2016 年全国中学生英语能力竞赛 (NEPCS) 初赛

高三年级组试题

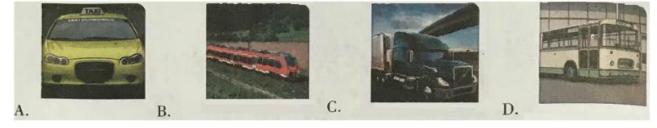
(总分: 150分 答题时间: 120分钟)

听力部分(共三大题, 计30分)

I Sentences (句子听写)(共5小题;每小题1分,计5分)

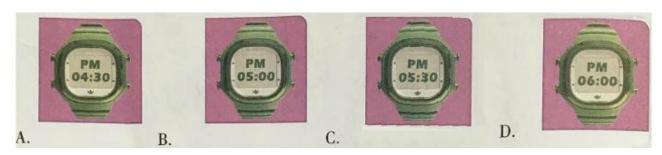
Please listen to the following five sentences. There are several missing words in each sentence. Fill in the blanks with the exact words you hear. Each sentence will be read twice. (请听下面五个句子,每个句子中均有几个缺失的单词,请根据你所听到的单词填空。每个句子读两遍。)(答案写在答题纸上)

| 1. If she ho | ome on the bus, it'll be | to carry them. | | |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|--|
| 2. We couldn't | because the road work | went twenty-four hours a day. | | |
| 3. Would you | _ to see if there's any | for me please? | | |
| 4. I saw Mr. Smith | a nev | w fence at his home yesterday afternoon. | | |
| | I | | | |
| | 话理解)(共10小题;每 | | | |
| (A) Please listen to the | ? following five mini-dialogue | es. Each dialogue is followed by a question. Choose the best | | |
| 下面五组小对话,每约 | | nu hear. Each dialogue and question will be read twice. (请听你所听到的对话内容,选出能回答所提问题的最佳选项。 | | |
| A. The woman with | long fair hair | B. The woman with short, black hair. | | |
| C. The tall woman with glasses. | | D. The short woman with a hat. | | |
| 7. | | | | |
| A. The good weather. | | B. The historical center. | | |
| C. A few museums. | | D. The water park. | | |
| 8. | | | | |
| A. In the front of the car. | | B. Under the table of the kitchen. | | |
| C. On the shelf by th | e window. | D. Beside the sofa by the window. | | |



10.

9.



(B) Please listen to the following dialogue. The dialogue is followed by five questions. Choose the best answer to each question according to the dialogue you hear. The dialogue and questions will be read twice. (请听下面的对话以及对话后的五个问题,根据你所听到的对话内容,选择能回答所提问题的最佳选项。对话和问题读两遍)(答案涂在答题纸上)

11.

A. A cellphone.

B. A computer.

C. A laptop.

D. A camera.

12.

A. His girlfriend.

B. The woman speaker.

C. His parents.

D. His good friends.

13.

A. Because he has got one already.

B. Because his parents don't agree.

C. Because he doesn't think it necessary.

D. Because he doesn't have enough money.

14.

A. In a computer store.

B. In a library.

C. In a cinema.

D. In a video shop.

15.

A. A doctor.

B. A painter.

C. A technician.

D. A student.

Ⅲ Passages (短文理解)(共 10 小题; 16-20 小题每小题 1 分, 21-25 小题每小题 2 分, 计 15 分)

(A) Please listen to the following passage. The passage is followed by five questions. Choose the best answer to each question according to the passage you hear. The passage and questions will be read twice. (请听下面的短文以及短文后的五个问题,根据你所听到的短文内容,选择能回答所提问题的最佳选项。短文和问题读两遍。)(答案涂在答题纸上)

16.

A. An old man.

B. A girl.

C. A couple.

D. A boy.

17.



D



c



D



18.



R



C



D



19.



