

2023 北京北大附中高一 3 月月考

英 语

注意事项

- 1.考试时间：90 分钟，满分：100 分。
- 2.所有试题答案必须写在答题纸的规定位置，超出范围无效。
- 3.使用黑色字迹的签字笔或钢笔答题，不得使用铅笔答题。不能使用涂改液、胶带纸、修正带修改。
- 4.考试结束后，只提交答题纸，试卷自己留存。

第一部分：知识运用(共三节，50 分)

第一节 完形填空(共 10 小题;每小题 1.5 分，共 15 分)

阅读下面短文，掌握其大意，从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项，并在答题纸上将该项涂黑。

In 1482, the year he turned thirty, Leonardo da Vinci left Florence for Milan, where he would end up spending the next seventeen years. Because he was an aspiring polymath (博学家), he enjoyed that Milan was 1 with scholars and intellectuals in a wide variety of fields.

Da Vinci regarded himself as the equal of any other in architecture and the composition of buildings. But for his first few years in Milan, he didn't get any task. He could only pursue his architectural interest mainly on 2.

The best example was his set of plans for a utopian city, which was a favorite topic for Italian Renaissance artists and architects. Milan was 3 plague at that time. Leonardo realized that the disease was spread by dirty conditions. He didn't focus on small 4 in engineering and design. 5, on multiple pages composed in 1487, he proposed a great concept, one that combined his 6 sensibilities with his visions as an urban engineer: an ideal city planned for health and beauty.

Da Vinci regarded cities as living 7 that breathe and have fluids that circulate (循环) and waste that needs to move. He then 8 a circulation system for urban needs, ranging from commerce to waste removal.

Da Vinci's vision of the city was pitifully 9. If he had the opportunity of carrying out part of his plan, the nature of cities might have been transformed, with the damage of plagues greatly 10.

- | | | | |
|---------------------|----------------|-------------------|----------------|
| 1. A. burdened | B. filled | C. covered | D. concerned |
| 2. A. paper | B. devices | C. landscape | D. brochures |
| 3. A. sweeping away | B. focusing on | C. suffering from | D. looking for |
| 4. A. presentations | B. guidelines | C. improvements | D. movements |
| 5. A. However | B. Somehow | C. Meanwhile | D. Instead |
| 6. A. artistic | B. musical | C. athletic | D. academic |
| 7. A. communities | B. spaces | C. conditions | D. creatures |
| 8. A. built | B. designed | C. imagined | D. painted |

9. A. impossible B. incomplete C. impractical D. incorrect
10. A. reduced B. realized C. avoided D. managed

第二节 语法填空(共 10 小题;每小题 1.5 分, 共 15 分)

A

阅读下面短文, 根据短文内容填空。在未给提示词的空白处仅填写 1 个适当的单词, 在给出提示词的空白处用括号内所给词的正确形式填空。

Before the award ceremony began, several famous actors and actresses graced the red carpet, as fans were 11 (eager) waiting for their arrival. Many wondered who 12 (take) home the big awards. As the night went on, the tension grew, and the audience held their breath as the winners were announced one by one. All the winners were glorious when they stepped onto the stage 13 they accepted their awards and thanked their colleagues, families, and fans for their support.

B

阅读下面短文, 根据短文内容填空。在未给提示词的空白处仅填写 1 个适当的单词, 在给出提示词的空白处用括号内所给词的正确形式填空。

Despite 14 (face) numerous challenges in her career, the groundbreaking musician remained determined 15 (push) boundaries and explore new sounds. Throughout her life, she continued to innovate and inspire others with her commitment to her art. As she approached her final years, she reflected on the impact she had made on the music world and felt 16 (satisfy) with her achievements. Her legacy continues to inspire future generations of musicians and fans alike.

C

阅读下面短文, 根据短文内容填空。在未给提示词的空白处仅填写 1 个适当的单词, 在给出提示词的空白处用括号内所给词的正确形式填空。

Musk is widely recognized as one of the most influential 17 (figure) of our time. He founded SpaceX, a private space exploration company 18 has revolutionized the aerospace industry with its reusable rockets. He has also been an advocate for sustainable energy solutions, 19 which his cutting-edge company Tesla has played a crucial role. All these achievements have led him to 20 (admire) as one of the most creative men in modern history.

第三节 课文填空(共 10 小题;每小题 2 分, 共 20 分)

阅读下面短文, 根据课文的内容在空白处填上正确的单词或短语。每空一词。

Christopher Reeve is not only known as a superhero in the *Superman* films, but also regarded a superhero in real life. Reeve 21 in four *Superman* films from 1978 to 1987, and soon gained a reputation for 22 for good causes. Unfortunately, in 1995 disaster struck Reeve. While horseback riding, he was thrown off his horse and broke his neck. His injuries were so 23 that he had no movement or feeling in his body at all and even needed a machine to help him breathe. 24 in a broken body was like a living nightmare to him. He fell into a 25 which lasted for many months. It was only 26 the ongoing support of his family and friends that he eventually found the will to live again. He 27 a wide range of exercises designed to rebuild muscle, and made 28. Shortly after, he 29 return to his film career and charity work. His positive attitude inspired many people who were 30 illness.

