for the position of a manager, she should wear clothes of \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. less manliness
- B. more womanliness
- C. complete manliness
- D. less womanliness

35. In which column of a journal can you find the passage?

- A. Fashion.
- B. Lifestyle.
- C. Society.
- D. Economy.

第二节（共5小题；每小题2分，满分10分）

根据短文内容，从短文后的选项选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

There are more things you can do to prevent the purchasing of high-calories foods and make healthier choices when you walk through the aisle in the store.

Make a list. 36 However, I cannot tell you how many of my patients don't do it. start by looking to see what you already have and don't have in the house. Then plan your meals and snacks for the week accordingly. You might want to put this list in your phone so you don't forget it.

Look beyond the ice cream in the frozen food section. No doubt that ice cream is delicious. 37 If you are like the rest of us, forget dessert for now and turn your attention to fruits and vegetables,

which are a healthy choice.

\_\_\_ 38 \_\_\_ My husband doesn't like to stick to my list. If anything, I think he might be against it. When shopping with him, all types of unhealthy items appear in my cart. Whether or not I eat them, I would rather keep them out of the home. \_\_\_ 39 \_\_\_

Forget the unnecessary products. While there are very important items to be found there such as fruits, vegetables and low-fat dairy, there are also nutritious items like canned beans, 100% whole-wheat bread and brown rice. \_\_\_ 40 \_\_\_ That means you shop the entire store. Besides, you should also pay attention to the traps in the store that try to fool you into buying and consuming unnecessary calories.

- A. They are your best choices.
- B. Leave your significant one at home.
- C. Let your husband keep you company.
- D. You might buy those not listed on your list.
- E. Because his health obviously matters to me.
- F. This seems like a relatively easy thing to do.
- G. But it isn't an item that should be on your list weekly.

## 第 II 卷

### 第三部分 语言知识运用（共两节，满分 45 分）

#### 第一节（共 20 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 30 分）

阅读下面短文，从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

Ryan Hickman was born in an American family. When he was three years old, Ryan Hickman visited a \_\_\_ 41 \_\_\_ center in California and found what he wanted to do most. \_\_\_ 42 \_\_\_, the next day as he greeted his dad, Damion, he made a(n) \_\_\_ 43 \_\_\_. "I'm going to pick up all the bottles and cans from everyone in the \_\_\_ 44 \_\_\_. I'll start a new \_\_\_ 45 \_\_\_ myself!"

It's never too \_\_\_ 46 \_\_\_ to start a business, though there're no other staff but himself when the company was started. Today, Ryan, aged seven, the world's \_\_\_ 47 \_\_\_ garbage man, is the CEO, manager and \_\_\_ 48 \_\_\_ of Ryan's recycling company. Though Ryan says he doesn't remember what made it all start, he remains \_\_\_ 49 \_\_\_ about what he is doing. When questioned why he did so, he said, "it's \_\_\_ 50 \_\_\_ bottles get to the ocean, and then animals get sick and die." Ryan's neighbours have been \_\_\_ 51 \_\_\_ to the little boy's knocking for their recycled goods. More and more \_\_\_ 52 \_\_\_ ones call to ask for a



pickup or even 53 bags of bottles and cans at Hickmans' door. At school, Ryan's favorite activity is helping the dustmen 54 the trash and taking away the recyclable. "My wife and I support him and we told him that whenever he wants to 55, he can," Damion said. "I want to see him with friends, but the recycling just makes him 56. He has actually 57 five of his friends to join him."

According to Damion, Ryan has 58 over \$11,000 through recycling bottles and cans. Ryan says he wants to buy a large trash truck to be 59 with enough garbage and become a 60 garbage man.

- |                      |                 |                 |                 |
|----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 41. A. recycling     | B. financial    | C. delivering   | D. industrial   |
| 42. A. Amazingly     | B. Terribly     | C. Fortunately  | D. Ridiculously |
| 43. A. bet           | B. announcement | C. speech       | D. comment      |
| 44. A. country       | B. city         | C. neighborhood | D. company      |
| 45. A. investigation | B. life         | C. business     | D. study        |
| 46. A. old           | B. weak         | C. early        | D. late         |
| 47. A. cleverest     | B. busiest      | C. wealthiest   | D. youngest     |
| 48. A. employee      | B. colleague    | C. trainee      | D. customer     |
| 49. A. skeptical     | B. unbearable   | C. optimistic   | D. enthusiastic |
| 50. A. why           | B. that         | C. because      | D. when         |
| 51. A. opposed       | B. accustomed   | C. linked       | D. devoted      |
| 52. A. talkative     | B. satisfied    | C. educated     | D. supportive   |
| 53. A. throw away    | B. put up       | C. lay down     | D. pull out     |
| 54. A. desert        | B. circulate    | C. separate     | D. wipe         |
| 55. A. start         | B. quit         | C. continue     | D. back         |
| 56. A. delighted     | B. upset        | C. relaxed      | D. exhausted    |
| 57. A. persuaded     | B. commanded    | C. forced       | D. instructed   |
| 58. A. raised        | B. spent        | C. wasted       | D. saved        |
| 59. A. surrounded    | B. provided     | C. equipped     | D. loaded       |
| 60. A. cautions      | B. true         | C. brave        | D. generous     |

第二节（共 10 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 15 分）

阅读下面短文，在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

China 61 (drink) tea since the time of Shennong, 5,000 years ago. Though Britain's

relationship with tea is far 62 (short), tea plays the most important part as the UK's national drink. In fact the UK Tea Council claims Britons drink 63 average of three cups a day. With figures like these, it is no surprise that time 64 (spend) taking tea takes up the working day of the British. A recent survey found that 24 minutes a day are lost to making, buying and drinking tea and coffee. This equals 65 £400 a year in lost hours per person, or 190 days over a lifetime.

