



# 2023 届高三考试 英语试题

北京高考在线  
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考生注意:

1. 本试卷共 150 分, 考试时间 120 分钟。
2. 请将各题答案填写在答题卡上。

第一部分 听力(共两节, 满分 30 分)

做题时, 先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后, 你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

第一节 (共 5 小题, 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后, 你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

例: How much is the shirt?

A. £19. 15.

B. £9. 18.

C. £9. 15.

答案是 C.

1. What is the man doing?

A. Booking a room.

B. Looking for his key.

C. Checking into the hotel.

2. Where is the woman going?

A. To the dorm.

B. To the reading room.

C. To the school bookstore.

3. What program comes first on TV?

A. A puzzle show.

B. A football match.

C. A film.

4. What does the man mean?

A. He has just five pounds.

B. He will make a phone call.

C. He hasn't got any change now.

5. Where is the butter?

A. In the bowl.

B. In the cupboard.

C. In the fridge.

第二节 (共 15 小题, 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前, 你将有时间阅读各个小题, 每小题 5 秒钟; 听完后, 各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第6段材料,回答第6、7题。

6. What did Jack do last night?

A. He went to a party.

B. He studied in the library.

C. He prepared for a report.

7. What will Jack have next week?

A. A test.

B. A meeting.

C. A report.

听第7段材料,回答第8、9题。

8. What do we know about the man?

A. He likes living at home.

B. He lives with his parents.

C. He likes doing housework.

9. How can we describe the man?

A. Independent.

B. Lazy.

C. Understanding.

听第8段材料,回答第10至12题。

10. How is the weather now?

A. Cloudy.

B. Sunny.

C. Snowy.

11. What does the woman think of the man's suggestion?

A. Crazy.

B. Practical.

C. Shameful.

12. What does the woman say about the Black Run?

A. It is very dangerous.

B. It is easy for skiing in the area.

C. It is very good for exercising legs.

听第9段材料,回答第13至16题。

13. What's the probable relationship between the speakers?

A. Colleagues.

B. Boss and customer.

C. Interviewer and interviewee.

14. Why does the man want to leave his present job?

A. To go to school.

B. To get a full-time job.

C. To get a higher salary.

15. What does the man like best?

A. Traveling.

B. Doing sports.

C. Speaking Spanish.

16. What is the man concerned about in the end?

A. The number of positions.

B. The result of his application.

C. The answer to the school test.

听第 10 段材料,回答第 17 至 20 题。

17. Who has got a part-time job at a bakery?

A. Tim.

B. Simon.

C. Rebecca.

18. When did Rebecca return home?

A. Last Saturday.

B. Last Sunday.

C. Last Wednesday.

19. What happened to Kim?

A. She wrote a text.

B. She was ill in hospital.

C. She won a competition.

20. Why did Danny put up a notice about the show?

A. To show his dancing skill.

B. To give a brief summary of it.

C. To ask people to play parts in it.

## 第二部分 阅读理解(共两节,满分 40 分)

### 第一节 (共 15 小题;每小题 2 分,满分 30 分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中,选出最佳选项。

#### A

May 18th is International Museum Day. Let's take a look at some of the strangest museums around the world.

#### Giant Shoe Museum

Located in the famous Pike Place Market of Seattle, the Giant Shoe Museum is a single exhibit wall located on the outside of the Old Seattle Paperworks store and brings a lot of business to the shop as a result. A variety of giant shoes include a size 37 shoe worn by the world's tallest man, a real clown shoe and the world's largest collection of giant shoes.

#### Washington Banana Museum

Ann Mitchell Lovell really loves bananas. In fact, she loves them enough to not only run the Washington Banana Museum, which features almost 4,000 items related to the world's best-selling fruit, but to also upload photos of her favorite items from the museum online so those who can't make it to the physical location can still enjoy the virtual Banana Museum.

#### Roswell UFO Museum

Visitors can ask as many questions as possible about the Roswell incident of 1947, and know about what was spotted in the sky that fateful night. Exhibits include information on the event, crop circles, other UFO sightings, Area 51, and so on. Regardless of your personal opinion about UFOs, there's no denying that the museum has been quite successful. Since it opened its doors in 1992, it has outgrown two different locations, and now occupies an old movie theater.

#### Beijing Tap Water Museum

One of the key ingredients you need to make ramen is water, so when you're done with

weird (怪异的) museums in Japan, maybe you should head to China to learn more about tap water, specifically the history of the first water plant in Beijing. Here you can study over 300 items to better familiarize yourself with the 100-year-old history of tap water in China. The best thing about this museum is that any of its drinking fountains can provide you with an enduring souvenir of your trip.

