

2018 北京京源学校高二（上）期中

英 语

班级：_____；姓名：_____；考号：_____ 得分：_____

第一部分 听力理解

第一节 每段对话你将听一遍。

1. What is the man's plan for his holiday?
A. To go to Hawaii. B. To go to Hong Kong. C. To stay at home.
2. What pet does the man decide to keep finally?
A. A dog. B. A cat. C. A rabbit.
3. What time will the woman leave?
A. At 13:00. B. At 14:30. C. At 16:20.
4. Where does this conversation take place?
A. On the train. B. In the airplane. C. In the hotel.
5. What is the woman doing?
A. Offering the man some advice.
B. Telling the man some bad news.
C. Playing a joke on the man.

第二节 每段对话或独白你将听两遍。

听下面一段对话，回答第6至7两道小题。

6. What is Lucy's New Year resolution?
A. To take more exercise. B. To make big money. C. To do better in Chinese.
7. What is the relationship between the two speakers?
A. Family members. B. Friends. C. Classmates.

听下面一段对话，回答第8至9两道小题。

8. Which function does the man use more?
A. Making calls. B. Sending messages. C. Surfing the internet.
9. Who is the woman?
A. An interviewer. B. A salesgirl. C. A postman.

听下面一段独白，回答第10至12三道小题。

10. Which of the followings can be used as identification?
A. The admission ticket. B. The library card. C. The student ID card.
11. What can't be brought?
A. Cellphones. B. Calculators. C. Passports.
12. What is the woman doing?
A. Making weekend plans. B. Sharing her experience. C. Offering some tips.

听下面一段对话，回答第13至15三道小题。

13. Where does the woman work?
A. In the supermarket. B. In the restaurant. C. In the grocery store.
14. Why does the man do the job?
A. To be able to work outdoors.
B. To earn more money for school.
C. To get exercise while working.
15. What does the woman think of the man's job?
A. Tiring. B. Boring. C. Interesting.

第三节 这段对话你将听两遍。

MEMO

Website: [www.londonpassport.](http://www.londonpassport.com) 16 .net

Address: Suite F8, 17 House

Things to send: two 18, birth certificates
and the fee of 19 pounds

第二部分 知识运用

第一节 语法填空：阅读下面十段独立的语段，在空白处填入一个适当的词或括号内词的正确形式，使得语段意义完整合理。

21. One of the greatest sources of unhappiness is the difficulty we have in accepting things as they are. When we see something we don't like, we wish could be different.

22. They hide in trees, hang from helicopters, and even follow people down on motorcycles. So they can snap a shot of a superstar. They are paparazzi--photographers who make a living by (take) pictures of the rich and famous.

23. Fast-food restaurants are very popular in the United States. They are popular because the service is fast and prices are low. Of all the fast food restaurants, McDonald's is probably (popular).

24. I had been working at a cafe called Pacific Desserts for two years. One day, the kitchen manager left his job. I had worked there the longest. So I (give) a kitchen managers work, but not the title or the pay.

25. A lot of my friends are moving out of the city. They are buying houses in the countryside they want to get away from the noise, smog, traffic and crime of the city.

26. As soon as we arrived at Mount Tai in the afternoon, we started to climb it. Then we checked into a hotel on the top of the mountain at 9 pm (watch) the sunrise the next morning.

27. Parrots that are trained to talk often say silly things like "Polly wants a cracker", although these birds have learned to copy the sounds that make up the words, they (not know) what they are saying.

28. Bike Share Toronto is the city's official bike share program , (design) for locals and visitors. There are 200 Bike Share Toronto stations and 2000 bikes across the city, making bike share the most available way to get around and explore.

29. Chongyang Festival, is also known as the Double Ninth Festival, falls on the ninth day of the ninth month of the Chinese lunar calendar.

30. I traveled a long distance from India in order to join my mother, who (be) here for three years, hoping America would help my future.

第二节 完形填空

Mike's New Bike

Mike looked at the midday sky. He had been working since sunrise and was taking a 31.

Mike had been working all summer to earn enough money for a new 32. His ancient, beaten-up bike was a total embarrassment. But his mom said they couldn't 33 a new one. Even though Mike knew she was 34, he shouted back at her in great disappointment, "You never 35 me anything!

He only needed fifty more dollars. Mr. Painter had 36 him forty dollars to dig a new drainage ditch (排水沟), and he wanted to stop the 37 in his rose garden. Mr. Painter wanted the new ditch to run parallel (平行的) to the old one, but Mike didn't think that would be 38 in heavy rains.

So he suggested another plan to 39 the rainwater away from the house.

Mike noticed Mr. Painter 40 him from behind a curtain. He knew Mr. Painter was an old grouch (爱抱怨的人); he would take away that little break from his pay. 41 he returned to his work, Mike waved. Mr. Painter acknowledged the wave and disappeared.

Mike worked 42 until mid-afternoon without a rest. Then Mr. Painter came out 43 an inspection. "Why don't you stop for today and get a fresh 44 tomorrow?"

"I'd rather finish up," replied Mike. "It's supposed to 45 tonight, and I'd like to have it work before the next storm."

About six-thirty, Mike 46 the last pipe in place. As he was returning the tools to the garage, Mr. Painter came out of the house and 47 up. "Mike, you're an enthusiastic young man. You don't see many young people these days who 48 about their work." He handed Mike an envelope and left.

When Mike opened the envelope, he found three twenty-dollar bills. He ran to 49 Mr. Painter and started to hand one back to him. Mr. Painter turned down the offer, "Take it as 50 for keeping an old man from trouble." And then he went to inspect his roses.

