





听第8段材料,回答第10至12题。

10. What's the woman's problem?  
A. She is bored with studying.  
B. She failed in the mid-term exam.  
C. She is concerned about tomorrow's test.
11. What does the man suggest the woman do?  
A. Take a deep breath.  
B. Review the courses again.  
C. Seek help from the doctor.
12. What is the probable relationship between the two speakers?  
A. Teacher and student.  
B. Classmates.  
C. Father and daughter.

听第9段材料,回答第13至16题。

13. What was Sally's part-time job?  
A. A waitress.  
B. An English teacher.  
C. An assistant.
14. Why does Sally want to change her job?  
A. She's tired of it.  
B. She doesn't want to work abroad.  
C. Her company will move to the US.
15. What is Sally weak in?  
A. Communication.  
B. Problem-solving.  
C. Carefulness.
16. What does the man ask Sally about in the end?  
A. Her strengths.  
B. Her expected salary.  
C. Her career plan.

听第10段材料,回答第17至20题。

17. Where was the list of "Best Tourism Villages 2021" announced?  
A. In China.  
B. In America.  
C. In Spain.
18. In which aspect has Yucun made great efforts in recent years?  
A. Economic growth.  
B. Environmental improvement.  
C. Protection of local manners and customs.
19. When did Xidi Village become a UNESCO World Heritage Site?  
A. In 2000.  
B. In 2017.  
C. In 2021.
20. What does the "Best Tourism Villages" aim to do?  
A. Show the importance of rural culture.  
B. Prove the role of rural villages in economic growth.  
C. Promote the role of tourism in protecting rural villages.

## 第二部分 阅读理解(共两节,满分50分)

### 第一节(共15小题;每小题2.5分,满分37.5分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的A、B、C和D四个选项中,选出最佳选项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

#### A

### First Year Learning Communities in University of Toronto Scarborough Campus (UTSC)

First Year Learning Communities, also known as "FLCs", are groups of students from similar programs of study. FLCs focus on building community and working together to build skills for success.

#### Why Join?

First Year Learning Communities help first-year students to make connections within their program of study while developing academic, career and personal skills. Each year, past participants tell us how the program helped them to get to know their classmates, faculty, staff, and alumni. Students also tell us that the program helped them be familiar with university and enhance their university experience.







asked me to bring these gifts to you and your family," I said.

The girl's eyes lit up even more. "Tell Santa thank you from Dorothy," she said. I never saw her or her family again, but all in town helped give Huron a permanent place in my heart. A heart now needed fixing badly.

A nurse came in to check on me. "Where are you from?" the nurse asked. "I'm from Huron," I told her proudly.

She smiled. "I grew up there," she said. "I loved it, even though life wasn't easy. You see, I lost my father when I was just a child."

I looked into her brown eyes and knew I'd seen them before. "Do you recall a sailor bringing presents to your door one Christmas?"

She stared. "That was you!"

"Yes, Dorothy," I said, suddenly confident about my surgery. "That was me."

24. What was the author worried about the night before his surgery?

- A. Huron and its people. B. The uncompleted house.  
C. His rough life experience. D. His poor physical condition.

25. How did Dorothy respond to the author's question?

- A. She kept silent with smile. B. She totally ignored it.  
C. She answered it amazedly. D. She hesitated about it.

26. What brought the author confidence in the surgery?

- A. The love of people in the town Huron. B. The reward of a kind action years ago.  
C. The encouragement of the young nurse. D. The high quality service of the hospital.

27. What is the best title of the text?

- A. An Unforgettable Open-heart Surgery B. A Young Girl Finds Her Way Back Home  
C. Huron Holds A Special Place in My Heart D. A Precious Gift I Received Before Surgery

### C

The rhino census(犀牛普查) is out, bearing good news for the greater one-horned rhinos! In September, 2022, the International Rhino Foundation (IRF) documented in a report that there is a baby boom in this population, representing an increase of 167 percent.

According to the report, there are a total of 4,014 greater one-horned rhinos living in India, Nepal, and Bhutan. Although this is positive news, their IUCN (International Union for Conservation of Nature) status still remains vulnerable.

