

2024 届高三年级 11 月份大联考

英语试题

本试题卷共 8 页。全卷满分 120 分。考试用时 120 分钟。

注意事项:

1. 答题前,先将自己的姓名、准考证号填写在答题卡上,并将准考证号条形码粘贴在答题卡上的指定位置。
2. 选择题的作答:每小题选出答案后,用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑,写在试题卷、草稿纸和答题卡上的非答题区域均无效。
3. 非选择题的作答:用签字笔直接写在答题卡上对应的答题区域内。写在试题卷、草稿纸和答题卡上的非答题区域均无效。
4. 考试结束后,请将本试题卷和答题卡一并上交。

第一部分 阅读(共两节,满分 50 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题;每小题 2.5 分,满分 37.5 分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

Lend a hand

Mind Yourself

The Rotunda Hospital's Autumn Charity Lunch will take place on Friday, October 20 at the Round Room, Mansion House, Dublin. Tickets for The Mind Event; a fundraising event for women's mental health are E150 and include a drinks reception and music by Robbie Doyle.

Book your ticket on eventbrite.ie.

Stop the Pain

If you've ever considered donating to the Irish Society for Prevention of Cruelty to Animals (ISPICA), now is the time. During the first quarter of 2023, the ISPICA witnessed an 80 percent rise in animals under care. The charity's Urgent National Emergency Appeal needs to fundraise E500,000 to house dogs in private animal shelters or temporary facilities.

Visit ispca.ie to donate.

Dublin Mountain Walk

Fasten up your hiking boots at the Glencullen Adventure Park on Sunday June 25 to raise vital funds for One in Four, a charity that works with adults impacted by childhood abuse through the provision of treatment, advocacy and prevention services. You'll need to set up a fundraising page and aim to raise E100 in donations.

Book your place on oneinfour.ie.

Dementia Podcast

Fresh off the airwaves is the DemTalks podcast hosted by the Alzheimer Society of Ireland. Listeners can expect to hear stories that inspire, inform, and encourage dialogue on various topics, including carer identity, home care, and caring in the LGBTQ+ community.

DemTalks is available for streaming at pod.link.

1. What sets the activity Stop the Pain apart from others?
A. Raising funds.
B. Appealing for love.
C. Caring for animals.
D. Establishing a page.
2. What's the purpose of Dementia Podcast?
A. To warn. B. To educate. C. To advertise. D. To blame.
3. Which site will you access if you are concerned about women's mental health?
A. eventbrite. ie B. ispc. ie
C. oneinfour. ie D. pod. link

B

So far during her television career, Julia Louis-Dreyfus has been nominated (提名) for 26 Emmy Awards and has won 11. And at 62, her dance card remains full. "I actually have to pinch (掐) myself because it's incredible that so much is happening right now and that I'm able to do it," said Louis-Dreyfus.

Leaning into life's big lessons is what inspired Louis-Dreyfus to create *Wiser Than Me*, her recently launched hit podcast devoted to interviewing successful women over a certain age group about what they've learned in both their personal and professional lives. "I want to talk to older women and get their wisdom, get their sort of tips from the front-lines of life," the star said to NPR's *Fresh Air*. "I'm finding it very inspiring. I'm enjoying it."

Apart from seriously employing it to her career, Louis-Dreyfus has packed plenty into her personal life that gives her tools to inspire and instruct, including the fact that she's been happily married to a writer and actor Brad Hall since 1987. The couple has celebrated several happy milestones over the years, including raising sons Henry, 30, and Charlie, 26, who are both following their parents' footsteps into the entertainment business.

In 2017, Louis-Dreyfus was diagnosed with breast cancer, one day after winning her sixth continuous Emmy for her role on *Veep*. "Not that it's funny, but it is funny in terms of juxtaposition (并置). It's kind of unbelievable."

Sharing her life and continuing to tell stories that matter in both her on-screen and podcast work have become a priority for the comedy star, who refuses to fade into the background as she ages. "Older women are very much made invisible in our culture and that's sad. I want to have my health, keep doing really cool jobs, and make new friends along the way."