21. Why was Washington Banana Museum set up?
- A. Out of protection of the species.
  - B. To attract more people to enjoy the fruit.
  - C. Out of the founder's love for bananas.
  - D. To share more interesting photos of bananas.
22. What can visitors do at Roswell UFO Museum?
- A. Share their opinions of UFO.
  - B. Know some details about a historic event.
  - C. Discuss the possibility of seeing a UFO.
  - D. Have a view of different shoes worldwide.
23. Anyone interested in the history of tap water can go to \_\_\_\_
- A. Giant Shoe Museum
  - B. Washington Banana Museum
  - C. Roswell UFO Museum
  - D. Beijing Tap Water Museum

B

*Good Morning Britain* (GMB) launches special "listening benches" in order to solve loneliness. *EastEnders* star Maisie Smith joined Susanna and Martin in the studio to talk about her involvement in a special part of the 1 Million Minutes campaign—GMB's special "listening benches" across the country.

Six special "listening benches" have been designed by six celebrities, and can be found in six cities across the UK—and they're in place to encourage people to strike up a conversation. Maisie joined the show to share why the campaign is important to her.

"I'm always very open about mental health," Maisie explained. "It doesn't matter who you are, where you're from, what you have—everyone is going through something and I just think the world would be a kinder place if everyone understood that."

"I think especially growing up in the limelight (引人注目) as a teenager, you're very judgemental of yourself when you do see comments of other people judging you. It can add to the stress of the things you're already going through. I think people do think I'm confident because I cover my nerves with a big smile and that's what I've been doing in my whole life."

Susanna asked Maisie if she had a technique for dealing with her nerves. "It depends on what it is," said Maisie. "A lot of the time—and it's going to sound really stupid—but I write a script. I write down all of the questions that I could be asked and try to come up with

something so that my brain won't go blank when I'm under pressure."

24. What is the theme of "listening benches" ?

- A. Caring for oneself.
- B. Changing the world.
- C. Dealing with loneliness.
- D. Protecting the environment.

25. Why did Maisie Smith join the studio?

- A. To let people know about her life.
- B. To share her feelings of the campaign.
- C. To set up a model for other celebrities.
- D. To ask more people to express their mind.

26. What is Maisie's attitude toward her mental health?

- A. Protective.
- B. Private.
- C. Serious.
- D. Outspoken.

27. What is the text mainly about?

- A. A programme on mental health.
- B. GMB interviewing celebrities.
- C. Techniques for responding to nerves.
- D. Preparations before being interviewed.

C

Many people try to make society change for the better. The real challenge is how to get good solutions to scale up (按比例放大) for major change. New research suggests that social change may depend on the relationship between beneficial behaviors and policies.

The research, conducted by the University of Maine, University of Vermont, and Université Laval in Quebec, Canada, attempted to understand how society can accomplish major, transformative social change, particularly, the kind of social change necessary to solve the growing problem of climate change.

The researchers studied a behavior that benefits groups, but does not spread without policy support, such as a costly measure to relieve the effects of climate change. They created a mathematical model, which simulates (模拟) a society where agents live in groups and adopt the beneficial behavior of peers. That behavior, given the right conditions, can spread like viral, but not if the institutional costs are too high.

"Large-scale social change is not just policy or behavior, but the emergence of a new self-reinforcing (自我强化) system that combines both. This allows us to ask new questions, such as 'how would a new pattern of behavior and policy spread?'" says Laurent Hébert-Dufresne, lead author of the study.

The results showed that both behavioral change and policy change are required to achieve large-scale social change—and that they need to happen together. Though neither can get the job done on its own, policy change is especially critical. They found that sometimes the beneficial behavior can spread too far. In some cases, the spread of behavior beyond groups with supporting policy can reduce its perceived success and slow the spread of the policy, thereby

limiting beneficial social change overall.

In future research, the team aims to apply these types of models to all sorts of beneficial social change, particularly the challenge of tackling climate change.

28. What factor may determine social change according to the research?
- A. Beneficial behavior. B. Good policies.  
C. Rules and beneficial action. D. Public awareness.
29. What is the purpose of the research?
- A. To understand what social change is.  
B. To figure out the way society changes.  
C. To accomplish trans-formative social changes.  
D. To tackle the growing problem of climate change.
30. What will the researchers do next?
- A. Put theory into practice. B. Write essays about their study.  
C. Take challenges of climate change. D. Do surveys on their research subject.
31. In which section may the text appear in a newspaper?
- A. Travel. B. Amusement. C. Economy. D. Society.