In India alone, the home to 70 percent of the world's greater one-horned rhinos, there was an increase of 274 rhinos since the last biannual census, according to the organization Rhino Review.

An important reason for this baby boom is the fact that Assam, India, has enlarged Kaziranga National Park, home to the world's largest one-horned rhino population. The park went from 430 square kilometers to 1,040 square kilometers. This gives more breeding areas for the rhinos, and they are closed to visitors during breeding season.

India and Nepal are also protecting the rhinos by enforcing wildlife crime laws. To reduce rhino death by poaching(偷猎), the IRF donates vehicles and equipment, plus education including guard training and crime investigation.

The IRF data for other rhino species is not as promising, although the greater one-horned rhino numbers are encouraging for future conservation. According to the report, there is a decline in Sumatran rhinos, Africa's white rhinos, while the Javan rhino population is stable and threatened by loss of habitat.

*The State of the Rhino* report offers hope for these other species. Given that the greater one-horned rhinos were once close to extinction, with fewer than 100 living in the world, their recovery is



incredible. This demonstrates that there are solutions when organizations and people work together. Let us hope that this successful rhino baby boom will affect other endangered wildlife species around the globe.

28. What contributes to the baby boom of one-horned rhinos in Assam, India?
- A. Extending the protected areas for rhinos.
  - B. Raising fund to set up more reserves for rhinos.
  - C. Leaving the one-horned rhinos alone in the wild.
  - D. Keeping visitors away from the Kaziringo National Park.
29. How does IRF help protect the one-horned rhinos?
- A. By cooperating with other organizations.
  - B. By enhancing anti-poaching efforts.
  - C. By transferring the rhinos to other habitats.
  - D. By guarding the rhinos with new equipment.
30. What can we learn from the rhino report?
- A. Rhinos are no longer a vulnerable species.
  - B. Rhinos will affect other wildlife in the world.
  - C. Everyone can play a role in protecting nature.
  - D. It is possible to protect other endangered species.
31. What is the purpose of this text?
- A. To inform good news on the greater one-horned rhinos.
  - B. To show the measures taken to protect the one-horned rhinos.
  - C. To introduce an endangered species—the greater one-horned rhinos.
  - D. To indicate the decline of other species of rhino population.

#### D

To the delight of bookworms, anyone who has ever told you burying your head in a book means you're being unsociable will have to eat their words. A new study suggests those who regularly read, especially fiction, are actually nicer and more empathetic (善解人意) people.

The study, carried out by Kingston University London, and presented at the British Psychological Society conference in Brighton, UK, last week, also found that those who just watched television seemed to be less kind and understanding of other people.

For the study, the researchers questioned 123 people on their preferences for books, TV shows, and plays. They were also quizzed about the type of entertainment they preferred from comedy or romance to drama. Then they were tested on their interpersonal skills. The researchers asked them about their behavior towards others, whether they understood and respected others' points of view, and whether they actively helped other people.

Drawing on these responses sheet, the researchers found some mind-boggling results. They discovered that those who read more showed greater positive social behavior and a better ability to empathize with others, while those who preferred watching TV didn't show the same ability to empathize and were more likely to show unsociable behavior.

They also found the forms of fiction people preferred were linked to their interpersonal skills and behavior. Those who preferred fiction displayed the most positive social skills. Romance and drama lovers showed the ability to see others' points of view, while comedy fans were particularly, able to relate to others the most.

The researchers concluded that those who read fiction regularly are more well-adapted to see things from other people's points of view, which makes them better at understanding people. However, they do acknowledge that their study didn't conclude if the effects are causal—does reading make you nicer and more empathetic, or do more empathetic people tend to read fiction? Even so, picking up a book can't hurt, and might just make the world a nicer place.



32. How did the researchers conduct the research?

- A. By making questionnaire surveys.  
C. By observing participants' behaviors.

- B. By comparing experiment statistics.  
D. By referring to previous study reports.

33. What does the underlined word "mind-boggling" mean in paragraph 4?

- A. Embarrassing.      B. Satisfying.

