

## 英 语

### 注意事项:

1. 答卷前,考生务必将自己的姓名、考生号、考场号、座位号填写在答题卡上。
2. 回答选择题时,选出每小题答案后,用铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动,用橡皮擦干净后,再选涂其他答案标号。回答非选择题时,将答案写在答题卡上,写在本试卷上无效。
3. 考试结束后,将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。

### 第一部分 听力(共两节,满分 30)

做题时,先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后,你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

#### 第一节 (共 5 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

例: How much is the shirt?

A. £ 19.15.

B. £ 9.18.

C. £ 9.15.

答案是 C。

1. What will the woman probably do this weekend?  
A. Go on a picnic.      B. Go on a business trip.      C. Attend a wedding ceremony.
2. What does the man want the woman to do?  
A. Submit a paper.  
B. Translate a document.  
C. Prepare meeting materials.
3. When will the speakers meet?  
A. At 10:00 a. m.      B. At 11:30 a. m.      C. At 12:30 p. m.
4. Why does the woman talk to the man?  
A. To quit her job.      B. To ask for leave.      C. To talk about her child.

5. What are the speakers mainly talking about?

A. A trip.

B. An idol.

C. A dream.

第二节 (共 15 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料,回答第 6、7 题。

6. Why does Betty make the phone call?

A. To invite David.

B. To ask for help.

C. To cancel an appointment.

7. What is happening to Betty?

A. She is moving back.

B. She is looking for a roommate.

C. She is in urgent need of a new room.

听第 7 段材料,回答第 8、9 题。

8. Which place did Julie visit in New York?

A. The Statue of Liberty.

B. The Empire State Building.

C. The Broadway.

9. How was the weather in New York most of the time when Julie was there?

A. Hot.

B. Mild.

C. Cloudy.

听第 8 段材料,回答第 10 至 13 题。

10. Where does the conversation probably take place?

A. In a garage.

B. On the road.

C. In a police office.

11. What is the woman's car number?

A. LFZ 312 G.

B. LHZ 372 G.

C. LFZ 312 P.

12. How did the accident happen?

A. The car ran into a tree.

B. Someone bumped(撞) into her car.

C. The car crashed into a lamp post.

13. What does Mr. Wood mean at last?

A. The woman's car is new.

B. The woman's car is badly damaged.

C. The woman's car has been repaired.

听第 9 段材料,回答第 14 至 17 题。

14. What is the relationship between the two speakers?

A. Interviewer and interviewee.

B. Teacher and student.

C. Coach and athlete.

15. What advice does Clara give on safety?  
A. Use noticeable boards and sails.  
B. Prepare life-saving equipment.  
C. Tell someone when you set off.
16. What does Clara enjoy most about windsurfing(风帆冲浪)?  
A. Forgetting everyday worries.  
B. Learning new techniques.  
C. Becoming physically fitter.
17. What might Clara do in the future?  
A. Give up windsurfing.  
B. Work as a windsurfing coach.  
C. Take part in windsurfing competitions.

听第 10 段材料, 回答第 18 至 20 题。

18. What is provided in the tour?  
A. A bag of snacks.      B. A museum brochure.      C. A hotel pickup.
19. What do we know about the British Museum?  
A. It charges an admission fee.  
B. It opened to the public in 1753.  
C. It receives six million visitors annually.
20. What are being displayed in the museum?  
A. Paintings.      B. Ancient costumes.      C. Porcelains(瓷器)

第二部分 阅读(共两节, 满分 50 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题; 每小题 2.5 分, 满分 37.5 分)

阅读下列短文, 从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选出最佳选项。

### A

#### Favourable Christmas Stays in London

In recent years, the UK has formed an increasingly strong Christmas market scene. Below we have highlighted one of the biggest Christmas markets, Wowcher.

##### Pricing

Wowcher is giving a £99 overnight London hotel stay for Christmas for two people at the four-star Crown Hotel near Notting Hill. Visitors can also upgrade their stay: a two-night break for two with breakfast starts from £205, and a three-night stay for two with a two-course dinner starts from £295. Every extra bed costs 20% of the total.