A. In a few days.

- B. During a month.
- C. This week.
- D. Next year.
- (B) Please listen to the following passage and fill in the blanks according to the passage you hear with one word for each blank. The passage will be read twice. (请听下面的短文,根据你所听到的内容填空,没空一词。短文读两遍。)(答案写在答题纸上)

| ~ | | - |
|---|--|--------|
| - | The new central library | |
| | The library is open from 9:30 am to 6:00 pm every day except 21 | - |
| | • 22books are on the first floor and music now is on the | floor. |
| | A new section has 23 and that can be borrowed. It's advisable to reserve a computer 24. | |
| | Books can be borrowed free for three weeks. After that you need to pay 25. | |

笔试部分(共七大题,计120分)

| I.F | Knowledge and Usage (| 知识与用法) (共 15 小 | 题;每小题1分,计1 | 15分) |
|---------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | | | nese hints given in the brack | |
| 的汉音 | 语提示完成下列句子。)(名 | 答案写在答题纸上) | | |
| 26. It | () | 原来是)that they had know | n each other when they were | e young. |
| 27. W | e politely expressed out | (不满意) with | the room and asked if we co | ould possibly change. |
| 28. W | hen things go wrong, all of | us (自然 | 注地) feel disappointed and f | rustrated. |
| | | | such a horrible little boy, | |
| behav | ved. | | | |
| 30. A | nne didn't change the steps | of (古典的 | 句) ballet, instead she found | new ways of using them. |
| (B) P | lease complete the following | ng passage by choosing the | best of the four choices me | arked A,B,C and D in the |
| boxes | . (请从方框中给所的 A, | B,C,D 四个选项中选出最信 | 走选项完成下面的短文。)(| 答案涂在答题纸上) |
| 1 | Actor Antonio Banderas is u | sed to breaking bones, and i | t always seems to happen wh | nen he's 31 sports. |
| In the | film Play It to the Bone, h | e plays the part of a middle | weight boxer alongside Woo | ody Harrelson. During the |
| makir | ng of the film Harrelson ke | pt complaining that the figh | nt 32 weren't very o | convincing, so one day he |
| sugge | ested that he and Banderas sl | nould have a fight for real. | | |
| 1 | Antonio wasn't 33 or | n the idea at first, but he was | s eventually persuaded by hi | is co-star to put his gloves |
| and c | limb into the boxing ring | 34 , when he realized h | now seriously his opponent | was taking it all, he began |
| to reg | gret his decision to fight. A | nd then in the third round, | Woody hit Banderas <u>35</u> | hard in the face that he |
| actual | lly broke his nose. He was | 36 of the time he broke | e his leg during a football m | atch in his native Malaga. |
| He ha | ad always dreamed of3 | a soccer star, perform | ning in front of a big crowd | , but doctors told him his |
| playir | ng days were probably | 38 . "That's when I dec | ided to take up acting; I s | saw it as 39 way of |
| perfor | rming and achieving recogn | nition. 40 happened | to me on that football pitcl | n was, you might say, my |
| first l | ucky break. | | | |
| 1 | A. doing | B. making | C. showing | D. losing |
| 2 | A. fields | B. areas | C. scenes | D. stages |
| 3 | A. interested | B. keen | C. enthusiastic | D. happy |
| 4 | A. So | B. However | C. And | D. Therefore |
| 5 | A. verv | B. much | C. such | D. so |