- C. Amazing.      D. Disappointing.

34. What can improve people's empathetic abilities the most according to the study?

- A. Reading fiction and comedy.  
C. Taking part in social activities.

- B. Enjoying romance and drama.  
D. Watching plays on social media.

35. What can be inferred from the last paragraph?

- A. All people support the research result.  
C. The nicer and kinder people like reading.

- B. Further study is needed on this subject.  
D. Reading can help people make more friends.

第二节(共5小题;每小题2.5分,满分12.5分)

根据短文内容,从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Our lives are full of habits. Unfortunately a great many of them are bad habits. One way to break these bad habits is to fill our lives with good habits. Most people decide one day that they need to make changes to their lives and then they go all out to make big sweeping changes. This may work for them for the first few days, but then they get burned out. 36 This is a very unproductive way to spend your time and energy.

37 Say your goal is to get up an hour earlier every day. One day you start setting your alarm for an hour earlier and you keep this up for one week. Then because you are naturally resistant to change, you go back to your old habit. A better way is to set your alarm one minute earlier every day. After two months you are getting up an hour earlier and you will not even notice the change. 38

This approach can work for just about anything. If you are exercising for half an hour every day and you want to increase that time to one hour then add a minute every day. After one month you will have reached your goal with very little resistance from your body and mind. 39

This method of change is gentle, but very powerful. Think of everything you can accomplish if you just continuously improve a little at a time. The change itself creates the momentum (动力) you need to keep going. 40 What one minute change can you make to your life today?

- A. The key is to change a little bit at a time.  
B. Keeping on exercising can build up strength.  
C. It may take longer, but with this approach you are likely to succeed.  
D. Nothing will happen if you are not determined to achieve your goal.  
E. Pretty soon they are back to their old habits and nothing has changed.  
F. Changing slowly removes the greatest barrier we have to change; fear.  
G. Soon you will find yourself reaching your goals with almost no pain involved.

第三部分 语言知识运用(共两节,满分30分)

第一节(共15小题;每小题1分,满分15分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后各题所给的A、B、C和D四个选项中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

I've had some pretty serious issues with some people in my community recently. As a result, I stepped away from them and did my best to 41 them. But the emotions that I felt from those events continued to 42 me and it began to destroy the relationships in other parts of my life. I ended up burning 43 with people I really cared about.



Yesterday, I was 44 to attend a conference of community because of a major work event. I was concerned about this event for days and it was pretty 45 when I first saw the people I 46 with at the conference.

Despite all of this, the strangest yet most 47 thing happened to me: there were no 48 between us and no one was holding anger against me. It was 49 that people have moved on from the events. There isn't anything to 50 anymore. I looked at them during the conference and 51 in my head and forgave them. After doing this, I felt 52 in myself.

Through my recent practice in compassion, I 53 more that when you forgive others, you 54 yourself as well. This important lesson on 55 helps me to see things from a bigger view. I know people still cared about me during that time. I wish them the best life that they can have. And then, I move on.

- |                      |               |                |                 |
|----------------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------|
| 41. A. understand    | B. comfort    | C. forget      | D. entertain    |
| 42. A. disturb       | B. frighten   | C. inspire     | D. relax        |
| 43. A. camps         | B. bridges    | C. shelters    | D. faces        |
| 44. A. promised      | B. allowed    | C. persuaded   | D. forced       |
| 45. A. exciting      | B. depressing | C. confusing   | D. embarrassing |
| 46. A. quarreled     | B. competed   | C. chatted     | D. combined     |
| 47. A. difficult     | B. wonderful  | C. important   | D. popular      |
| 48. A. conversations | B. doubts     | C. bargains    | D. arguments    |
| 49. A. necessary     | B. impossible | C. clear       | D. strange      |
| 50. A. put off       | B. turn down  | C. worry about | D. think over   |
| 51. A. apologized    | B. complained | C. recalled    | D. imagined     |
| 52. A. pride         | B. peace      | C. gratitude   | D. sympathy     |
| 53. A. recognize     | B. suggest    | C. insist      | D. explain      |
| 54. A. risk          | B. free       | C. ignore      | D. believe      |
| 55. A. generosity    | B. patience   | C. forgiveness | D. kindness     |

## 第二节(共10小题;每小题1.5分,满分15分)

阅读下面短文,在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Yunnan is the hometown of tea. It provides the ideal climate and the ecological environment for large-leaf tea trees, which are located in the 56 (region) along the Lancang River. Thousand of years ago, they formed those ancient tea plantations, 57 are the best gift that nature has granted us.