##### Available activities

Visitors can obtain a fantastic trip in the dynamic West End and feel the festive atmosphere in world-famous shopping destinations such as Oxford Street. While London is

famous for upscale department stores like Harrods and Selfridges, during the festive season, seasonal stands arise at prosperous Christmas markets selling local conventional goods for truly unique Christmas gifts. You can also catch the Christmas lights show in Regent Street or listen to the carol(圣诞颂歌) singers at St Martin-in-the-Fields.

### Booking

Choose your dates and fill in your private information, like driving licences, passports and so forth for your later hotel registration.

One £99 voucher(优惠券) is valid for only two people. Purchase your voucher and complete the deal.

Wait to receive a code to your email account which you need to input online later to confirm your booking.

This incredible deal can be used on selected dates between December 24 and 30, 2023, although it only is available to purchase on the Wowcher website until December 15. Besides, the dinner option is available on the first night only.

21. How much should a couple pay for a 3-night stay with their 7-year-old son?

- A. £354.                      B. £304.                      C. £295.                      D. £236.

22. Which activity can visitors enjoy in Regent Street?

- A. Learning seasoning skills.  
B. Admiring charming lights.  
C. Appreciating Christmas carols.  
D. Purchasing local traditional goods.

23. Which of the following is TRUE about booking a stay?

- A. If your deal involves a dinner, it is only available on Christmas.  
B. Adding basic personal information is an essential for later check-in.  
C. Receiving a code to your email account means the success of the booking.  
D. You can purchase the voucher on the Wowcher website on Christmas eve.

### B

Five years ago, a couple found a baby owl, near-death, on their lawn. They consulted with me because of my experience with owls and hawks. Eventually my wife and I undertook the task of treating the owl, Alfie, waiting out a developmental delay (most of her flight feathers came especially late that first summer), and then we taught her to fly and hunt. Alfie disappeared for a week. Then she chose to return, centering her territory(地盘) on our backyard. I put a nest box on my writing studio.

Alfie's first free-living year—mating, raising her first baby—coincided with the COVID-19 that limited us to our yard. Friends said the birds were singing aloud and happily. From Alfie's performance, I saw humans' unrest and worry when facing the unexpected virus. When Alfie and her mate, Plus-One, played in the shade, the daily rhythms and quietness of

the owls' world contrasted with our life.

Many cultures view owls as messengers of God. However, Alfie is flesh and feathers; her heart pumps blood red as ours. She has her comforts and fears. She is a very real little being overall. Yet, throughout the isolation to prevent the spread of disease, Alfie loosed herself, living comfortably with her mate in the yard, which certainly inspired me and my family with hope. She is, in reality, a messenger, one conveying the real meaning of life.

To be fully present in life and love, so natural for Alfie, remains a work in progress for me. Alfie is the perfect little philosophical master. She enjoys a freedom unpolluted by criticism or doubt, and a liberty as the air flows beneath her wings. Resisting nothing, she is pure presence, here now. Perhaps I'd long labored toward the place where Alfie was effortlessly taking me, a sense of openness, showing what's possible when we mess up our accustomed boundaries.

Alfie remains our magical light of the nighttime backyard. By day she usually stays in a couple of favorite shaded spots. The choice is always hers. Free within limits; that's the universe for her. It can inspire a life's work.

24. What can we learn about Alfie from the first two paragraphs?
- She had a quick recovery.
  - She was first found by the author.
  - She set up a family in the backyard.
  - She was badly affected by the COVID-19.
25. How does Alfie inspire the author and his family with hope?
- She lives a relaxed life.
  - She has no fears at all.
  - She has red blood as humans.
  - She is viewed as a messenger of God.
26. What does the author mean by describing Alfie's freedom as "unpolluted by criticism or doubt" in paragraph 4?
- Alfie is not influenced by social development.
  - Alfie is free from physical and mental limitations.
  - Alfie is completely independent and self-sufficient.
  - Alfie is not affected by external judgment or uncertainty.
27. What is the text mainly about?
- The author's successful rescue of an owl.
  - The author's reflection on life through an owl.
  - The author's precious friendship with an owl.
  - The author's fight against a pandemic with an owl.

Digital reading appears to be destroying habits of “deep reading”. Astonishing numbers of people with years of schooling are in effect illiterate. This month’s *Ljubljana Manifesto* (宣言) explains: “The digital field may promote more reading than ever in history, but it also offers many temptations to read in a superficial and scattered (零散的) manner—or even not to read at all. This increasingly endangers higher-level reading.”