4. What can we infer from Louis's words in paragraph 1?
A. She felt tired of the stressful life.
B. She was proud of her achievements.
C. She hardly believed she could make it.
D. She was so busy that she forgot herself.
5. Which can replace the underlined part "Leaning into" in paragraph 2?
A. Drawing. B. Teaching. C. Dropping. D. Ignoring.

6. What does paragraph 3 mainly talk about concerning Louis?
- A. How her family support her career.
 - B. What a happy family she is blessed with.
 - C. What a balance she's made between work and life.
 - D. How the acquired wisdom benefits her personal life.
7. Which of the following can best describe Louis?
- A. Adventurous and respectful.
 - B. Open and supportive.
 - C. Devoted and positive.
 - D. Brave and creative.

C

Many of us are lonelier than ever. We can go shopping and avoid speaking to a single person. Automated voices on phones and machines suck the contact and relational element out of day-to-day life, so much so that experts say that we are experiencing a loneliness disease.

According to Dr. Lalitaa, loneliness is the feeling we get when our need for rewarding social contact and relationships is not met. But loneliness is not always the same as being alone. Loneliness is a state of mind linked to wanting human contact but feeling alone. People can be alone and not feel lonely, or they can have contact with people and still experience feelings of loneliness.

Loneliness is a universal human emotion that is both complex and unique to each individual. There are many contributing factors to loneliness, such as illness, relationships breaking down, moving country, changing jobs or not being understood by co-workers, retiring, starting university, etc.

We cannot underestimate the impact loneliness can have on our physical and mental wellbeing. According to research, loneliness has comparable health risks to smoking 15 cigarettes a day, and people who feel lonely are more likely to die earlier and suffer from heart attacks. Dr. Lalitaa says, "People often say to me, 'It's too late to meet new people as an adult.' Having human connection can look different for each person, but this can become a block, stopping them going out, trying new things and connecting with new people. Remember, it is never too late to make good, meaningful connections."

However, don't put pressure on yourself. A meaningful relationship takes time. It is not just created overnight. Also, take some time to sit with yourself and venture (冒险) into some of the things that you like doing. "The first thing I would say is not to deny or distance the feeling. Acknowledge it and then you can choose to focus on ways to help yourself," says Dr. Lalitaa.

8. How does the author clarify what loneliness is?
- A. By stating arguments.
 - B. By giving examples.
 - C. By making comparisons.
 - D. By employing figures.

9. Why is smoking cigarettes mentioned in the text?
- A. To explain the causes of loneliness.
 - B. To illustrate the harm from loneliness.
 - C. To overestimate the impact of loneliness.
 - D. To emphasize the universality of loneliness.
10. What does the underlined word “this” in paragraph 4 refer to?
- A. Lack of appealing reward.
 - B. Dependence on the network.
 - C. The regret for the passing youth.
 - D. The idea of being too late for new relations.
11. What does Dr. Lalitaa consider as priority when dealing with loneliness?
- A. Having new experience.
 - B. Telling it from being alone.
 - C. Being aware of and recognizing it.
 - D. Making friends from all walks of life.

D

Biological fieldwork can mean trips to exotic places. The most common method is to send a few eager graduate students armed with camera traps and several weeks of spare time. But perhaps not for much longer. A paper published in *Current Biology* suggests an easier method: simply swabbing (擦拭) nearby leaves for DNA.

The DNA in question is called “environmental DNA” (eDNA for short). It refers to all the genetic information that animals leave behind as they go about their daily business: breathing, urinating, or interacting with their environment in any way. In recent years, genesequencing (基因测序) technology has become quick and sensitive enough to pick out genetic sequences from particular animals — including humans — from this eDNA.

One way of doing so is simply to blow air through filters (过滤器), and then analyse them to see which animals live nearby. Drs Gogarten and Lynggaard wondered if there might be a simpler approach. Air-sampling systems can take days to do their work. Maintenance must be done, and filters must be changed. But given that eDNA is literally blowing around ecosystems, the searchers wondered if it might be collecting on leaves.

The leaves of many plants are waxy (蜡质的) and somewhat sticky. The researchers theorised that eDNA might end up stuck to leaves and that it could subsequently be collected by swabbing them. They tested their theory in the dense rain forests of Kibale National Park, in Uganda. Using simple cotton swabs, and wearing masks and gloves to prevent polluting the samples with their own DNA, they visited three areas of the park and collected eight swabs at each site, and then took them back to Copenhagen for analysis.