58 (preserve) the ancient tea trees, Southwest China's Yunnan Province has passed a protection regulation recently, 59 (clarify) that wild and cultivated tea plants aged over 100 years should be better protected in the province. The new regulation, which will come into force starting from March 1, 2023, 60 (prohibit) six kinds of behaviors that harm ancient tea plants and their growing environment. Unauthorized cutting and transplantation of ancient tea trees, carving tree branches, digging the roots, 61 damaging the ancient tea trees are all banned.

Other 62 (legal) practices include using harmful chemical herbicides, releasing waste gas and water, as well as dumping and throwing waste 63 (casual) within the protection range of the trees, according to the regulation.

Yunnan has diverse resources of tea trees. The regulation also advocates proper research and 64 (apply) of Yunnan's resources of ancient tea trees, raising varieties 65 new tea trees of good quality, as well as the establishment of relevant industrial chains.



第四部分 写作(共两节,满分40分)

第一节 书面表达(满分15分)

假定你是李华,你的英国朋友 Peter 对中国节日很感兴趣,他来信想了解你在春节期间的生活情况。请给他回一封邮件,要点如下:

1. 假期生活经历;
2. 假期生活感受;
3. 询问对方的假期情况。

注意:

1. 词数80左右;
2. 可适当增加细节,以使行文连贯。

Dear Peter,

Yours,  
Li Hua

第二节 读后续写(满分25分)

阅读下面材料,根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段,使之构成一篇完整的短文。

I must admit, I haven't always liked animals. In fact, I distrusted them greatly while growing up, and I still fear the ones I don't know personally. What set my beliefs in stone was being attacked—not once but many times, including the summer after second grade when I was bitten by a rabbit. Then, when I was nine and riding my dirt bike down the road, a large dog charged me and tried to bite my ankle. After all those negative experiences, there was one thing I knew for sure: All creatures, great and small, were no friends of mine.

After college in California, I returned to live the single life in Las Vega. Then I met Lisa. In no time at all, we fell in love, married and moved into a new house. Despite my avoidance of animals, Lisa had a dog called Bailey. Bailey didn't like me, but he tolerated my existence once he realized I wasn't going anywhere.

Things changed as spring came. We welcomed a new member of our family: our son Evan. One evening Evan grabbed hold of the dog's tail. The irritated dog paused and turned to look at his stuck tail but waited patiently until being released. Still the stories I'd heard of animals attacking babies worries me.

Then my worst fear occurred. I sat on the couch(沙发) reading after a long day while my wife worked at the dining-room table paying the bills. I saw Evan crawl across the family-room carpet as he made his way behind the couch. One minute, all was quiet and then Bailey entered the room and headed to where Evan had crawled. I nearly jumped out of my skin when I heard the dog start a fearful barking behind me.

注意:

1. 续写词数应为150左右;
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

Throwing the book away, I rushed around the couch with great fear.

Having witnessed our dog killing a scorpion(蝎子) and saving my son, I was speechless.



## 关于我们

北京高考在线创办于 2014 年，隶属于北京太星网络科技有限公司，是北京地区极具影响力的中学升学服务平台。主营业务涵盖：北京新高考、高中生涯规划、志愿填报、强基计划、综合评价招生和学科竞赛等。

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平台自创办以来，为众多重点大学发现和推荐优秀生源，和北京近百所中学达成合作关系，累计举办线上线下升学公益讲座数百场，帮助数十万考生顺利通过考入理想大学，在家长、考生、中学和社会各界具有广泛的口碑影响力

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