| 6 | A. remembered | B. replayed | C. recorded | D. reminded | |
|--|--|--------------------------------|--|------------------------------|--|
| 7 | A. getting | B. growing | C. becoming | D. turning | |
| 8 | A. over | B. on | C. to | D. off | |
| 9 | A. further | B. additional | C. different | D. another | |
| 10 | A. Who | B. What | C. That | D. Which | |
| II | Cloze (完形填空)(共 | 共15小题;每小题1分 | ,计15分) | | |
| A) <i>P</i> | Please read the following pas | ssage and fill in the blanks w | vith the proper forms of 5 wo | ords or phrases out of the 7 | |
| give | n ones in the box according | to the context. (请阅读下 | 面的短文, 并根据其内容 | 提示,从方框中所给的7 | |
| 个词 | 语中选出5个,并用其适 | 当形式填空。)(答案写在名 | 答题纸上) | | |
| | | yet, cause, give off, nature, | take in, exist, result | | |
| | Few people now question t | he reality of global warming | g and its effect on the world | 's climate. Many scientists | |
| - | | | ncrease in the world's temp | | |
| | | | es of the wind, rain and sun. | | |
| | - | ather events, such as hurrical | anes and droughts, even mo | re severe and 42 sea | |
| | to rise. | | | | |
| | | | ments to take action to red | | |
| | _ | | s, thus attacking the problem | | |
| | favor of more money being spent on research into solar, wind and wave energy devices, which could then replace | | | | |
| 44 | power stations. | 1: 414 :64 | 41 | 1 | |
| o tema o | | _ | oped releasing carbon dioxid | - | |
| | | nave to wait several nundre | ed years to notice the45 | Global warming, they | |
| • | e, is here to say. | ussage and fill in each blan | k with one word in one of th | ha fallowing three ways. | |
| | | = - | with one word in one of the vords; ③ based on the give | - | |
| | · · | | | · · | |
| | 阅读下面的短文,用以下三种形式中的一种填空: 1 根据上下文填空; 2 用所给单词的适当形式填空; 3 根据单词所给的字母填空,每空一词。)(答案写在答题纸上) | | | | |
| 1100/ | One memory wh 46 sticks in my mind is of a mountain trip I did with my dad when I was about | | | | |
| seven years old. One day, my father was planning to climb the biggest mountain in our country. I had never been on | | | | | |
| such 47 trip. I still remember the feeling of excitement on the night before we left. We set out very early | | | | | |
| the next morning and I f 48 asleep on the train. At 9:00 am, we began to climb the mountain. The first | | | | | |
| couple of 49 (hour) climbing was easy. Ho 50 , as we climbed higher, I could feel sweat dripping | | | | | |
| down my body. I focused <u>51</u> my father's words, "If you can stand this pain now, you'll be a <u>52</u> (good) | | | | | |
| climber than me." As my breathing became harder, I felt tears swelling up in my eyes. But I had one goal in mind: | | | | | |
| to reach the summit and become a stronger climber than my father. When we finally m53 it to the top, my | | | | | |
| clothes were badly wet, but 54 didn't matter to me. I felt proud and I thanked my father for his | | | | | |
| enco | ouragement. 55 (lo | ok) back, I realized how the | experience gave me confide | ence and taught me a lesson | |

Ⅲ Reading comprehension (阅读理解)(共 20 小题; 56-60 小题每小题 1 分, 61-75 小题每小题 2 分, 计 35 分)

in how to be strong when facing a difficulty.

Read the following passages. Each passage is followed by several questions. Please respond to the questions according to the requirements given at the end of each passage. (阅读下面短文,每篇短文后设有若干问题,请根据短文后的要求回答问题。)(56-58 小题答案涂在答题纸上,59-75 小题答案写在答题纸上)
(A)

Grannie

Vernnon Scannell

I stayed with her when I was six then went
To love elsewhere when I was eight years old
For ages I remembered her faint scent
Of lavender, the way she'd never scold
No matter what I'd done, and most of all
The way her smile seemed, somehow, to enfold
My whole world like a warm, protective shawl

I knew that I was safe when she was near
She was so tall, so wide, so large, she would
Stand mountainous between me and my fear,
Yet oh, so gentle, and she understood
Every hope and dream I ever had.
She praised me lavishly when I was good,
But never punished me when I was bad.

Years later war broke out and I became
A soldier and was wounded while in France
Back home in hospital, still very lame
I realized suddenly that circumstance
Had brought me close to that small town where she
Was living still. And so I seized the chance
To write and ask if she could visit me.

She came. And I still vividly recall
The shock that I received when she appeared
That dark cold day. Huge grannie was so small!
A tiny, frail, old lady. It was weird.
She hobbled through the ward to where I lay
And drew quite close and, hesitating, peered
And then she smiled; and love lit up the day.