That’s frightening, because “higher-level reading” has been essential to civilization. It enabled the enlightenment and an international increase in empathy. Without it, we would suffer a lot. As the *Ljubljana Manifesto* notes, “as much as one-third of Europeans struggle even with lower-level reading skills.” More than one-fifth of adults in the US “fall into the illiterate/functionally illiterate category”. Separately, post-pandemic reading scores for American 13-year-olds are the lowest in decades. And the Washington-based Center for Global Development recently estimated that literacy in South Asia and sub-Saharan Africa among those with five years of schooling has decreased by 10% this past half century.

Experts in the *Ljubljana Manifesto* record the demerits of digital reading: “Recent studies of various kinds indicate a decline of critical and conscious reading, slow reading, non-strategic reading and long-form reading.” When you read a book on paper, you can be entirely inside the experience, absorb hundreds of pages of details thoroughly and begin to capture the world’s complexity. Online, says Maryanne Wolf of UCLA, we are “skimming, scanning, scrolling”. The medium is the message: doing deep reading on your phone is as hard as playing tennis with your phone. Recently, a bright 11-year-old told me I was wasting time on books; he absorbed more information faster from Wikipedia. He had a point. But digital readers also absorb more misinformation and seldom absorb fine perspectives.

In short, as professors from Northwestern University foresaw in 2005, we are returning to the days when only an elite (精英) “reading class” consumes long texts, which is worrying.

28. What can we learn about digital reading from paragraph 1?

- A. Digital reading has solved the problem of illiteracy.
- B. Digital reading has lessened the practice of deep reading.
- C. Digital reading has made deep reading accessible to wider readers.
- D. Digital reading has aroused a greater appreciation for deep reading.

29. What is the purpose of the figures used in paragraph 2?

- A. To display the popularity of digital reading.
- B. To highlight the advantages of deep reading.
- C. To present the unfavorable situation of literacy.
- D. To stress the illiterate’s lower-level reading skills.

30. What does the underlined word "demerits" in paragraph 3 mean?  
A. Effects.      B. Depths.      C. Features.      D. Drawbacks.
31. What might be talked about in the following paragraph?  
A. Advantages of digital reading.      B. Benefits of higher-level reading.  
C. Ways to encourage digital reading.      D. Measures to practice deep reading.

D

Tortoise and turtle shells can be used to study nuclear pollution, scientists have found. Just as tree rings can provide snapshots(简要说明) of the Earth's climate, and ice cores can give us information on past temperature, researchers found that the layers of shells can be used as a time stamp of periods with nuclear fallout.

The researchers focused on turtles and tortoises from areas that have seen nuclear pollution, and measured the uranium(铀) that was present in the bony outer shell that is usually made of keratin(角蛋白). Each layer of shell equals to one year of the tortoise's life, and so can reveal what happened in its surrounding environment.

Five different turtles and tortoises from natural history collections were studied. One of these came from Enewetak Atoll, and was collected in 1978. Enewetak Atoll and its neighbour, Bikini Atoll, in the Pacific, were the sites of 67 nuclear tests, with Enewetak the site of 43 of these. Though the sea turtle was probably not alive during the time of the testing, researchers still found uranium pollution in the turtle 20 years after testing ended.

Researchers also looked at an eastern box turtle from Oak Ridge, Tennessee, in the US. Oak Ridge is the site of a nuclear facility that has produced and processed uranium since 1943. The turtle that was studied from there was collected in 1962 and may have bioaccumulated radionuclides, or radioactive materials, from uranium waste products in the area.

The research supports the idea that these animals can bioaccumulate human-made radionuclides, or from the environment. It also supports the idea that these animals, which often live a long time, can record information about human activity with nuclear landscapes over a long period. We anticipate that combining analyses of historically collected and modern samples will significantly expand our environmental monitoring abilities as they relate to ongoing nuclear pollution questions.

