2022年汕头市普通高考第三次模拟考试试题

英语

本试卷共 8 页, 满分 120 分。考试用时 120 分。

注意事项: 1. 答题前, 考生务必将自己的姓名、考生号、考场号和座位号填写在答题卡上。

- 2. 作答选择题时,选出每小题答案后,用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目选项的答案信息点涂黑;如 需要改动,用橡皮擦干净后,再选涂其它答案。答案不能答在试卷上。试题序号从"21"开始。
- 3. 非选择题必须用黑色字迹的钢笔或签字笔作答, 答案必须写在答题卡各 题目指定区域内相应 位置上;如需改动、先划掉原来的答案, 然后再写上新的答案; 不准使用铅笔和涂改液。不按 以上要求作答无效。
- 4. 考生必须保证答题卡的整洁。考试结束后,将试卷和答题卡一并交回。

第二部分 阅读 (共两节, 端分 50 分)

第一节 (共15小题: 每小题2.5分, 满分37.5分)

阅读下列短文, 从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

You probably haven't given much thought to your sleep position, but like your Spotify playlists or the clothes hanging in your closet, the way you spend those seven to nine hours each night can actually reveal a bit about who you are.

The Fetal Position

The fetal position gets its name from the shape of a baby in the womb. The fetal position is the most common position in the world. People who sleep in the fetal position tend towards worry and anxiety. They are often shy and sensitive.

In the fetal position, a sleeper's body is essentially curled up into a ball as they lie on one side with legs and arms bent. This position is commonly assumed by adult sleepers.

The Starfish Position

When sleeping like a starfish, you lie on your back with arms up near the pillow and legs outstretched. Sleep scientist Idzikowski says starfish sleepers value friendship, and that while they prefer not to be the center of attention, people who sleep in this position are good listeners and quick to help others.

If you have a starfish sleeper as a best friend, you're in luck. Starfish sleepers are great listeners and a source of comfort to others.

The Log

For those who suffer from back pain, the log position could be helpful for you. While assuming a log position, a sleeper has both their arms and legs extended, so their body is straight like a log. Log sleepers are very trusting, a little naive, but are usually social and easy-going individuals.

Idzikowski claims that preferring a log position suggests that a person is sociable and interacts with others easily. While these are attractive traits, he warns that this openness and willingness to trust could make them gullible.

The Soldier Position

In the soldier position, you lie as straight as a soldier stands. The legs are not bent, and your arms lie straight along the sides of your body.

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Soldier sleepers are quiet and reserved, but also hold high standards. Soldier sleepers do not like to make a big deal out of things. They are the strong silent type. Sleeping like a soldier can lead to a bad night's sleep. Try using a pillow to support the natural curve of your back. D. The Soldier Position

- 21. If you feel anxious, what position of sleeper friend do you need?
 - A. The Fetal Position
- B. The Starfish Position
- C. The Log
- NWW.

x.com

22. Why do you need a pillow to support the natural curve of your back? Because you are quiet and reserved.

- B. Because you do not like to make a big deal out of things.
- C. Because you lie as straight as a soldier stands.
- D. Because you want to have a sound sleep.
- 23. What do the four kinds of sleep positions mentioned have in common?
 - A. They are beneficial to our health.
 - B. They can reveal a bit about our personalities.
 - C. They are commonly assumed by adult sleepers.
 - D. They are useful to relieve your back pain.

Visitors to the Yangguan Museum in Dunhuang, Northwest China's Gansu Province, over the recent May Day holiday had the opportunity to see the first restored Mingguang armor (管甲) from the Tang Dynasty (618-907). The 1.86-meter-tall suit of armor gave visitors a window through which they could appreciate the wisdom of ancient Chinese artisans and the charm of China's armor culture.

Wen Chenhua, the artisan who restored the armor that played a significant role on the battlefield more than 1,000 years ago, is one of the biggest fans of ancient armor in China. Following his passion, he has made the restoration of armor his lifelong career.

Since 2008, Wen and his team of over 30 people have produced more than 10,000 armor replicas according to ancient samples, gradually gathering thousands of followers from around the world who have been caught up by the charm of Chinese armor culture.

Armor from the Tang and Song dynasties are Wen's favorites. He pointed to the Mingguang armor as a specific example. Mingguang means "bright and shiny" and in this case refers specifically to glittering nature of the breastplate of the armor, according to Wen. Due to prohibitions against privately storing suits of armor in ancient times, there are very few complete suits of armor that have been well preserved in China and detailed written records remain scarce.