The swabs revealed the presence of 26 birds, 24 mammals, one amphibian and one fish, with each swab containing DNA from eight animals on average. More than half the samples were good enough to work out the precise species they came from.

Just choose a sunny spot and away you go!

20 B Place different flowers such as petunias, pansies or kalanchoes into a window box or hanging basket for instant garden attraction. The more unusual kalanchoe varieties, such as “Magic Bells”, with its pretty flowers of pale green, bell-shaped flowers, or “Dorothy”, with its long stems and orange flowers, will add color, interest and texture (质地).

- A. Be style smart
- B. Not all plants need a lot of attention
- C. It is a great choice for the summer garden
- D. Choose oranges and reds for an energy burst
- E. You can find kalanchoes from most garden centers
- F. Thus, you can create depth and a sense of richness
- G. Given a little attention, they will reward you much flowering

第二部分 语言运用(共两节,满分30分)

第一节 (共15小题;每小题1分,满分15分)

阅读下面短文,从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

After graduating from the Lanzhou-based Northwest Minzu University majoring in sociology, Mu struggled to realize his dream in big cities. However, Mu returned home at 25 after 21 his job during the COVID-19 pandemic in November 2021. 22, Mu thought of himself as a “failure” at first, because leaving their village had been a 23 for all rural children of his generation.

However, he was not 24 by his difficulties and quickly lifted himself up. Mu decided to 25 his cell phone and begin creating short videos about the 26 daily lives at home and uploading them online. He gradually found that village-related 27 was popular among his followers. “The more local the content is, the more universal its 28 is,” he said.

Mu started 29 local products on his account on April 1 last year after some fans asked him where they could buy the beef, lamb, fruit, tea and rice that had 30 in some of his videos. With more than 5 million followers on social networking websites, Mu has become the No 1 “31” in Zhongning County, helping his fellow-villagers to sell local 32 online.

“The 33 of the future often makes young people feel confused,” he said. “I gave my answer to the 34 with my own practical actions: There is not a 35 standard of life for young people, including college graduates. Dreams will lead everyone to where they should go.”

- | | | | |
|------------------|--------------|---------------|----------------|
| 21. A. hunting | B. losing | C. quitting | D. advertising |
| 22. A. Depressed | B. Surprised | C. Amazed | D. Puzzled |
| 23. A. skill | B. challenge | C. goal | D. pity |
| 24. A. attracted | B. welcomed | C. abandoned | D. defeated |
| 25. A. turn off | B. pass down | C. take apart | D. pick up |
| 26. A. experts' | B. locals' | C. fans' | D. youth's |

- | | | | |
|--------------------|----------------|--------------|----------------|
| 27. A. content | B. tradition | C. scenery | D. custom |
| 28. A. meaning | B. application | C. appeal | D. comment |
| 29. A. generating | B. predicting | C. promoting | D. storing |
| 30. A. survived | B. featured | C. mixed | D. grown |
| 31. A. collector | B. volunteer | C. farmer | D. salesman |
| 32. A. specialties | B. crops | C. videos | D. dishes |
| 33. A. misfortune | B. uncertainty | C. diversity | D. expectation |
| 34. A. doubt | B. challenge | C. regret | D. confusion |
| 35. A. high | B. moral | C. uniform | D. official |

第二节 (共 10 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文,在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Chinese writer Hai Ya's *The Space-Time Painter* won the Hugo Award for Best Novelette (中短篇小说) on Saturday. He became the third Chinese writer 36 (win) a Hugo award.

Hai Ya's novelette is inspired by a painting masterpiece, *Qianli Jiangshan Tu*, 37 *A Panorama of Rivers and Mountains*, by Wang Ximeng from the Song Dynasty (960 - 1279). Hai Ya has woven the story of Wang's life into an 38 (invite) novel that combines the elements of traditional Chinese culture and history with sci-fi and detective genres.