32. What made the test of uranium by the researchers possible?  
A. Uranium made its mark on the turtle shells.  
B. Uranium existed in large amounts in nature.  
C. The turtle shells were independent from the surrounding environment.  
D. The turtle shells' outer layers were composed of mysterious material.
33. Which of the following is TRUE according to paragraphs 3-4?  
A. The turtle studied had to be alive during testing.  
B. Bikini Atoll and Oak Ridge stood next to each other.  
C. Enewetak Atoll had more nuclear tests than Bikini Atoll.  
D. The eastern box turtle from Oak Ridge was collected in 1943.

34. What is the author's attitude toward the research?  
A. Unclear.      B. Dismissive,      C. Doubtful.      D. Approving.
35. What's the best title for the text?  
A. A study on turtle collections      B. The importance of turtle shells  
C. The severity of nuclear pollution      D. A hint of radiation from turtle shells

第二节 (共 5 小题; 每小题 2.5 分, 满分 12.5 分)

阅读下面短文, 从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

**Living in the moment**

How often do you find yourself worrying about the future and reflecting on the past? Whether it's during a busy work day, before bed or at that weird time when we wake up in the middle of the night, there's always something to plan for, overthink or worry about. It can occupy our mind, cloud our judgement, and take up valuable time and energy in our lives. 36

Wild swimming or watersports are a great way of living in the moment. You have to pay attention to the weather, wind and waves as they could change at any moment. 37 According to the Wild Swimming Community, immersion in cold water can help with depression and muscle aches, and even boost the immune system.

38 Whether it's a plot or a window box, tending to them enables us to get into the "flow". It also reminds us that, despite our best efforts, some things just don't go to plan—and that's okay. Seeds might not germinate(发芽), creatures could eat our crops, or we might experience unfavourable weather. 39 But what matters is that we are engaged with nature's seasons and cycles, not caught in a cloud of future or past thoughts.

The benefits of making things from scratch are well-documented. From pottery to crochet (钩针编织), sewing and knitting, there's something for everyone. 40 Attending a class or group opens up the possibility of face-to-face conversation, skill-sharing and connection with like-minded people. If you're short of time, why not try taking something with you on your commute, such as a small cross-stitch project, or freestyle with a crochet hook and ball of yarn? Readymade kits can also be great if you're a bit overwhelmed with ideas.

- A. They have health benefits, too.  
B. Then what can we do to forget all of them?  
C. These things happen and they're out of our control.  
D. But, luckily for us, there is a solution, by being present.  
E. These unexpected things can be avoided ahead of schedule.  
F. Growing your own plants can also help you to focus on the here and now.  
G. You're giving yourself time to relax, experiment and get your hands dirty.



第三部分 语言运用(共两节,满分 30 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题,每小题 1 分,满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文,从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

I stopped at the top of the hill, my right foot pressed back against the coaster brake(脚刹车) on my bicycle. All I needed to do was 41 my foot, and I would be swept down the hill. But I 42. To my 12-year-old eyes, the hill was a mountain and the slope was 43 steep, which prevented me taking up the challenge.

When I returned to my hometown more than three decades later with my friends Dave and Scott, we 44 to the base of the hill and walked our bikes 45. We stood once more at the top of that hill, looking down from the edge, but this time with a 46 set of eyes. To our surprise, now the 47 seemed more obvious, even larger than we'd imagined as kids. We knew that once we started down, there was no stopping or 48. And right at the bottom of the hill, we would have to turn left to 49 dumping into the stream.

Dave went first. Then I was next. My heart was pounding. I 50 on the bike for a moment. Then I released the brake and yielded myself to 51. I skidded to a stop next to Dave. Scott followed. The three of us spent several minutes laughing, draining off the adrenaline(肾上腺素). We had 52 the childhood challenge of riding our bikes down the steep hill.

We didn't know it then, but we'd face many similar 53 over the years—leaving home, getting married, moving to a different town, starting a new job, and many others—that would cause us to pause at the 54 and collect our courage 55 we launched ourselves down the trails of our lives.