Questions 56-58: choose the best answer from A,B,C and D according to the passage. 56. The author first lived with his granny when he was _____ years old. A. four D. seven 57. In the author's childhood, his granny provided him with a world of _____ B. blame and horror A. beauty and grace C. coldness and sadness D. warmth and protection 58. Scannell was wounded in _____ after he became a soldier. A. Britain B. France D. Germany C. Italy Questions 59-60: Decide whether the following statements are true(T) or false (F) according to the passage. 59. The author sent someone for his granny when he returned to his home country to receive medical treatment. 60. When he met his granny in the hospital, Vernon Scannell was shocked to find that she seemed small.

Shanghai, with a population of around 23.5 million, is one of the biggest cities in China. 61 It has a famous river called Huangpu River, which separates the historic center of the city, the Puxi area, from a

newly-developed financial and commercial area named Pudong.

On their arrival in Shanghai, visitors are usually it by an explosion of sitghts, sounds and smells. 62 It isn't unusual to see people wandering around in their nightdresses. 63 There are hairdressers who sit their customers on the chairs outside their salons to cut their hair, and there are food stalls on every street corner piled high with delicious steamed buns (包子) filled with meat, vegetables or mushrooms.

<u>64</u> The traffic in Shanghai is very busy. During the rush hour, it can take people two hours to drive a 30-minute route. But the good thing is that drivers always follow the rules of the road, and they always control their speed limits and watch traffic lights carefully, which makes crossing the road quite safe for pedestrians.

The city of Shanghai offers a connection between East and West; old and new. Some foreigners come to Shanghai to explore the ancient temples when they go sightseeing. Passengers can travel on the Shanghai Meglev, one of the fastest trains in the world, but some people still prefer to ride their bicycles. __65__

Question 61-65: choose from the sentences A-G to complete the passage. There are two sentences which you don't need to use.

- A. However, it's not only the pavement that is crowded.
- B. In a word, Shanghai is a city where nobody ever feels bored.
- C. At the same time, it's also one of the busiest ports in the world.
- D. The street is a place to eat, play, read and relax.
- E. Road accidents are the major cause of death for people aged between 15 and 45.
- F. Foreigners usually become good friends with their Chinese neighbors.
- G. The street sometimes serves as a workplace as well.

(C)

Welcome to the home page of the Photography World website. We offer a range of useful service for photographers and photography lovers.

Camera Club

Join our club and enjoy a range of benefits. You'll get invitations to our regular events, such as members' film shows, exhibitions and talks by experts. You can apply for Full membership, Associate membership or Junior membership. Full membership includes free entry to all events and 10% discount when ordering equipment online. Associate membership gives you half-price tickets to events. Junior membership (proof of age required) allows youngsters to enjoy the benefits of Full membership. Costs (per year): Full membership \$20, Associate \$12, Junior \$10. Most new members joined as the result of recommendations from current members.

Advice center

Take advantage of our Advice Center. Ask our panel f experts your questions about cameras and photography. Whether you're looking for solutions to problems or fresh ideas for interesting photos, you'll get response here. Simply email your questions to advice@cameraclub.com or leave a recorded message on 0800-565656. We guarantee to send you a reply by email within five days. Please note that since we can't provide information about repairs to particular cameras, you should contact the manufacturer about these.

Competition

Our competition is held every year and is a great chance for new and experienced photographers to win one of our great prizes, which range from albums to keep your photos in to one-day courses or a set of state-of-the-art camera equipment. Entries can only be accepted from members. They can be sent in prints, on a CD or memory stick, or by email. Please note that photos can't be returned, so make sure you have copies. The topic—for example, wildlife, transport, people—is announced each year here on the website when the competition opens. Shop

Our popular online shop is the place to buy equipment, spare parts, films, memory cards... You can be sure of high quality, fair prices and quick delivery. We even offer the choice of 12-hour Super Express service for a small

charge.

Questions 66-70: Answer the questions according to the passage.

- 66. Where does this advertisement probably appear?
- 67. What kinds of membership are mentioned in the advertisement?
- 68. How long will it take for a club member to get a reply from Advice Center?
- 69. Who can take part in the competition held by Photography World every year?
- 70. How much does it say people will pay if they choose the Super Express delivery?

(D)

What makes people angry at work?