39 (model) on the life of Wang, Hai Ya has created the character of painting genius Zhao Ximeng, who painted for an emperor more than 1,000 years ago. After much suffering, the painter's mind abandons 40 (he) physical body and enters a space 41 a modern police officer is investigating a case 42 (involve) an ancient painting. The story reveals the political upheavals (动荡) of the period during which the painting was created.

Working in the financial industry, Hai Ya, 33, started writing sci-fi 43 (story) in 2016 and published his first work in 2019. Commenting 44 the Chinese winners of the Hugo Awards, sci-fi writer Han Song wrote that it shows that in recent years a new force of Chinese sci-fi 45 (rise), and sci-fi has become a language for China to communicate with the world.

第三部分 写作(共两节,满分 40 分)

第一节 (满分 15 分)

假定你是李华,你校的英语沙龙将举行以“健康饮食”为主题的演讲,请你就中餐和西式快餐哪个更健康,写一篇演讲稿。内容包括:

1. 学生的饮食问题;
2. 你的建议及理由。

注意:

1. 写作词数应为 80 左右;
2. 请在答题卡的相应位置作答。

第二节 (满分 25 分)

阅读下面材料,根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段,使之构成一篇完整的短文。

It was 3 a. m. when the flood came on an unseasonably warm night in June. Rocks were heard breaking. Susan Roberts, new to Red Lodge, Montana, a small town of 2,300 people, woke from an uneasy sleep. She saw the lights on at her across-the-way neighbors', on the side bordering Rock Creek, a 55-mile river skirting the town's eastern edge.

Roberts's next-door neighbor, a police officer, was evacuating (疏散) with his four kids, and he advised Roberts to do the same. So she put her dogs in the car and moved it to an narrow street behind her home, about 10 feet uphill, as her husband went from house to house, waking others. It was still dark; people were sleeping and didn't realize. More people went to each other's doors, saying, "Wake up and you have to get out."

The couple stayed in their car and on the few feet of dry land surrounding it for the entirety of the next day, watching their house ruined. Trees were washed down the town's main street. Cars floated away. Floods ruined the Beartooth Highway, a major road connecting Red Lodge to Billings. "The town looked like a riverbed," says Roberts. "The whole community was wandering around, trying to grasp what happened."

The day after the flood, more than 20 people — friends, neighbors, strangers, even tourists — flocked (群集) to help. "People went into our wet, muddy basement and pulled everything out," says Roberts. "They sorted and took things home to wash. One person came to clean up our yard. A mother and her two young children pulled rubbish from our chain-link fence." Helpers even saved her precious photo albums, drying each print before returning it to the book.

And volunteers kept coming every day until summer's end. "People would not take no for an answer. If I was like, 'Oh, we're OK now,' they'd be like, 'No. I'm gonna do something,'" she says.

注意:

1. 续写词数应为 150 左右;
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

Soon, all over town, people took action jointly to clean up the whole mess.

More than a year later, Red Lodge began to take on a new look.

2024 届高三年级 11 月份大联考

英语参考答案及解析

第一部分 阅读

第一节

A

【语篇导读】本文是一篇应用文。文章主要介绍了四个活动项目以及参与方式。

1. C 【解析】细节理解题。根据 Stop the Pain 部分的内容可知,该项目是为关爱动物筹款,有别于其他项目。故选 C。

2. B 【解析】推理判断题。根据 Dementia Podcast 部分“Listeners can expect to hear stories that inspire, inform, and encourage dialogue on various topics, including carer identity, home care, and caring in the LGBTQ + community.”可知,听众可以期望听到激励、告知和鼓励等就各种主题进行对话的故事,包括照顾者的身份、家庭护理和 LGBTQ + 社区的护理。由此可推知,该项目的目的在于教育。故选 B。

3. A 【解析】细节理解题。根据 Mind Yourself 部分“a fundraising event for women’s mental health”可知,关心女子身心健康的人可以登陆该项目所在的网站 eventbrite. ie 订票。故选 A。

B

【语篇导读】本文是一篇记叙文。文章主要讲述了获得 11 次艾美奖的演员 Louis-Dreyfus 虽然身患癌症,仍然日程满满。为了学习生活中的重大教训, Louis-Dreyfus 最近推出了一个热门播客,专门采访特定年龄段的有成就的女性,讲述她们在个人和职业生活中所学