So, should bosses be worried about this lost working time, or can the tea break 66 (make) up for in other ways? One opinion supporting it is that a drink of tea or coffee can cause you 67 (be) energetic and help you focus on work. However, Professor Rogers of the University of Bristol disagrees. After years of studying caffeine he doesn't see any evidence 68 shows tea improves mental 69 (perform). "Workers would perform equally well if not drinking at all," he says. "But if they are drinking tea frequently and then go without 70, they'll feel tired and won't perform well."

#### 第四部分 写作 (共两节, 满分 35 分)

##### 第一节 短文改错 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

假定英语课上老师要求同桌之间交换修改作文, 请你修改你同桌写的以下作文。文中共有 10 处语言错误, 每句中最多有两处。错误涉及一个单词的增加、删除或修改。

增加: 在缺词处加一个漏字符号 (∧), 并在其下面写出该加的词。

删除: 把多余的词用斜线 (\) 划掉。

修改: 在错的词下划一横线, 并在该词下面写出修改后的词。

注意: 1. 每处错误及其修改均仅限一词;

2. 只允许修改 10 处, 多者 (从第 11 处起) 不计分。

Nowadays we are living in an information age, when TV, cellphones and the web are using widely. It seems that many people can't enjoy himself without them. However, were I to give up one of them, I will turn off my TV, but not cutting off the Internet. The reason is because there are few shows I fancy and there are too many commercials. What's worse, most programs on the TV are also available somewhere else. Not only cellphones but also the web are necessary for me. I need a cellphone to keep touch with my friends and family. And almost all informations can be gathered on the Internet.

##### 第二节 书面表达 (满分 25 分)

假如你是中学生李华。你校将开设英国文学选修课, 需招聘一名外教。你认为在英国交换学习时的导师 Mr.

Smith 非常适合，所以你写信告诉他这一消息，希望他能来你校任教。要点如下：

1. 学校招聘条件；
2. 希望老师应聘；
3. 其他。

注意：

1. 词数 100 左右；
2. 可以适当增加细节，以使行文连贯。

Dear Mr. Smith,

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Yours,

Li Hua



# 英语试题答案

## 第 I 卷

### 第一部分 听力 (共两节, 满分 30 分)

1-5 CBBA 6-10 BCACA 11-15 BAACB 16-20 BCACC

### 第二部分 阅读理解 (共两节, 满分 40 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题: 每小题 2 分, 满分 30 分)

21-25 ADBAC 26-30 DBACB 31-35 CCADC

第二节 (共 5 小题, 每小题 2 分, 满分 10 分)

36-40 FGBED

## 第 II 卷

### 第三部分 英语知识运用 (共两节, 满分 45 分)

第一节 完形填空 (共 20 小题: 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 30 分)

41-45 AABCC 46-50 CDADC 51-55 BDCCB 56-60 AADDB

第二节 (共 10 小题: 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

61. has been drinking 62. shorter 63. an 64. spent 65. to

66. be made 67. to be 68. that 69. performance 70. it

### 第四部分 写作 (共两节 满分 35)

第一节 短文改错 (共 10 小题: 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

Nowadays we are living in an information age, when TV, cellphones and the web are using  
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widely. It seems that many people can't enjoy himself without them. However, were I to give up  
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one of them, I will turn off my TV, but not cutting off the Internet. The reason is because there  
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few shows I fancy and there are too many commercials. What's worse, most programs on the TV  
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are also available somewhere else. Not only cellphones but also the web are necessary to me. I  
is  
need a cellphone to keep touch with my friends and family. And almost all informations can be

in

information

gathered on the Internet.

## 第二节 书面表达 (满 25 分)

One possible version

Dear Mr Smith,

How is everything going on? I've got a piece of exciting news that our school will employ a foreign teacher. Considering you're the very person who is equal to it, I'm writing to invite you to work in our school.

With us students' increasing demand for knowledge, our school will set up an optional course — British Literature. Thus, a foreign teacher is wanted. The following is the qualification, which is that he or she, healthy and outgoing, should be an English native speaker and major in Education. It is preferred that he or she has teaching experience. I think it's you that are qualified for the post. More importantly, you're always dreaming of having a better understanding of Chinese culture. It's the best chance you won't miss.

Looking forward to your reply.

Yours,

Li Hua

(云南省昆明市第一中学 2018 届高三第五次月考用稿)