第二部分：阅读理解(共两节，30分)

第一节(共10小题;每小题2分，共20分)

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中，选出最佳选项，并在答题纸上将该项涂黑。

A

Guan Shanyue Art Museum

Shenzhen artists are sending hope and gratitude to the Chinese COVID-19 frontline workers through 215 artworks at the “We Are Together” exhibition running until May 17. The paintings, sculptures, photographs and music videos show medical workers, delivery men, cleaners, police officers and volunteers working tirelessly during the outbreak. Meanwhile, a selection of master Guan Shanyue’s paintings featuring flowers and birds are also on display until July.

Hours: 9 a.m.-12 p.m.; 2 p.m.-4:30 p.m., closed Mondays.

He Xiangning Art Museum

Selected paintings by master He Xiangning are offering an in-depth review of her revolutionary and artistic career. The paintings mainly portray plum blossoms, pine trees, lions, tigers, and landscapes. Meanwhile, contemporary Chinese oil paintings produced in the past 30 years are also on display at the “As Time Goes By” exhibition until May 5.

Hours: 9:30 a.m.-4:30 p.m., closed Mondays.

MixC Shenzhen Bay

The “Fantastic Dali” exhibition, running until May 5, presents an unimaginable world of 200 artworks by Spanish master Salvador Dali. Another exhibition running until May 28 features painting “Along the River During the Qingming Festival” by Ming artist Qiu Ying(1494-1552)and vivid scenes for visitors to take photos.

Hours(Dali):10 a.m.-7 p.m.(Mon.-Fri.), 10 a.m.-9 p.m.(Sat.-Sun.)

Hours(Qiu Ying): 10 a.m.-9 p.m., closed Mondays.

Cartoon Museum

At this exhibition, you can come behind the scenes with us to see how cartoon characters are created in the past 30 years. You can feel the moon dust flying into your face or take part in a wildlife adventure in our 3D cinema. You will search for and see elephants, rhinos, buffalos, lions and leopards, closely but safely with advanced 3D technology.

Hours: 9 a.m.-6:30 p.m., closed Mondays.

31. What are on display in Guan Shanyue Art Museum?

- A. Artworks by a Spanish master.
- B. Paintings by master He Xiangning.
- C. Cartoon characters in the past decades.
- D. Artworks honoring COVID-19 fighters.

32. Which exhibition is possible to visit on Mondays?

- A. “We Are Together”.
- B. “Fantastic Dali”.
- C. “As Time Goes By”.
- D. “Along the River During the Qingming Festival”.

33. Where is this text probably taken from?

- A. A novel.
C. An art website.
- B. A comic book.
D. A scientific journal.

B

The True Story Behind “Clouds” and the Real Zach Sobiech

This Friday, Disney will release the movie “Clouds,” an inspiring film about a teenage songwriter Zach Sobiech who rose to fame before passing away from osteosarcoma, a deadly bone cancer. The movie chronicles Zach’s senior year of high school and the last year of his life. But how much of “Clouds” is based on the real Zach Sobiech?

The real Zach Sobiech was a teenager and singer/songwriter from Stillwater, Minnesota. He was diagnosed with osteosarcoma at the age of 14. A few years later, doctors told him his cancer was terminal. That’s when Zach decided to write a handful of songs to say goodbye to his friends and family. His most popular song, “Clouds,” went viral, first in his home state of Minnesota, then across the United States and around the world.

Before Zach passed away, he and his family decided to create the Zach Sobiech Osteosarcoma Fund to raise money for better treatments and cures for osteosarcoma. Proceeds from Zach’s music go towards his fund, which has raised millions for osteosarcoma research. Zach was inspired to give back in this way not only because of his own struggle with osteosarcoma, but because he watched other kids go through harsh cancer treatments alongside him.

“I often think about a moment during Zach’s fight where he was sharing a hospital room with a young boy, who also had cancer.” Laura, Zach’s mom, said. “He said to me, ‘Mom, if I had to die so that little boy could live, I would.’ Ever since, that’s been the goal of the Zach Sobiech Osteosarcoma Fund—to use Zach’s story and legacy to fund research that will save the lives of kids with osteosarcoma.”

In the seven years since Zach’s death, researchers funded by the Zach Sobiech Osteosarcoma Fund have made many new genetic discoveries about osteosarcoma and opened a clinical trial for a new drug to treat the disease.

“Without the Zach Sobiech Osteosarcoma Fund, we would not have the core of researchers and scientists and dedicated effort for patients with osteosarcoma,” said Brenda, a cancer researcher at the University of Minnesota.

34. From the passage, what can we learn about “Clouds”?

- A. The movie is about the last year of Zach’s high school.
B. The movie was named after a popular song written by Zach.
C. It is a song only popular in Zach’s home state Minnesota, USA.
D. It is a song designed for an inspiring movie with the same name.

35. Zach and his family decided to create the Zach Sobiech Osteosarcoma Fund to ____.

- A. help people to regain hope
B. fund Osteosarcoma research
C. fight against several cancers
D. raise money for sick children

36. Which of the following words can best describe Zach Sobiech?

- A. Motivated and humble.
C. Empathetic and selfless.
- B. Talented and humorous.
D. Determined and modest.