到的东西。

4. B 【解析】推理判断题。根据第一段“it’s incredible that so much is happening right now and that I’m able to do it”可知, Louis-Dreyfus 认为那么多事情自己都做到了简直不可思议。由此可推知,她为自己的成就感到自豪。故选 B。

5. A 【解析】词义猜测题。根据第二段“I want to talk to older women and get their wisdom, get their sort of tips from the front-lines of life”可知, Louis 推出播客的目的是从别人那里汲取生活教训和智慧,所以 Learning into life’s big lessons 意为“汲取生活中的重大教训”,即 Drawing life’s big lessons。故选 A。

6. D 【解析】推理判断题。根据第三段“ Apart from seriously employing it to her career, Louis-Dreyfus has packed plenty into her personal life”可推知,本段主要讲述了 Louis-Dreyfus 是如何把汲取到的智慧运用到自己的个人生活中。故选 D。

7. C 【解析】推理判断题。根据第一段“ So far during her television career, Julia Louis-Dreyfus has been nominated for 26 Emmy Awards and has won 11. And at 62, her dance card remains full.”可知,她是献身事业的;根据第二段“ I’m finding it very inspiring. I’m enjoying it.”、第四段“ Not that it’s funny, but it is funny in terms of juxtaposition. It’s kind of unbelievable.”以及第五段“ Older women are very much made invisible in our culture and that’s sad. I want to have my health, keep doing

really cool jobs, and make new friends along the way.”

可知,Louis 是积极乐观的。故选 C。

C

【语篇导读】本文是一篇说明文。文章主要介绍了当今社会孤寂现象普遍,还介绍了孤寂的概念,分析了其形成的原因和危害,并给出了应对建议。

8. C 【解析】推理判断题。根据第二段可知,作者通过把孤寂和孤独做对比,澄清了孤寂的概念。故选 C。

9. B 【解析】推理判断题。根据第四段“*We cannot underestimate the impact loneliness can have on our physical and mental wellbeing. According to research, loneliness has comparable health risks to smoking 15 cigarettes a day*”可知,孤寂对身心的影响相当于每天吸 15 只香烟。由此可推知,文中谈及吸烟是为了说明孤寂的危害。故选 B。

10. D 【解析】代词指代题。根据第四段“*People often say to me, ‘It’s too late to meet new people as an adult.’ Having human connection can look different for each person, but this can become a block, stopping them going out, trying new things and connecting with new people.*”可推知,this 指人们认为的成年人再去结交人太晚了这一观点。故选 D。

11. C 【解析】细节理解题。根据最后一段“*‘The first thing I would say is not to deny or distance the feeling. Acknowledge it and then you can choose to focus on ways to help yourself,’ says Dr. Lalitaa.*”可知,Dr. Lalitaa 认为在采取办法应对孤寂前首先需要考虑的是承认孤寂的存在。故选 C。

D

【语篇导读】本文是一篇说明文。文章主要介绍了

鉴于动物会通过呼吸、尿液或和周围环境的互相反应,而把基因信息附着在叶子上,研究者们提出了通过擦拭叶子提取环境 DNA 的方法,然后分析之后再行动物研究。这种方法为研究生进行生物野外研究提供了便利。

12. B 【解析】细节理解题。根据第一段“*Biological fieldwork can mean trips to exotic places. The most common method is to send a few eager graduate students armed with camera traps and several weeks of spare time.*”以及最后一段“*Graduate students will have to be content spending less time sample-hunting in distant parts of the world.*”可知,叶子擦拭法有利于生物研究生进行野外研究。故选 B。

13. D 【解析】细节理解题。根据第四段“*wearing masks and gloves to prevent polluting the samples with their own DNA*”可知,戴着面罩和手套是为了防止提取的 DNA 被研究人员自己的 DNA 污染,是为了保证样品的质量。故选 D。