When you're at work, do you ever get angry? Yes? Then it could be because of your manager.

Bad management cause more people to lose their temper at work than any other reason. Almost four out of ten people across Europe said that poor management was the issue that makes them most angry about their jobs. In London, one out of three workers would describe their boss as "the boss from Hell!" Read out top tips to help you deal with an angry boss.

Understand why the manager is angry.

Some managers use fear as a management technique. They think it'll make people respect them, although more often it makes people want to leave their jobs.

Know where the anger is directed.

Bosses like to get angry with new staff, to see if they can bully them. If you're new to a job, you need to work out if the anger is personal—because you have done something wrong—or business—this is how your manger treats all new employees. You need to learn not to take things too personally.

Indentify the danger signs.

Learn what are the particular things that make your boss angry. Does he go crazy when staff arrive late for work? Does he hate it when a job is not finished on time?

Know where to stop.

Sometimes the things you do will make other people angry. Learn to watch their reactions so that you can stop in time. If a colleague asks you to go outside for a fight, then you know you have gone too far!

Don't meet anger with anger.

Try breathing techniques to help you calm down. If someone is shouting at you, try imagining that you're blowing up a balloon. This allows your breathing to slow down and means you're less likely to get angry.

Questions 71-75: Complete the summary of the passage above with no more than three words for each blank according to the passage.

IV. Translation (翻译)(共 6 小题; 76-77 小题每小题 1 分, 78-81 小题每小题 2 分, 计 10 分)

(A) Please translate the underlined sentences in the following passage into Chinese. (请将短文中划线的句子译成汉语。)(答案写在答题纸上)

When I was younger, my parents were always busy because they had just started their own business. They often had to go abroad to Thailand and couldn't look after my brother and me. 76. When they went away on these trips, they would let us stay with our grandfather, a fruit farmer who lives at the foot of a mountain. I was always

happy when our mother told us we could stay with Grandpa, as the time we spent at his house was always a wonderful time. There's an orchard filled with fruit trees of many kinds, and we were always happy when our grandfather asked, "Would you like to help pick the fruit?" When the fruit was ripe, we could pick as much as we could eat. And when there was too much, we would set up a street stall, and make good money selling the sweet fruit to passers-by.

My grandfather also kept dogs and chickens, and often took us for walks in the forest towards the mountain. 77 Here he taught us the names of the plants, so that we would know which were good to eat and which were useful for medical purpose. He wouldn't let us pick the plants until we could tell him what each one was. We learned so much when we were with him, more than we would have learned at school. I would have stayed there forever if it were possible.

- (B) Please translate the following sentences into English by using the hints given in brackets.
- 78. 不管他说什么,她都不相信。(no matter)
- 79. 好的学习成绩取决于勤奋的学习和适当的学习方法。 (depend on)
- 80. 那边站着一个小女孩,她的奶奶曾是位小提琴家。(whose 引导的定语从句)
- 81. 中国女排队员在 2016 年奥运会上的表现是多么棒啊! (perform; 感叹句)

VError Correction (短文改错) (共 10 处错误:每处错误 1 分, 计 10 分)

There are altogether 10 errors in the following passage. The errors are about missing words, unnecessary words and wrong words. Please correct them according to the following requirements: for a missing word, mark the position of the missing word with the sign " \land " and write the word you believe to be missing in the line on the answer sheet; for an unnecessary word, cross out the unnecessary word with the sign " \land " and put the word with the sign " \land " in the line on the answer sheet; for a wrong word, underline the wrong word and write the correct one in the line on the answer sheet.