C

In 1840, the French painter Paul Delaroche saw the first daguerreotype — an early photographic process —

and declared that “from today, painting is dead”. One can understand him feeling threatened by the technology, but we know now he was dead wrong: instead, that year marked the birth of the art of photography.

Throughout history, there’s been fierce debate about the boundary between science and the arts. It continues in the form of the great AI debate. In February this year, the winning photo in an Australian photography competition was created entirely by artificial intelligence; and months earlier, a man used text-to-image software to take out the top prize in the Colorado Art Fair. The software can use billions of online images, identified by digital labelling from innovations like alt text. But the question remains: do AI art generators copy or steal other artists’ work?

“Unlike copying/stealing, there’s also taking inspiration,” artist Koach argues. “This accumulation (积累) of seeing and remembering art from other artists will, at one point, become apparent and trigger inspiration. Isn’t this the machine’s way of ‘taking inspiration’?”

The artistic community seems split. Some celebrate the removal of barriers into the art industry; anyone can be an artist these days. Others are joining class actionis, accusing the tech companies of stealing art without credit, consent or compensation.

As a journalist, I’m fascinated but horrified by the development. Apps like Stable Diffusion, Dall-E and Midjourney can imagine a deserted island in the style of Monet. But if you ask for images of a CEO, it’s generally an older white male. Nurses? Almost all female. While humans are biased (有偏见的), technology is copying the unfairness at scale.

By contrary, Koach is keen to reframe AI art as simply another design tool. “The artist and the technology are intertwined throughout the creative process,” he says. He looks for a hopeful future: “AI art might shift our values away from, ‘Does this image have all the colours, compositions and styles that I want to?’” ‘Is this image meaningful or special in some other way?’.”

But if we want to live with this technology, we need to be proactive. Learn about the complexity and bias within AI and keep a close eye on where it’s going. Regulate the industry to protect users and creators. And outsmart the algorithms (算法).

37. What can we learn from the first two paragraphs?

- A. The appearance of AI art signals the death of painting.
- B. There is still no clear line between science and the arts.
- C. Photos created by artificial intelligence are widely favored.
- D. AI art generators like text-to-image software are innovative.

38. As for AI art, what would the artist Koach agree with?

- A. AI art will change our values about technology.
- B. AI art will make everyone an artist in the future.
- C. The creation of AI art is inspired by other artists.
- D. AI artists are more creative due to the technology.

39. What shows the bias copied by technology?

- A. The technology is a threat to traditional artists.
- B. Tech companies are stealing other artists’ work
- C. Apps can paint a deserted island in Monet’s style.
- D. AI has a fixed image of a particular type of person.

40. Regarding the development of AI art, the author suggests_____.

- A. making AI art another art design too
- B. taking active steps to control the situation
- C. copying Monet's painting style and works
- D. preventing the use of AI in the production of artworks

第二节(共 5 小题;每小题 2 分, 共 10 分)

根据短文内容, 从短文后的七个选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

What Makes Art Valuable?

Why do people buy art? An even bigger question is, why do people pay tens of millions of dollars to own art? Is it for status, prestige(威望), and approval from peers? One thing to remember is that value isn't only linked to its artist quality._____41_____

Provenance

In the art world, an artwork's value can be the result of provenance. In other words, who has owned the painting in the past._____42_____The masterpiece went from a value of less than \$10,000 when David Rockefeller first owned it, to upwards of \$72 million when it was later sold by Sotheby's.

The Thrill of Auction(拍卖)

The salerooms at Christie's or Sotheby's are full of billionaires—or better yet, their advisors._____43_____They know when to bump up a lot and when to slightly tip the scales. They're running the show and it's their job to make sure the highest bidder(出价者)has a shot and that values soar.

Historical Significance

Historical significance works in a couple of ways when it comes to determining the value of art. Firstly, you can consider the piece in terms of its importance to art history in its genre. For example, a painting by Claude Monet is worth more than other more recent impressionist work since Monet changed the standard of art history and impressionism as a whole._____44_____After all, art is often a reflection of the culture of its time and as it became a product, art was affected by political and historical changes.

_____45_____Whether in a perfect storm of passion and desire or a calculated risk of business deals and rewards, art collectors continue to spend millions upon millions each year at art auctions. What makes art valuable beyond the cost of supplies and labor? We may never truly understand.

- A. World history also affects the value of art.
- B. It's interesting to explore what makes art valuable.
- C. It seems as though all of these factors combine to determine the value of art.
- D. Auctioneers are skilled salesmen who help raise those prices up and up and up.
- E. It's obvious that changes in politics have a historical effect on the value of art to different people.
- F. For instance, art describing beautiful women tends to be sold for higher prices than that of beautiful men.
- G. For example, Mark Rothko's *White Center* was owned by the Rockefeller family, one of America's most powerful dynasties.