14. D 【解析】细节理解题。根据最后一段“*Moreover, it is cheap, easy and fast.*”可知,叶子擦拭法更加高效和节约。故选 D。

15. A 【解析】主旨大意题。研究者们鉴于动物会通过呼吸、尿液或和周围环境的互相反应,而把基因信息附着在叶子上,从而提出了通过擦拭叶子提取环境 DNA 的方法。所以叶子上附着的大量动物基因信息是能够通过擦拭叶子提取环境 DNA 的根本。由此可推知,选项 A 最适合作为本文的标题。故选 A。

第二节

【语篇导读】本文是一篇说明文。文章主要介绍了

五种把长寿花用于设计小型户外花园的方法。

16. G 【解析】根据上文“They're easy to care for.”可知,长寿花是很容易养活的。故选 G。

17. D 【解析】根据下文“or on the other hand soft pinks to feel relaxed”可知,本空的内容与上文的意思相反。故选 D。

18. F 【解析】根据上文“Try planting taller plants, such as roses or hydrangeas, alongside smaller species, like kalanchoes.”可知,此处建议人们可以种植较高的植物、间植较小的植物。本空承接上文阐明这样做的效果:创造深度和丰富感。故选 F。

19. B 【解析】根据下文“Succulents, such as kalanchoes, are perfect for 'hands off' gardeners as they will flower happily in pots on balconies for 100 days with very little watering.”可知,不是所有的植物都需要许多关注。故选 B。

20. A 【解析】本空位于段首,是对整段的概括。本段建议将不同的花朵放入花箱成为吸引点,种植不寻常的长寿花品种以增加花园的色彩、趣味性和质感,重在强调花园要风格时尚。故选 A。

第二部分 语言运用

第一节

【语篇导读】本文是一篇记叙文。文章主要讲述了宁夏回族自治区中宁的直播主持人牧飒帮助他的同乡在网上销售土特产,推广家乡。他的行为表明:年轻人的生活没有统一的标准,梦想会把每个人带到他们应该去的地方。

21. B 【解析】根据上文“Mu returned home”以及下文“during the COVID-19 pandemic”和“Mu thought of himself as a 'failure'”可知,此处指牧飒在疫情期间

失业了。故选 B。

22. A 【解析】根据下文“Mu thought of himself as a 'failure'”可知,牧飒失业后觉得自己是个失败者。由此可推知,他感到沮丧。故选 A。

23. C 【解析】句意:……因为离开村子是所有他这一代孩子们的目标。故选 C。

24. D 【解析】根据下文“and quickly lifted himself up”可知,牧飒没有被困难打败。故选 D。

25. D 【解析】根据下文“and begin creating short videos”可知,牧飒开始制作短视频,所以此处指拿起手机。故选 D。

26. B 【解析】根据下文“village-related 27 was popular”以及“Mu started 29 local products on his account”可知,牧飒的短视频内容是关于当地人的日常生活的。故选 B。

27. A 【解析】根据下文“The more local the content is, the more universal its 28 is”可知,此处指短视频中与乡村有关的内容在他的粉丝中很受欢迎。故选 A。

28. C 【解析】句意:短视频内容越本地化,就越有吸引力。故选 C。

29. C 【解析】根据下文“some fans asked him where they could buy the beef, lamb, fruit, tea and rice”可知,牧飒开始推销当地的产品。故选 C。

30. B 【解析】句意:在一些粉丝问他在哪里可以买到他的视频中出现的牛肉、羊肉、水果、茶和大米之后,牧飒在去年4月1日开始在他的账号上推销当地的农产品。故选 B。

31. D 【解析】根据上下文语境可知,牧飒帮助同乡在网上销售土特产,所以此处指他成为头号销售员。

故选 D。

32. A 【解析】根据上文“Mu started 29 local products on his account”可知,牧飒帮助同乡卖当地的特产。故选 A。

33. B 【解析】根据第一、二段内容可知,牧飒失业后曾感到低落迷茫,目标未酬,未来充满不确定性;再根据下文“makes young people feel confused”可知答案。故选 B。

34. D 【解析】根据上文“feel confused”可知,此处指困惑。故选 D。

35. C 【解析】句意:对于包括大学毕业生在内的年轻人来说,没有一个统一的生活标准。梦想会把每个人带到他们应该去的地方。故选 C。

第二节

【语篇导读】本文是一篇说明文。文章主要介绍了中国作家海漉凭《时空画家》获雨果奖。

36. to win 【解析】根据上文“He became the third Chinese writer”可知,当名词由序数词修饰时需用动词不定式作后置定语。故填 to win。