D

The area of tropical forest destroyed in 2021 was enough to cover the entire island of Cuba, and sent more carbon dioxide into the atmosphere as India does in an entire year from burning fossil fuels, according to an analysis published on Thursday.

Some 11.1 million hectares (around 43,000 square miles) of forest was destroyed, mainly by logging (伐木) as well as fires, the analysis by the World Resources Institute's Global Forest Watch and the University of Maryland found. Some of those fires were deliberately lit to clear land and many were deteriorated by climate change.

The loss was less severe than that in 2020, but deforestation (毁林) is still occurring at an alarming rate in the tropics. Of the area lost, 3.75 million hectares were primary tropical forest at the equivalent of 10 soccer fields every minute, WRI reported.

Primary tropical forests in particular are crucial for the ecological balance of the planet, providing oxygen that supports life and as biodiversity hotspots. They are also rich in stored carbon, and when these forests are logged or burned, they release carbon dioxide into the atmosphere, contributing to global warming.

"What's important to understand is that forests, especially tropical forests, are part of the global climate system," WRI senior fellow Frances Seymour told CNN. "So they're not mechanical carbon storage devices. They actually influence the energy transfer and the moisture content of the atmosphere in ways that affect rainfall and global circulation patterns."

"When deforestation happens, when forests are lost, it not only contributes carbon to the

atmosphere, but also disrupts rainfall patterns and increases local temperatures in some ways. For example, it makes remaining forests more vulnerable to fire and the warmer, drier conditions that come with climate change," Seymour said.

32. Which of the following can best replace the underlined word "deteriorated" in paragraph 2?

- A. strengthened      B. worsened      C. expanded      D. extended

33. In which aspect are primary tropical forests especially important?

- A. Promoting world economy.      B. Predicting severe weather.  
C. Balancing the earth's ecology.      D. Providing wood resources.

34. What did Seymour talk about in the last paragraph?

- A. The consequence of deforestation.      B. The cause of forests loss.  
C. The methods of protecting forests.      D. The contributions of forests.

35. What can be a suitable title for the text?

- A. Logging causes most forests loss  
B. Analysts are concerned about tropic forests loss  
C. Primary tropical forests are rich in stored carbon  
D. Tropical forests are being destroyed at an alarming rate

## 第二节 (共5小题;每小题2分,满分10分)

根据短文内容,从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

In stressful times, the art of making people laugh could help to relieve pressure. We all know that laughter is the best medicine.      It creates physical changes in your body that accelerate healing and protect you from harm. Scientists tell us that people who can laugh at their own misfortunes bounce back faster and stronger.

If you have trouble seeing the funny side of your own failures, then you might find some useful advice in the story of a friend of mine, who developed an unpleasant reaction to garlic for which his doctor prescribed (开处方) a short course of ointment (药膏) and suppositories (栓剂).

     After a few minutes, the chemist, standing at the far back of the shop, shouted at the top of her voice, "I've got your ointment, but I'll have to order your suppositories!"

Following a short yet strongly uncomfortable silence, she came forwards to the counter and said, "38" "Yes, you did," was my friend's quiet reply. I asked him how he was able to see the funny side of such an embarrassing incident and he said, "If I was standing in the shop and this had happened to someone else, it would have been funny.     "

Laughing at yourself doesn't make you a fool. It makes you strong, confident and self-assured. We all make mistakes; we all forget, trip, take wrong turns.      They cannot learn and will repeat the same mistakes, over and over again.

- A. Sorry, I shouldn't have said that.
- B. Sorry, you didn't hear what I said.
- C. It's no big deal, just because it says...
- D. He took the president to the...
- E. The feeling you get when you see...
- F. There is much scientific research...

第三部分 语言知识运用(共两节,满分25分)

第一节 (共10小题;每小题1.5分,满分15分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后各题所给的A、B、C和D四  
佳选项。

Liz Woodward was on her midnight shift at the station in New Jersey. At around 5 in the morning, she asked what they... they asked for their "biggest" cup of... The poor firefighters, Tom and Paul, looked... was one of the biggest... of the news that day. She... their shift. She knew they had a... night.

After helping with the fire for 12 long hours, they... for the... the two men were surprised when they saw a... breakfast is on me today. Thank you for all that you do... into the places everyone else runs away from. As... heard everything, and she was so grateful for the... take care of their bill.

Touched by the waitress'... Tom decided to post... viral. What they didn't expect was that Liz... GoFundMe page that Liz had started a year before... badly ill. They needed a custom... a wheelchair accessible van.

When the... became viral, more people donated to the... mous maker of the vehicle they wanted... believe how her simple act of kindness created a chain of... thankful that there are people who would devote their lives to serving the country... ple. She didn't expect anything... but got so much for her kindness.