第三部分: 书面表达(20 分)

46. 假设你是红星中学高一学生李华。通过网上得知英国一所中学正在全球范围内向高中学生征集画作进行展出。请写一封邮件咨询相关事项，内容包括：

1. 写信目的；

2. 咨询相关信息(主题，作品形式，提交方式等，...);

3. 表示感谢。

注意：

1. 词数 150 左右；

2. 可以适当增加细节，使行文连贯。

Dear Sir/Madam,

Yours faithfully,

Li Hua

参考答案

第一部分：知识运用(共三节，50分)

第一节 完形填空(共10小题;每小题1.5分，共15分)

【答案】1. B 2. A 3. C 4. C 5. D 6. A 7. D 8. B 9. C 10. A

【解析】

【导语】本文是一篇记叙文。文章讲述了达芬奇设计出健康而美丽的理想城市规划的故事。

【1题详解】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：因为他是一个有抱负的博学家，他喜欢米兰充满了不同领域的学者和知识分子。A. burdened 负担；B. filled 充满；C. covered 覆盖；D. concerned 涉及。根据下文的“scholars and intellectuals in a wide variety of fields”可知，此处是指“米兰充满了不同领域的学者和知识分子”。故选B项。

【2题详解】

考查名词词义辨析。句意：他只能主要在纸上追求自己对建筑的兴趣。A. paper 纸张；B. devices 设备；C. landscape 景观；D. brochures 宣传册。根据上一句“But for his first few years in Milan, he didn't get any task.”和下一段的第一句话“The best example was his set of plans for a utopian city, which was a favorite topic for Italian Renaissance artists and architects.”可知，达芬奇没有接到任何建筑设计上的任务，所以他只能主要在纸上追求自己对建筑的兴趣，也就是他只能把自己的设计展现在纸上。故选A项。

【3题详解】

考查动词短语辨析。句意：那时米兰正遭受瘟疫之苦。A. sweeping away 扫除；B. focusing on 专注于；C. suffering from 遭受；D. looking for 寻找。根据下文的“... the disease was spread by dirty conditions”可知，那时米兰正遭受瘟疫之苦。故选C项。

【4题详解】

考查名词词义辨析。句意：他不关注工程和设计上的小改进。A. presentations 演示；B. guidelines 指导方针；C. improvements 改进；D. movements 运动。根据下文的“... he proposed a great concept, one that combined his _____ 6 _____ sensibilities with his visions as an urban engineer: an ideal city planned for health and beauty.”，可知，他不关注小的改进，而是有大的计划、概念。故选C项。

【5题详解】

考查副词词义辨析。句意：相反，在1487年的几页作品中，他提出了一个伟大的概念，一个将他的艺术鉴赏力与他作为城市工程师的愿景结合起来的观念：一个为健康和美丽而规划的理想城市。A. However 然而；B. Somehow 不知怎么的；C. Meanwhile 同时；D. Instead 相反。根据句意可知，空格后的句子和空格前的句子在意义上是相反、对比关系。故选D项。

【6题详解】

考查形容词词义辨析。句意：相反，在1487年的几页作品中，他提出了一个伟大的概念，一个将他的艺术鉴赏力与他作为城市工程师的愿景结合起来的观念：一个为健康和美丽而规划的理想城市。A. artistic 艺

术的; B. musical 音乐的; C. athletic 运动的; D. academic 学术的。根据空格后的名词 sensibility(鉴赏力)和句末的名词 beauty 可知, 此处肯定指的是他的“艺术鉴赏力”。故选 A 项。

【7 题详解】

考查名词词义辨析。句意: 达·芬奇认为城市是有生命的生物, 有呼吸、循环的液体和需要移除的废物。

A. communities 社区; B. spaces 空间; C. conditions 条件; D. creatures 生物。根据下文的“... breathe and have fluids that circulate (循环) and waste that needs to move.”可知, 达芬奇把城市看作是有生命的生物。故选 D 项。

【8 题详解】

考查动词词义辨析。句意: 然后, 他设计了一个满足城市需求的流通系统, 从商业到废物清除。A. built 建造; B. designed 设计; C. imagined 想象; D. painted 把……描绘成。根据上一段的“as an urban engineer”和下一段的句子“If he had the opportunity of carrying out part of his plan, the nature of cities might have been transformed, with the damage of plagues greatly _____ 10 _____.”可知, 达芬奇是城市工程师, 所以他肯定是设计了这么一个系统。故选 B 项。

【9 题详解】

考查形容词词义辨析。句意: 达·芬奇对座城市的想象是不完整的, 令人遗憾。A. impossible 不可能的; B. incomplete 不完整的; C. impractical 不切实际的; D. incorrect 不正确的。根据下文的“If he had the opportunity of carrying out part of his plan...”可知, 达芬奇对座城市的设想在当时一定是不切实际的, 所以他的计划没有实施。故选 C 项。

【10 题详解】

考查动词词义辨析。句意: 如果他有可能会实现他的部分计划, 城市的性质可能会发生改变, 瘟疫的危害会大大降低。A. reduced 减少; B. realized 实现; C. avoided 避免; D. managed 管理。根据第三段的句子“Milan was _____ 3 _____ plague at that time. Leonardo realized that the disease was spread by dirty conditions. ...an ideal city planned for health and beauty.”可知, 达芬奇知道瘟疫传播的原因, 所以他设计的城市是健康而美丽的, 所以如果他有可能会实现他的部分计划, 瘟疫的危害会大大降低。故选 A 项。

第二节 语法填空(共 10 小题;每小题 1.5 分, 共 15 分)