Although Wen found many mentions of ancient armor in historical records, most records did not discuss what the armor actually looked like. He also used the statues of goddesses in the Mogao Grottoes as references, as the armor on one of these statues still had coloralt took Wen and his team several months to restore the Mingguang armor. It is composed of more than 1,300 iron pieces and weighs nearly 25 kilograms in total. They used modern technology to create patterns that were inspired by a traditional forging technique popular in the region during the Tang Dynasty. Wen said that all of these endeavors are aimed at getting as close as possible to historical reality, noting that "no one can see the real Mingguang armor but I will try my best to restore the truth."

- 24. What inspired Wen Chenhua to restore the armor?
 - A. Visitors' appreciation

- B. The charm of China's culture
- C. The wisdom of ancient Chinese artisans
- D. His enthusiasm for ancient armor in China

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- 25. Which is closest in meaning to the underlined word "replicas" in Paragraph 3?
 - A. Products
- B. Displays
- C. Copies
- D. Sculptures
- 26. Why was it difficult to restore the Mingguang armor?
 - A. There were few complete suits and detailed written records left.
 - B. Suits of armor were stored privately in the past.
 - C. The color on the armors were completely destroyed.
 - D. The ancient government banned storing suits of armor privately.
- 27. What can we learn from the last paragraph?
 - A. Wen used modern technology to create the statues of goddesses.
 - B. Wen and his team tried to restore the truth of the ancient China's armor.
 - C. Wen and his team found enough records to figure out what the armor actually looked like.
 - D. The Mingguang armor consists of about 1,300 iron pieces and weighs exactly 25 kilograms in total.

C

Popping food into the microwave for a couple of minutes may seem utterly harmless, and Europe's stock of these quick-cooking ovens emit as much carbon as nearly 7 million cars, a new study has found, and the problem is growing. With costs falling and kitchen appliances becoming "status" users, owners are throwing many microwaves after an average of eight years. This is pushing sales of new microwave which are expected to reach 135 million annually in the EU by the end of the decade.

A study by the University of Manchester worked out the emissions of carbon dioxide — the main greenhouse gas responsible for climate change — at every stage of microwaves, from manufacture to waste disposal. "It is electricity consumption by microwaves that has the biggest impact on the environment," say the authors, who also calculate that the emissions from using 19 microwaves over a year are the same as those from using a car. According to the same study, efforts to reduce consumption should focus on improving consumer awareness and behaviour. For example, consumers should use appliances in a more efficient way by adjusting the time of cooking to the type of food."

However, David Reay, professor of carbon management argues that, although microwaves use a great deal of energy, their emissions are minor compared to those from cars. In the UK alone, there are around 30 million cars. These cars emit more than all the microwaves in the EU. Backing this up, recent data show that passenger cars in the UK emitted 69 million tons of CO² in 2015. This is 10 times the amount this new microwave oven study estimates for annual emissions for all the microwave ovens in the whole of the EU. Further, the energy used by microwaves is lower than any other form of cooking. Among common kitchen appliances used for cooking, microwaves are the most energy efficient, followed by a stove and finally a standard oven. Thus, rising microwave sales could be seen as a positive thing.

- 28. What is the finding of the new study?
 - A. Quick-cooking microwave ovens have become more popular.

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- B. CO² emissions are considered to be a major threat to the environment.
- C. The frequent use of microwaves may do harm to our health.
- D. The use of microwaves emits more CO2 than people think.
- 29. Why are the sales of microwaves expected to rise?
 - A. They are getting much easier to operate.
 - B. They have a shorter life cycle than other appliances.
 - C. They are becoming more affordable.
 - D. They take less time to cook than other appliances.
- 30. What recommendation does the study by the University of Manchester make?
 - A. Eating less to cut energy consumption.
- B. Using microwave ovens less frequently.
- C. Improving microwave users' habits.
- D. Cooking food of different varieties.
- 31. What does Professor David Reay think of the use of microwaves?
 - A. It rarely plays a negative role in the environmental protection
 - B. It makes everyday cooking much more convenient.
 - C. It will become less popular in the coming decades.
 - D. It consumes more power than conventional cooking.

D

The wallet is heading for extinction. As a day-to-day essential, it will die off with the generation who read print newspapers. The kind of shopping — where you hand over notes and count out change in return — now happens only in the most minor of our retail (零售的) encounters, like buying a bar of chocolate or a bottle of milk, from a corner shop. At the shops where you spend any real money, that money is increasingly abstracted. And this is more and more true, the higher up the scale you go. At the most cutting-edge retail store — Victoria Beckham on Dover Street, for instance — you don't go and stand at any kind of cash register. When you decide to pay, the staff are equipped with iPads to take your payment while you relax on a sofa, which is nothing more or less than excellent service, if you have the money.