37. or 【解析】or 在此意为“或者说”,or 前、后的专有名词同指《千里江山图》。故填 or。

38. inviting 【解析】句意:海漉将王的生平故事编织成一部引人入胜的小说,将中国传统文化和历史元素与科幻和侦探类型相结合。修饰名词 novel 应用形容词。故填 inviting。

39. Modeled/Modelled 【解析】分析句子结构可知,此处需用动词的过去分词作状语,且此处位于句首。故填 Modeled/Modelled。

40. his 【解析】根据句意可知,此处指他的身体。故填 his。

41. where 【解析】分析句子结构可知,此处为定语从句,先行词指地点。此处为关系词在定语从句中作状语。故填 where。

42. involving 【解析】分析句子结构可知,“case”与“involve”之间为逻辑上的主动关系。故填 involving。

43. stories 【解析】33 岁的海漉在金融行业工作,2016 年开始写科幻小说,并于 2019 年出版了他的第一部作品。此处为复数意义。故填 stories。

44. on/upon 【解析】comment on/upon 为固定搭配,意为“评论”。故填 on/upon。

45. has risen 【解析】根据上文“in recent years”以及下文“has become”可知,此处需用现在完成时态。故填 has risen。

第三部分 写作

第一节

One possible version:

Dear fellow students,

Now, more and more students are getting fond of western fast food, and thus they take in too much sugar and fat. I don't think it good for their health.

In my opinion, Chinese food is healthier. Firstly, Chinese food contains a lot of fruits and green vegetables rich in fiber and low in sugar and fat. Secondly, Chinese food is very delicious and has many dishes, which provide us with all kinds of nutrition.

So for the sake of our health, let's turn to Chinese food instead of western fast food. Thank you.

第二节

One possible version:

Soon, all over town, people took action jointly to clean

up the whole mess. Volunteer groups, of which Roberts and her husband were members, worked quickly to clear out a space within hours. People offered their vacation homes to the homeless at no charge due to the floods. Restaurant owners organized a gift card group for people to buy gift cards from local businesses to donate to affected residents. Although the collapsed houses were not built yet, everything was slowly improving in harmony and order.

More than a year later, Red Lodge began to take on a

new look. In the spring, Roberts finally moved back home, with a freshly poured concrete foundation. The displaced people all returned. The houses were stronger, the roads were wider, and the homes were more beautiful. The peaceful night's sleep was restored. After joint efforts with others, Roberts was no longer new to Red Lodge, but the builder and owner. "I'm blessed," said Roberts. "People here are more like family members, braving difficulties together."

关于我们

北京高考在线创办于 2014 年，隶属于北京太星网络科技有限公司，是北京地区极具影响力的中学升学服务平台。主营业务涵盖：北京新高考、高中生涯规划、志愿填报、强基计划、综合评价招生和学科竞赛等。

北京高考在线旗下拥有网站门户、微信公众平台等全媒体矩阵生态平台。平台活跃用户 50W+，网站年度流量数千万量级。用户群体立足于北京，辐射全国 31 省市。

北京高考在线平台一直秉承“精益求精、专业严谨”的建设理念，不断探索“K12 教育+互联网+大数据”的运营模式，尝试基于大数据理论为广大中学和家长提供新鲜的高考资讯、专业的高考政策解读、科学的升学规划等，为广大高校、中学和教科研单位提供“衔接和桥梁纽带”作用。

平台自创办以来，为众多重点大学发现和推荐优秀生源，和北京近百所中学达成合作关系，累计举办线上线下升学公益讲座数千场，帮助数十万考生顺利通过考入理想大学，在家长、考生、中学和社会各界具有广泛的口碑影响力

未来，北京高考在线平台将立足于北京新高考改革，基于对北京高考政策研究及北京高校资源优势，更好的服务全国高中家长和学生。

推荐大家关注北京高考在线网站官方微信公众号：**京考一点通**，我们会持续为大家整理分享最新的高中升学资讯、政策解读、热门试题答案、招生通知等内容！