【答案】11. eagerly

12. would take

13. where

【解析】

【导语】这是一篇说明文。颁奖典礼开始前, 几位著名的男女演员走上了红毯, 粉丝们热切地等待着他们的到来。许多人都想知道谁会捧回大奖。随着晚会的进行, 气氛越来越紧张, 当获奖者一个个被宣布时, 观众们都屏住了呼吸。当所有的获奖者走上舞台领奖并感谢他们的同事、家人和粉丝的支持时, 他们都很辉煌。

【11 题详解】

考查副词。句意: 颁奖典礼开始前, 几位著名的男女演员走上了红毯, 粉丝们热切地等待着他们的到来。

修饰动词 wait 应用副词 eagerly, 故填 eagerly。

【12 题详解】

考查时态。句意：许多人都想知道谁会捧回大奖。空处为宾语从句的谓语动词，主句为一般过去时，而从句陈述的动作还未发生，故此处为过去将来时，故填 would take。

【13 题详解】

考查定语从句。句意：当所有的获奖者走上舞台领奖并感谢他们的同事、家人和粉丝的支持时，他们都很辉煌。定语从句修饰先行词 stage, 从句缺少地点状语，故用 where 引导。故填 where。

【答案】14. facing

15. to push

16. satisfied

【解析】

【导语】这是一篇说明文。讲述了一位开创性的音乐家的故事。

【14 题详解】

考查动名词。句意：尽管在她的职业生涯中面临许多挑战，这位开创性的音乐家仍然决心突破界限，探索新的声音。despite “尽管”为介词，所以其后用动名词，故填 facing。

【15 题详解】

考查不定式。句意同上。短语：be determined to do sth. “决定做某事”，所以空处用不定式 to push, 故填 to push。

【16 题详解】

考查形容词。句意：临近生命的最后几年，她反思了自己对音乐世界的影响，并对自己的成就感到满意。空处在句中为表语，所以此处用形容词 satisfied, 表示她的感受，故填 satisfied。

【答案】17. figures

18. which##that 19. in

20. be admired

【解析】

【导语】这是一篇记叙文。文章讲述了马斯克的成就。

【17 题详解】

考查名词复数。句意：马斯克被广泛认为是我们这个时代最有影响力的物之一。短语：one of + 最高级 + 名词复数，表示“最……之一”，所以空处用名词复数 figures, 故填 figures。

【18 题详解】

考查定语从句。句意：他创立了 SpaceX, 一家私人太空探索公司，用可重复使用的火箭彻底改变了航空航天工业。分析句子可知，空处及之后的内容为定语从句，先行词为 company, 在从句中作主语，所以用关系代词 which/that, 故填 which/that。

【19 题详解】

考查介词。句意：他还是可持续能源解决方案的倡导者，他的尖峰集团特斯拉(Tesla)在这方面发挥了关键作用。短语：play a role in “在……起作用”，此处为把介词 in 提前，使用介词+关系代词的定语从句，故

填 in。

【20 题详解】

考查动词不定式。句意：考查不定式的被动语态。句意：所有这些成就使得他被尊为现代历史上最具创造力的人之一。短语：lead sb. to do sth.“使某人做某事”，句中 him 和动词 admire 为动宾关系，所以此处用不定式的被动，根据句中提示，所以空处填 be admired，故填 be admired。

第三节 课文填空(共 10 小题;每小题 2 分，共 20 分)

【答案】21. starred

22. raising awareness

23. severe 24. Being trapped

25. depression

26. due to 27. engaged in

28. progress

29. managed to

30. stuck in

【解析】

【导语】这是一篇记叙文。文章讲述了 Christopher Reeve 的故事。

【21 题详解】

考查动词。句意：Reeve 在 1978 年至 1987 年间主演了四部超人电影，并很快因为提高人们对公益事业的认识而声名鹊起。根据下文 “in four Superman films from 1978 to 1987” 可知，此处的含义“主演”，动词 star 符合题意，结合句中时间“from 1978 to 1987”可知，时态为一般过去时，故填 starred。

【22 题详解】

考查短语。句意同上。根据句意可知，此处表示“因为提高人们对公益事业的认识而声名鹊起”，短语：raise awareness for good causes “提高对公益事业的认识”符合题意，空前为介词，所以 raise 用动名词 raising，故填 raising awareness。

【23 题详解】

考查形容词。句意：他的伤势非常严重，身体完全没有任何活动或感觉，甚至需要一台机器帮助他呼吸。根据下文 “he had no movement or feeling in his body at all and even needed a machine to help him breathe.” 可知，他的身体完全没有任何活动或感觉，甚至需要一台机器帮助他呼吸，可推知，此处指他的伤势严重，形容词 severe “严重的”符合题意，故填 severe。

【24 题详解】

考查短语。句意：被困在一个破碎的身体里对他来说就像一个活生生的噩梦。根据前文可知他的伤势很严重，使得他的身体完全没有任何活动或感觉，甚至需要一台机器帮助他呼吸，因而在他看来自己是被困在这么一个破碎的身体里，短语：be trapped in “被困住”，空处在句中为主语，所以用动名词形式，故填 Being trapped。