But across society, the abstraction of the idea of cash makes me uneasy. Maybe I'm just old-fashioned. But earning money isn't quick or easy for most of us. Isn't it a bit weird that spending it should happen in half a blink of an eye? Doesn't a wallet — that time-honoured Friday-night feeling of pleasing, promising fatness — represent something that matters?

But I'll leave the economics to the experts. What bothers me about the death of the wallet is the change it represents in our physical environment. Everything about the look and feel of a wallet — the way the fastenings and materials wear and tear and loosen with age, the plastic and paper and gold and silver, and handwritten phone numbers and printed cinema tickets — is the very opposite of what our world is becoming. The opposite of a wallet is a smart phone or an iPad. The rounded edges, cool glass, smooth and unknowable as a pebble (新鲜石). Instead of digging through pieces of paper and peering into corners, we move our fingers left and right. No more counting out coins. Show your wallet, if you still have one. It may not be here much longer.

- 32. What does the author intended to show with the example of buying chocolate and milk?
 - A. Goods like chocolate and milk should be sold only in corner shops.
 - B. Now people seldom use cash unless making small purchases.
 - C. People won't bother to buy daily groceries with cash.
 - D. The new generation no longer needs wallet.
- 33. What makes the author feel uncomfortable nowadays?
 - A. Spending money is so fast and easy.
- B. Saving money is no longer necessary.
- C. The pleasing Friday-night feeling is fading.
- D. Earning money is getting more difficult.
- 34. What can we infer from the passage about the author?
 - A. He is resistant to social changes.
 - B. He is against technological progress.
 - C. He feels unwilling to part with the traditional wallet.
 - D. He feels insecure in the ever-changing modern world.
- 35. Which of the following is the best title for the passage?
 - A. Wallet: A Thing of the Past

B. Changes in Payment Trends

C. Cash No Longer Useful

D. Age of Wallet Coming to an End

第二节 (共 5 小題: 每小题 2.5 分, 满分 12.5 分)

阅读下面短文, 从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余项。

The process begins with hot water being poured over fine powdered tea creating a paste. Then more hot water is slowly added as the tea is constantly whisked by hand with a bamboo stick. The action of pouring hot water is called dian, hence the name dian cha. __38__ It usually requires whisking the mixture between 180 and 200 times before the water and the tea are fully combined and the foam appears. Then, one can feel free to make artistic designs in the foam with the tea paste.

- A. The key is to practice coordination between the wrist and the arm.
- B. However, the pattern on tea foam will only last for up to an hour.

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C. The patterns	,					
D. The better at	C. The patterns created on the tea foam are often poems, calligraphy and paintings. D. The better at					
E. Usually the tea, the wh	D. The better the tea, the whiter it should be, and the longer the foam should last. E. Usually, the whole process has to be completed within 10 minutes. F. The ideal and the longer the foam should last.					
The Whole serve	on han to be completed W	thin 10 minutes				
State is when the	e tes temperature is amuli	nd 40°C, ready to be tasted	1.			
G. It is similar to the foam of	on top of a cup of coffee.		A Jacob			
			i. Www.gkaoz			
第三部分 语言运用 (共两第一节 (共 15 小)	节, 满分 30 分)		100			
、 、 13 小棚・街半	图1公 借公14分)					
一个人,从母殿所约	会的 A. B. C. D 四个i	先助中抚出可 以婚人罕称	处的最佳选项。			
MIOWD how well have a sold home when well I was a sing through her things after the died. I						
something I had long 41 which happened in my childhood.						
as a lay in bed. I	42 my bad ma	nners towards Mother on t	hat day. "I must make things			
Defore sleep." I t	hought					
Quietly I 44	t of hed and tiptoed int	o the hall. The45	from the living room			
shone dimly, while Mother was o	downstairs.					
A C	-	forgiveness. I didn't wan	nt my siblings to know our			
47 so I added a pos	stscript: "Please don't let	anyone else see this." Th	en I quietly moved into my			
parents' bedroom and put the lett	ter under Mother's.	•				
The next morning, when I	made my bed, I 4	8 found a return no	te under my pillow. Mother			
wrote that she loved me and forg	rave me.		, ,			
This became my way of		talked back or disobeved.	Mother always left a return			
note, but she never spoke about						
siblings recalled our 50		6	01			
		sonal belongings. I came:	across a bundle of notes tied			
When Mother passed away, I had to 51 her personal belongings. I came across a bundle of notes tied with a faded ribbon. On ton use a message in her handwriting. It read "In the exemine of my death please						
with a faded ribbon. On top was a message in her handwriting. It read, "In the evening of my death, please52_ these."						
	alanced at the handwriti	ng on the bottom. To my	prencica I 54 my			
I 53 her packet and		ing on the bottom. To my s	suprise i my			
childish writing, "Please don't le		haalaa Garaha adhiah bu	nor "Lord" I amused "make			
I gently 55 the unop	period bundle in the waste	coasket for the rubbish bur	ner. Lord, Tprayed, make			
me like my mother."	con					
Al A avanual	B. forgotten	C. desired	D. believed			
41. A. expected	B. remembered B. accessible	C. reflected	D. regretted			
42. A. recalled	B. accessible	C. right	D. appealing			
43, 71.1003						
44. A slipped	B. got	C. struggled	D. jumped			