- |                      |                 |                 |                 |
|----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 41. A. stamp         | B. break        | C. lift         | D. keep         |
| 42. A. paused        | B. started      | C. charged      | D. fell         |
| 43. A. unnecessarily | B. incredibly   | C. occasionally | D. hardly       |
| 44. A. ran           | B. rode         | C. climbed      | D. wandered     |
| 45. A. out           | B. off          | C. away         | D. up           |
| 46. A. similar       | B. whole        | C. different    | D. smart        |
| 47. A. risk          | B. stream       | C. slope        | D. assumption   |
| 48. A. turning back  | B. looking down | C. giving in    | D. breaking out |
| 49. A. get           | B. avoid        | C. make         | D. search       |
| 50. A. called        | B. improved     | C. smiled       | D. balanced     |
| 51. A. pressure      | B. fate         | C. gravity      | D. difficulty   |
| 52. A. recalled      | B. completed    | C. forgotten    | D. received     |
| 53. A. activities    | B. troubles     | C. lessons      | D. periods      |
| 54. A. corner        | B. route        | C. edge         | D. line         |
| 55. A. when          | B. because      | C. after        | D. before       |

## 第二节 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Delicate strokes, carved onto wood, with ultimate precision—this is woodblock printing, 56 ancient printing technique that advanced human civilization.

As Buddhism prospered in China during the Tang Dynasty (618—907), there was a strong need 57 (produce) a large amount of Buddhist scriptures. Meanwhile, 58 (copy) by hand could not meet the rising demand. Ancient Chinese craftsmen thus came up with a novel way to mass produce printed works. Hence came the earliest form of woodblock printing.

59 (tradition) woodblock printing comprises four major steps: writing, engraving, printing, and binding. With each step then further 60 (divide) into several procedures, it takes roughly 30 steps to produce a woodblock print. Carving is at the center of woodblock printing as this painstaking step can make 61 break the final print. Characters and images 62 (carve) to produce raised areas or lines that will eventually apply ink to paper. It calls for a pair of skilled hands.

A five-meter-scroll of the Buddhist scripture *Diamond Sutra*, printed in 868, is the “earliest dated printed book” in the words of the British Library 63 it is stored. It is just one example of ancient works of art that not only tell the wisdom of our ancestors, but also are an evidence of the 64 (pursue) of beauty by Chinese craftsmen throughout centuries.

The invention of writing gave life 65 great thoughts, but it is the invention of printing that made knowledge a shareable fruit for all humankind.

## 第四部分 写作(共两节, 满分 40 分)

### 第一节 (满分 15 分)

你校上周举行了第十九届校运会(the 19th Sports Meeting)。假定你是校英文报专栏“Be sporty, be healthy”的主编李华。请你写一封征稿启事, 向全校学生征集校运会相关的稿件。内容包括:

1. 稿件要求;
2. 投稿方式。

注意:

1. 写作词数应为 80 左右;
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

## Contributions Wanted

School English Newspaper

### 第二节 (满分 25 分)

阅读下面材料,根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段,使之构成一篇完整的短文。

To act with integrity was a habit with Susan who always follows the Golden Rule: "Do not do to others what you do not want others to do to you." But when she thought over her past conduct, a blush of shame crept to her cheeks, as many little acts of selfishness and unkindness came back to her memory. She resolved that for the future, both in great things and small, she would remember and follow the Golden Rule.

It was not long after this that an opportunity occurred, which tried Susan's principles. One Saturday evening when she went, as usual, to Mr. Thompson's inn, to receive the money of her mother's washing for him, which amounted to five dollars, she found Mr. Thompson apparently in a terrible rage with some horse dealers with whom he had been bargaining. He held in his hand an open pocketbook(钱袋子), full of bills and scarcely noticing Susan as she made her request, except to swear at her for troubling him when he was busy, he handed her a banknote.

Glad to escape so easily, Susan hurried out of the gate. Pausing to put the money safely in her purse, she discovered that he had given her two bills instead of one. She looked around; nobody was near and her first impulse was joy at the unexpected prize.

"It is all mine," said she to herself. "I will buy my mother a new coat with it, and she can give her old one to my sister Mary, and then Mary can go to the Sunday school with me next winter. I wonder if I can buy a pair of shoes for my brother Tom, too."

At that moment she remembered that he must have given it to her by mistake. But again

the voice of the tempter whispered, "He gave it, and how do you know that he did not intend to make you a present of it? Keep it! He will never know it, for he had too many such bills in that great pocketbook."

注意:

1. 续写词数应为 150 左右;
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

This conflict was going on in her mind between good and evil. \_\_\_\_\_

"Sir, you paid me two bills instead of one," she handed him the extra note. \_\_\_\_\_