【25 题详解】

考查名词。句意：他陷入了持续数月的抑郁症。结合前文 “___ in a broken body was like a living nightmare

to him.”可知，这是他在自己受伤后的认知，所以此处指这种认知导致他患了抑郁症。depression “抑郁”符合题意，故填 depression。

【26 题详解】

考查短语。句意：只有在家人和朋友的不断支持下，他才最终找到了重生的意愿。根据句意可知，此处表示“由于”含义，空后 “the ongoing support of his family and friends” 为名词短语，所以此处用介词短语 due to，符合题意，故填 due to。

【27 题详解】

考查短语和时态。句意：他进行了广泛的锻炼，旨在重建肌肉，并取得了进展。根据前文可知，他的受伤发生在过去，所以空处的时态为一般过去时；短语：engage in “从事”符合题意，故填 engaged in。

【28 题详解】

考查短语。句意同上。根据前文 “a wide range of exercises designed to rebuild muscle,” 及下文 “Shortly after, he ____ return to his film career” 可知，经过锻炼后他取得进展，短语：make progress “取得进步”，故填 progress。

【29 题详解】

考查时态和短语。句意：不久之后，他成功回到他的电影事业和慈善工作。根据句意可知，此处用“设法完成”含义，短语：manage to do sth. “设法完成某事”符合题意，结合前文，讲述的事情发生在过去，所以空处的时态为一般过去时，故填 managed to。

【30 题详解】

考查短语。句意：他积极的态度激励了许多生病的人。结合句意，此处指“生病的人”，短语：be stuck in “陷入，被困住”，符合题意，故填 stuck in。

第二部分：阅读理解(共两节，30 分)

第一节(共 10 小题;每小题 2 分，共 20 分)

【答案】 31. D 32. B 33. C

【解析】

【导语】 本文是一篇应用文。文章介绍的是四处美术馆的展览项目。

【31 题详解】

细节理解题。根据 Guan Shanyue Art Museum 部分中 “Shenzhen artists are sending hope and gratitude to the Chinese COVID-19 frontline workers through 215 artworks at the “We Are Together” exhibition running until May 17. (“我们在一起”展览将持续到5月17日，深圳艺术家们通过215件作品向中国抗击新冠肺炎的一线工作人员传递希望和感激。)”可知，在该艺术博物馆中展出的是纪念新冠肺炎战士的艺术品。故选 D。

【32 题详解】

细节理解题。根据 MixC Shenzhen Bay 部分中 “Hours (Dali): 10 a. m. -7 p. m. (Mon. -Fri.), 10 a. m. -9 p. m. (Sat. -Sun)” (时间(大理): 上午10点至晚上7点(周一至周五)上午10点至晚上9点(星期六至日))”可知，Fantastic Dali 该活动可以在周一参加的。故选 B。

【33 题详解】

推理判断题。通读全文，文章介绍了四个艺术博物馆中举办的艺术展览活动的相关情况，故推断文章选自一个与艺术有关的网站。故选 C。

【答案】34. B 35. B 36. C

【解析】

【导语】这是一篇说明文。文章主要讲述了电影《云》背后的真实故事与真实的扎克·索比奇（Zach Sobiech）的故事。

【34 题详解】

推理判断题。根据第一段中 “This Friday, Disney will release the movie “Clouds,” an inspiring film about a teenage songwriter Zach Sobiech who rose to fame before passing away from osteosarcoma, a deadly bone cancer. The movie chronicles Zach’s senior year of high school and the last year of his life. ”（本周五，迪士尼将发行电影《云》，这是一部鼓舞人心的电影，讲述了一个十几岁的作曲家扎克·索比奇在死于骨肉瘤(一种致命的骨癌)之前成名的故事。这部电影记录了扎克高中的最后一年和他生命的最后一年。)第二段中 “That’s when Zach decided to write a handful of songs to say goodbye to his friends and family. His most popular song, “Clouds,” went viral, first in his home state of Minnesota, then across the United States and around the world.”

（就在那时扎克决定写几首歌向他的朋友和家人告别。他最受欢迎的歌曲《云》在网上疯传，先是在他的家乡明尼苏达州，然后是在美国和世界各地。）可知，电影《云》讲述了十几岁的作曲家扎克·索比奇的成名故事，电影记录了他在高中的最后一年和他生命的最后一年。歌曲《云》是扎克写出来向他的朋友和家人告别。可推知，电影是以扎克的歌曲命名的。故选 B。

【35 题详解】

推理判断题。根据第三段中 “Before Zach passed away, he and his family decided to create the Zach Sobiech Osteosarcoma Fund to raise money for better treatments and cures for osteosarcoma. Proceeds from Zach’s music go towards his fund, which has raised millions for osteosarcoma research. ”（扎克去世之前，他和他的家人决定创建扎克索比奇骨肉瘤基金，以筹集更好的治疗和治愈骨肉瘤的资金。扎克的音乐收入用于他的基金已经为骨肉瘤研究筹集了数百万美元。）及倒数第二段 “In the seven years since Zach’s death, researchers funded by the Zach Sobiech Osteosarcoma Fund have made many new genetic discoveries about osteosarcoma and opened a clinical trial for a new drug to treat the disease.”（扎克去世后的七年里，由扎克·索比奇骨肉瘤基金会资助的研究人员在骨肉瘤的基因方面有了许多新的发现，并开始了一种治疗这种疾病的新药的临床试验。）可推知，扎克和他的家人决定创建扎克索比奇骨肉瘤基金的目的是资助研究人员在骨肉瘤的基因作研究。故选 B。