Notes: 1. There is only one word for each error;

2. You only need to correct 10 errors and there will be no points for the eleventh you make.

下文中共有 10 处错误,错误涉及缺词、多词与错词三个方面。请根据以下要求修改文中出现的错误:

缺词: 在缺词处加一个漏字符号(人), 在答题线上写出该词;

多词: 把多余的词用斜线(\)划掉,在答题线上写出该词,并也用斜线(\)划掉;

错词: 在错词下划一横线,并在答题线上写出改正后的词。

注意: 1. 每处错误及其修改均仅限一词;

2. 只需要修改 10 处,多者(从第 11 处起)不计分。(答案写在答题纸上)

例如:

One of my favorite writers <u>are</u> Charlotte Bronte. She was born in the early nineteenth century when women had far fewer opportunities \(\) they have now. She lived in a small village in Yorkshire and she took great pleasure in walking on the moors where near her home.

is than where

Last Sunday my brother and I decided to paint our bedrooms while our parents were out for a party. Our parents usually have the painting do by a local firm, but we thought we could save money if we did it ourselves. We watched the painters the last time the house painted, but we thought we would be able to do the job. "First all the surface have to be washed," my brother said, "That can't be very difficulty." I replied, "We'd better to put some newspapers on the carpet. If we make the mess, we'll get into trouble." After that had been done, we looked in some paint in the garden shed. "We could use this red paint," I suggested. My brother said that we preferred green paint. Just as we were going to start, our parents arrived home. "You must have asked us first," my mother said to us. "You can paint the rest of the house, too!"

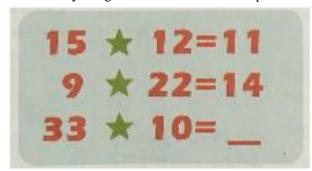
82-91:

| 82 | 83 | 84 | 85 | 86 |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 87. | 88. | 89. | 90. | 91. |

VI IQ Test (智力测试)(共5小题;每小题1分,计5分)

Answer the following questions. (回答下列问题。)(答案写在答题纸上)

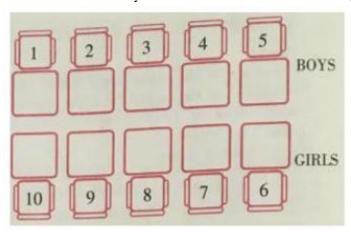
92. A mystery operation has been performed on the first two numbers in each equation (等式) to get the third number. Can you figure out what number completes the last equation?



93. can you fand at least six boys' names hidden in the following sentence? And yet I'm not willing to lend one dollar to my greedy uncles.

- 94. It's not liquid, gas or solid. It's not an animal, a plant or a mineral. It's transparent, but can be seen from a distance, is always in motion, has no gender, but reproduces itself. It can be humans' best friend or worst enemy. What's it?
- 95. What does the following proverb mean in Chinese? Birds of a feather flock together.

96. At the school the boys sit at desks numbered 1—5 and the girls sit opposite them at desks number 6—10.



- 1. The girl sitting next to the girl opposite No. 1 is Fiona.
- 2. Fiona is three desks away from Grace.
- 3. Hilary is opposite Colin.
- 4. Eddy is opposite the girl next to Hilary.
- 5. If Colin is not central then Alan is.
- 6. David is next to Bill.
- 7. Bill is three desks away from Colin.
- 8. If Fiona is not central then India is.
- 9. Hilary is three desks away from Jane.

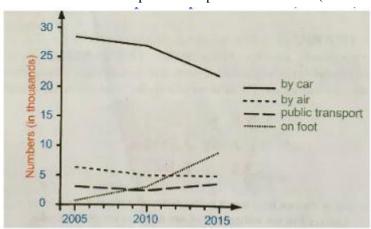
- 10. David is opposite Grace.
- 11. The girl sitting next to the girl opposite Alan is Jane.
- 12. Colin is not at desk No.5.
- 13. Jane is not at desk No. 10.

Can you work out the seating arrangements?

WI. Writing (写作)(共2题; A 题满分10分, B 题满分20分, 计30分)(答案写在答题纸上)

(A) The graph below shows the preferred method of transport in Europe. Use the information shown in the graph to write an essay in no less than 100 words to explain Europeans' preference for transport.

Preferred method of transport in Europe 2005/2010/2015 (in thousands)



(B) Your class has been working on a project on traditional festivals and celebrations. Now your teacher has asked you to write an essay giving your opinion on the following statement:

Celebrations of traditional festivals have no relevance to today's world and are a waste of time and money. You should write no less than 120 words.