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B. feature

45. A. figure

C. flash

D. light

46. A. casually	B. reluctantly	C. quickly	D. frankly
47. A. plan	B. business	C. ambition	D. trouble
48. A. undoubtedly	B. deliberately	C. cautiously	D. unexpectedly
49. A. apologizing	B. regretting	C. exchanging N.	D. submitting
50. A. youth	B. childhood	C. experience	D. challenge
51. A. fill up	B. show off	C. go through	D. give up
52. A. destroy	B. preserve	C. relive	D. abandon
53. A. picked out	B. piled up	C. brought out	D. turned over
54. A. realized	B. recognized	C. reminded	D. refreshed
55. A. conduct	B. handle	C. exposed	D. placed

第二节 (共10小题;每小题1.5分,满分15分)

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Millions of people in China now share a common routine: a session with personal trainer Liu Genghong.
The 49-year-old singer and composer has 56 (surprising) become 57 online hit for
livestreaming fitness routines from his home. Liu's workout sessions are so popular that they58
(break) Douyin's livestreaming record for 2022 so far.
In Liu's livestreams, Liu and his wife appear 59 (energy), friendly, happy and super fit. They
are usually seen exercising 60 the fast-paced tune (曲子) of pop singer Jay Chou's Herbalist Manual
(本草纲目) and others. 61 Liu's dance moves look simple, they are often too intense for his audience
62 (follow).
Wei Fang, a student at Shandong Normal University, is one of Liu's 63 (fan). "My major requires
me to sit for a long time, sometimes for the whole day," she said. "So how can I refuse a star singer as a personal
trainer? Besides, when 64 (watch) the livestream, I feel like I'm working out with friends,
encourages me to keep going until the last minute," added Wei.

第四部分写作(共两节, 满分40分) 第一节(满分15分)

你校英语社团举办以"The Fruit of Labor is Sweetest"为主题的演讲活动,请你用英语写一篇演讲稿,内容包括:

- 1. 劳动的益处;
- 2. 自己的劳动体验:
 - 3. 呼吁大家热爱劳动。

注意:

- 1. 写作词数应为80左右;
- 2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

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Thanks for listening!

第二节 (满分 25 分)

阅读下面材料,根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段,使之构成一篇完整的短文。

Coming Clean

Derek and Janey were eating in the hall and talking about the jacket of Mr. Such, who was their teacher.

- "They're so crumpled and baggy," Derek said. "Like a pair of old dish-cloths."
- "He wears them all the time! I really wish he'd get some new ones," Janey sighed.

At that moment Mr. Such himself came into the hall. Today he was in a brand new suit, which was white and spotless. Everyone in the hall stopped eating and stared at him in amazement.

- "Wow!" said Derek, leaning across his plate. "Mr. Such, you look so different today! I like your suit!"
- "Thank you, Derek. It's for Parents' meeting." said Mr. Such, a bit red in the face.
- "But that's not till Monday, Mr. Such," Janey said.
- "I know that, Janey . I'm just getting used to it ."

The last lesson of the day was art. In case his new jacket got dirty, before his teaching, Mr. Such took it off and hang it on the cupboard door. However, probably because he hadn't got used to the new jacket, he forgot to take it back with him. All the students left except Derek and Janey, who were still busy with their painting. Derek mixed up too much green paints and got his hand very dirty. He reached behind him and rubbed his hands on the towel on the cupboard door. Except that it wasn't the towel.

"Oh," he said quietly. "What have I done!" Turing around, he found he had wiped his hands on Mr.

Such's new jacket! Janey wanted to help, so she quickly grabbed some paper and rubbed at the green marks.

"Oh no!" Derek cried in agony, "You're making them worse. They're twice as big now."

Janey felt sorry and thought hard, and finally she came up with an idea. "He was still in the office, so we still have time. There's only one thing for it now, "she said with determination and pointed to the sink outside the classroom. Desperate as Derek was, he took some soaps and fetched the jacket secretly to the sink with Janey. 注意:

- 1. 续写词数应为 150 左右;
- 2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

They darted over to the sink and turned on the tap.

"Oh dear, the green stuff was still there." Janey sighed . "I think we have to tell the truth."



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