【36 题详解】

推理判断题。根据第三段中 “Zach was inspired to give back in this way not only because of his own struggle with osteosarcoma, but because he watched other kids go through harsh cancer treatments alongside him.”（扎克受到鼓舞，以这种方式回报社会，不仅因为他自己与骨肉瘤的斗争，而且因为他看到其他孩子一起经历严酷的癌症治疗。）倒数第三段中 ““He said to me, ‘Mom, if I had to die so that little boy could live, I would.’ Ever since, that’s been the goal of the Zach Sobiech Osteosarcoma Fund-to use Zach’s story and legacy to fund research that will save the lives of kids with osteosarcoma.””（“他对我说，‘妈妈，如果我必须死才能让那

一个小男孩活下去，我愿意。从那时起，这就成了扎克·索比奇骨肉瘤基金会的目标——利用扎克的故事和遗产资助研究，拯救骨肉瘤患儿的生命。”可知，扎克在看到其他孩子一起经历严酷的癌症治疗，他决定用他的方式来回报社会，充分表明扎克的对其他患病人们的理解及他的无私，故选 C。

【答案】37. C 38. C 39. D 40. B

【解析】

【导语】这是一篇说明文。随着科技发展，人工智能在绘画方面的能力更多地获得了人们的认可。然而，如果我们想与这种技术共存，我们需要积极主动，了解人工智能的复杂性和偏见，并密切关注它的发展方向。

【37 题详解】

推理判断题。根据第二段中 “In February this year, the winning photo in an Australian photography competition was created entirely by artificial intelligence; and months earlier, a man used text-to-image software to take out the top prize in the Colorado Art Fair. (今年 2 月，澳大利亚摄影比赛的获奖照片完全是由人工智能创造的；几个月前，一名男子使用文本到图像的软件在科罗拉多艺术博览会上摘得头奖)” 可推知，由人工智能创造的的图片是广受大家喜欢的。故选 C。

【38 题详解】

推理判断题。根据第三段中 ““Unlike copying/stealing, there’s also taking inspiration,” artist Koach argues. “This accumulation (积累) of seeing and remembering art from other artists will, at one point, become apparent and trigger inspiration. Isn’t this the machine’s way of ‘taking inspiration’?” (“与抄袭/偷窃不同，这里还有灵感的获取，” 艺术家科奇认为。 “从其他艺术家那里看到和记住艺术的这种积累，一定程度上会变得明显，并触发灵感。这难道不是机器 ‘获取灵感’ 的方式吗？ ”)” 可推知，对于 AI 艺术，艺术家 Koach 会同意 AI 艺术的创作是受到其他艺术家的启发。故选 C。

【39 题详解】

细节理解题。根据倒数第三段 “As a journalist, I’m fascinated but horrified by the development. Apps like Stable Diffusion, Dall-E and Midjourney can imagine a deserted island in the style of Monet. But if you ask for images of a CEO, it’s generally an older white male. Nurses? Almost all female. While humans are biased (有偏见的), technology is copying the unfairness at scale. (作为一名记者，我对事态的发展既感兴趣又感到震惊。像 Stable Diffusion、Dall-E 和 Midjourney 这样的应用程序可以想象出一个莫奈风格的荒岛。但如果你想要一张 CEO 的照片，通常是一位年长的白人男性。护士呢？几乎都是女性。尽管人类存在偏见，但技术正在大规模复制这种不公平现象)” 可知，人工智能对某一特定人物的形象是固定的。故选 D。

【40 题详解】

细节理解题。根据最后一段 “But if we want to live with this technology, we need to be proactive. Learn about the complexity and bias within AI and keep a close eye on where it’s going. Regulate the industry to protect users and creators. And outsmart the algorithms (算法). (但是，如果我们想与这种技术共存，我们需要积极主动。了解人工智能的复杂性和偏见，并密切关注它的发展方向。规范行业以保护用户和创造者。而且比算法更聪明)” 可知，对于 AI 艺术的发展，笔者建议采取积极的措施来控制局面。故选 B。

第二节(共 5 小题;每小题 2 分，共 10 分)

【答案】41. B 42. G 43. D 44. E 45. C

【解析】

【导语】本文是一篇说明文。文章介绍了影响艺术价值的三个因素。

【41 题详解】

上文 “One thing to remember is that value isn’t only linked to its artist quality.”（需要记住的一点是，价值不仅与艺术家的素质有关。）提到了艺术价值不仅与艺术家的素质有关，空格处的句子应该是一个承上启下的句子，根据下面介绍的影响艺术价值的三个因素可知，空格处的句子的内容应该提到影响艺术价值的因素。而 B 项 “It’s interesting to explore what makes art valuable.（探索是什么让艺术有价值是很有趣的）” 填入空格处，可以引起下文，符合题意。故选 B 项。