- 41. A. teachers
- 42. A. bought
- 43. A. exhausted
- 44. A. deadlines
- B. doctors
- B. thought
- B. excited
- B. headlines



container — — — a big fish eating a little fish—to keep anything that had touched Mars inside and then it would 70 (seal).

#### 第四部分 写作(共两节,满分35分)

##### 第一节 短文改错(共10小题;每小题1分,满分10分)

假定英语课上老师要求同桌之间交换修改作文,请你修改你同桌写的以下作文。文中共有10处语言错误,每句中最多有两处。每处错误仅涉及一个单词的增加、删除或修改。

增加:在缺词处加一个漏字符号(Λ),并在其下面写出该加的词。

删除:把多余的词用斜线(\)划掉。

修改:在错的词下划一横线,并在该词下面写出修改后的词。

注意:1. 每处错误及其修改均仅限一词;

2. 只允许修改10处,多者(从第11处起)不计分。

Aimed at enriching our after-school life and develop our awareness of protecting our traditional culture, a Chinese folk music club is scheduled to be found soon. So club members are required now. Whoever had a good command of traditional Chinese folk music is warmly welcome to join in the club. The club will undoubtedly hold a variety of appealing activities, which are of greatly benefit to you. It is a club that you are bound to enjoy yourself while gaining knowledges and joy. Therefore, it is so a golden opportunity that you'd better not miss it.

To sign up for the club, you are supposed to hand in your person information to the Student Union by e-mail before the evening of May 3rd.

Hope all the students will take active part in it.

##### 第二节 书面表达(满分25分)

为丰富学生的校园生活,你校即将举办一场民族舞蹈演出。请你代表学生会用英文写一则通知,内容包括:

1. 演出时间和地点;
2. 观看须知;
3. 演出意义。

注意:

1. 词数100左右;
2. 可以适当增加细节,以使行文连贯。

45. A. advised  
 46. A. rough  
 47. A. money  
 48. A. joked  
 49. A. burying  
 50. A. set down  
 51. A. pressure  
 52. A. decided  
 53. A. condition  
 54. A. already  
 55. A. declared  
 56. A. vehicle  
 57. A. post  
 58. A. contributed  
 59. A. individual  
 60. A. in need
- B. pretended  
 B. normal  
 B. till  
 B. warned  
 B. observing  
 B. went along  
 B. bravery  
 B. aimed  
 B. position  
 B. ever  
 B. shared  
 B. home  
 B. video  
 B. recommended  
 B. annual  
 B. in return
- C. assumed  
 C. relaxing  
 C. check  
 C. add  
 C. employing  
 C. came about  
 C. wisdom  
 C. promised  
 C. kindness  
 C. even  
 C. created  
 C. carpet  
 C. advertisement  
 C. donated  
 C. cultural  
 C. in respect
- D. indicated  
 D. splendid  
 D. debt  
 D. reminded  
 D. serving  
 D. turned out  
 D. generosity  
 D. expected  
 D. attitude  
 D. also  
 D. founded  
 D. desk  
 D. design  
 D. sold  
 D. positive  
 D. in turn

第二节 (共10小题,每小题1.5分,满分15分)

阅读下面短文,在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

NASA is planning its first-ever mission to bring dirt and rocks from Mars back to Earth, but before that historical event happens, the space agency has to figure out 61 (exact) how to protect our home planet from any alien microbes (微生物) that might come along.

This week, the agency is holding public meetings and looking for feedback on its plan 62 (land) a spacecraft carrying Martian specimens at a U. S. Air Force testing range in Utah in the early 2030s.

"Maybe this is the most important environmental 63 (assess) that humans have ever done," says Peter Doran, a geologist at Louisiana State University who studies life in extreme environments. Having a rock sample from Mars here on Earth would let researchers run detailed lab tests to look for evidence of 64 (whether) this cold, harsh, rocky world was once habitable (可居住的) or maybe even inhabited.

For researchers, this is 65 (a) long-held dream. Discussion about such a mission 66 (go) on for decades, and it will take billions of dollars to accomplish. Until recently, there hasn't been a lot of focus on the details of the sample return facility because 67 (reluctance) didn't think it was going to happen.

NASA officials are working out a plan to safely collect the samples. A spacecraft would land on Mars and launch a container full of the previously 68 (collect) rock samples into orbit around the planet. Once in orbit, this container could be swallowed by another

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平台自创办以来，为众多重点大学发现和推荐优秀生源，和北京近百所中学达成合作关系，累计举办线上线下升学公益讲座数百场，帮助数十万考生顺利通过考入理想大学，在家长、考生、中学和社会各界具有广泛的口碑影响力

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