【42 题详解】

根据空格后的句子 “The masterpiece went from a value of less than \$10,000 when David Rockefeller first owned it, to upwards of \$72 million when it was later sold by Sotheby’s.（大卫·洛克菲勒最初拥有它时，这幅杰作的价值不到 1 万美元，后来在苏富比售出时，价格已超过 7200 万美元）” 和句中的 the masterpiece 可知，空格处的句子应该提到某一杰作。所以 G 项 “For example, Mark Rothko’s *White Center* was owned by the Rockefeller family, one of America’s most powerful dynasties.（例如，马克·罗斯科的《白色中心》属于洛克菲勒家族——美国最强大的王朝之一）” 填入空格处，和下文是顺接关系，符合题意。故选 G 项。

【43 题详解】

根据该部分的主题 “The Thrill of Auction（拍卖的刺激）” 可知，该部分是说拍卖对艺术品价值的影响，所以空格处的句子也应该和拍卖有关；再由空格后的句子 “They know when to bump up a lot and when to slightly tip the scales.（他们知道什么时候该大刀阔斧，什么时候该略微倾斜）” 可知，句中的 “他们” 对艺术品价值有影响，句中的 they 指的是谁，空格处的句子应该提到。D 项 “Auctioneers are skilled salesmen who help raise those prices up and up and up.（拍卖师是熟练的推销员，他们帮助提高价格）” 提到了拍卖的事，且下一句中的 they 就是指的 D 项中的 Auctioneers。故选 D 项。

【44 题详解】

根据空格后的句子 “After all, art is often a reflection of the culture of its time and as it became a product, art was affected by political and historical changes.（毕竟，艺术往往是其时代文化的反映，当它成为一种产品时，艺术受到政治和历史变化的影响）” 和句中的 after all 可知，空格后的句子是对空格处的句子进行解释——当它成为一种产品时，艺术受到政治和历史变化的影响。所以空格处的句子肯定应该提到政治和历史变化对艺术的影响。所以 E 项 “It’s obvious that changes in politics have a historical effect on the value of art to different people.（很明显，政治变局对艺术于不同人群的价值产生了历史影响）” 填入空格处，符合题意。故选 E 项。

【45 题详解】

在最后一段，空格处的句子应该是一个总结性的句子。C 项 “It seems as though all of these factors combine to determine the value of art.（似乎所有这些因素共同决定了艺术的价值）” 说是上面提到的这些因素共同决定了艺术的价值，总结了全文，符合题意。故选 C 项。

第三部分：书面表达(20 分)

46. 【 答 案 】 Dear sir/madam,

Recently, I learned through the Internet that your school is collecting paintings from high school students around the world for exhibition. As a lover of painting, I am very interested in this activity. So with the aim of getting to know some more specific information, I'm writing the letter.

First of all, in order to make good preparations for the painting, I am eager to know about what the subject of this painting is? As for my collections, my painting contents are more extensive, so I have to choose paintings that are most fit for the theme of this activity. Secondly, what is the main form of the work to be submitted or is it unlimited in form? Furthermore, it's vital for me to know the way to submit my paintings. Should I submit it by email or just log on to your website and submit it online?

Thank you so much for taking the time to respond to my questions above and I'm look forward to hearing from you soon. (171)

Yours

faithfully,

Li Hua

【解析】

【导语】这是一篇应用文。要求考生写一封邮件，咨询英国一所中学正在全球范围内向高中学生征集画作进行展出的相关事项。

【详解】1. 词汇积累

近来：recently → lately

全世界：around the world → throughout the world

目的：aim → purpose

渴望：be eager to → be anxious to

2. 句式拓展

同义句转换

原句：So with the aim of getting to know some more specific information, I'm writing the letter.

转换句：I'm writing the letter to know some more specific information.

【点睛】【高分句型 1】

Recently, I learned through the Internet that your school is collecting paintings from high school students around the world for exhibition. (运用了宾语从句)

【高分句型 2】

As for my collections, my painting contents are more extensive, so I have to choose paintings that are most fit for the theme of this activity. (运用了定语从句)

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北京高考在线创办于 2014 年，隶属于北京太星网络科技有限公司，是北京地区极具影响力的中学升学服务平台。主营业务涵盖：北京新高考、高中生涯规划、志愿填报、强基计划、综合评价招生和学科竞赛等。

北京高考在线旗下拥有网站门户、微信公众平台等全媒体矩阵生态平台。平台活跃用户 40W+，网站年度流量数千万量级。用户群体立足于北京，辐射全国 31 省市。

北京高考在线平台一直秉承 “精益求精、专业严谨” 的建设理念，不断探索 “K12 教育+互联网+大数据” 的运营模式，尝试基于大数据理论为广大中学和家长提供新鲜的高考资讯、专业的高考政策解读、科学的升学规划等，为广大高校、中学和教科研单位提供 “衔接和桥梁纽带” 作用。

平台自创办以来，为众多重点大学发现和推荐优秀生源，和北京近百所中学达成合作关系，累计举办线上线下升学公益讲座数百场，帮助数十万考生顺利通过考入理想大学，在家长、考生、中学和社会各界具有广泛的口碑影响力

未来，北京高考在线平台将立足于北京新高考改革，基于对北京高考政策研究及北京高校资源优势，更好的服务全国高中家长和学生。



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