- | | | | |
|------------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|
| 31. A. break | B. holiday | C. chance | D. job |
| 32. A. football | B. computer | C. skateboard | D. bike |
| 33. A. ride | B. borrow | C. afford | D. make |
| 34. A. rude | B. right | C. wise | D. cruel |
| 35. A. pass | B. teach | C. show | D. give |
| 36. A. handed | B. offered | C. lent | D. saved |
| 37. A. flooding | B. growing | C. sunlight | D. dirt |
| 38. A. necessary | B. basic | C. effective | D. natural |
| 39. A. collect | B. direct | C. pour | D. receive |
| 40. A. stopping | B. ordering | C. meeting | D. watching |
| 41. A. Once | B. As | C. While | D. Though |
| 42. A. nervously | B. confidently | C. hard | D. angrily |
| 43. A. for | B. about | C. with | D. during |
| 44. A. supply | B. start | C. idea | D. look |
| 45. A. snow | B. blow | C. thunder | D. rain |
| 46. A. laid | B. hung | C. dropped | D. cut |
| 47. A. cleaned | B. called | C. stood | D. walked |
| 48. A. ask | B. set | C. care | D. learn |
| 49. A. catch | B. beg | C. serve | D. blame |
| 50. A. spirits | B. excuses | C. thanks | D. requests |

第三部分 阅读理解

第一节:

A

Never before had a kitchen so much of a History

It tells of Freedom, Success, and of the Architecture of big American cities. Because that is where it started: in the second half of the 19th century!

Welcome to a new Era of Kitchen Interior Design

Back then, a Generation of successful American Entrepreneurs(企业家) dreamt of a new style of Architecture to express their personal wealth. This dream was realized by young architects such as Daniel

Burnham and Stanford White.

They all had studied at the Ecole des Beaux-Arts in Paris. And they created a new style for Architecture and Interior Design, named after the famous French Art Institute: Beaux Arts.

SieMatic BcauxArts Breaks and Creates

In fact it was not a new style at all, but a composition(组成) of styles from different periods and cultures. Many world-famous structures such as the Chicago Art Institute and the Statue of Liberty account for it. But what does that have to do with your kitchen? Just as much as you want it to. Because in the same way that the anti-conventional architects back then took the freedom to combine elements from different historical eras, today, you too can break the conventional rules of style and create something new: your own personal composition of your kitchen. For that, SieMatic BeauxArts offers unique opportunities: A broad range of seemingly conflicting features that you combine to a harmonious design of your own. You can choose from menu of various forms, appealing colors, and precious materials, to create an environment that is much more than just a kitchen: a reflection of your personality.

51. Why did the BeauxArts style attract American entrepreneurs?

- A. It helped display their money status.
- B. It was created by famous architects.
- C. It was named after a famous institute.
- D. It represented the 19th century urban culture.

52. What is unique of SieMatic BeauxArts?

- A. Its designs are anti-conventional.
- B. Its designs come from famous structures.
- C. Its customers can enjoy their own composition.
- D. Its customers can choose from various new styles.

B

Hearing the Sweetest Songs

My parents said I lost my hearing as a baby, but I knew I hadn' t lost anything. None of my parts had dropped off. Nothing had changed: I could hear music that was close enough to me. I could also hear my mom when she was in the same room. I could even hear my cat purr if I put my good ear on top of him.

I wasn' t aware of any hearing loss until I began to wear a hearing aid when I started living alone. I noticed it ruined my peace of mind: pencils tapping, phones ringing, and refrigerators humming. Then, I began to discover many things I couldn' t do. I couldn' t tell where sounds came from, nor could I tell fire alarms from burglar alarms. I once missed a job interview because I misheard the address on the phone. For the first time, I had to admit that I had lost something.

Unlike a wheelchair, my disability doesn' t announce itself. When I got jobs, I chose to keep it as a secret. One day a business friend said, "Nicolette, sometimes in meetings you answer the wrong questions. People don' t know you can' t hear, so they think you' re strange, stupid—or just plain rude. It would be better to just tell them." But I knew if I told, people might see only my disability, and they might forget that I was also a writer, a painter, and a good gardener. I felt disabled and helpless.

This bothered me till I met my husband. One morning at the shore I was listening to the sounds of the sea when my husband said, "Hear the bird?" "What bird?" I listened hard until I heard a tiny sound. If he hadn' t mentioned it I would never have noticed it. As I listened, slowly I began to hear—or perhaps imagine—a distant song. Did I really hear it? Or just heard in my heart what he shared with me? I realized that songs imagined were as sweet as songs heard and songs shared were sweeter still.

This sharing is what both the disabled and non-disabled want. Every one of us, if we live long enough, will become disabled in some way. Let' s share. Now, just let me see your lips when you speak. And ask what you want to know. These are conversations we all should have, and it' s not that hard to begin.

53. When the author wore the hearing aid, she _____.
- A. felt better prepared for the job interviews
B. was able to enjoy different sounds
C. experienced a sense of loss
D. was teased by others
54. She didn't tell her disability to others because _____.
- A. people might focus on her hearing loss B. she could get the work done as abled
C. people might be curious about it D. she wanted to do more jobs
55. Why did Nicolette write the passage?
- A. To draw people's attention to the hearing problem.
B. To tell people not to treat the disabled differently.
C. To remember the challenges she faced.
D. To show how much she missed before.

C

Turning the lights out or wearing a blindfold(蒙眼的绑带)while eating could be a quick way to lose weight, according to scientists. The simple trick works because it stops diners eating for pleasure rather than for calories. It also triggers (引发) a part of the brain that is worried that unseen food may go bad.

An experiment by the University of Konstanz, in Germany, found that people who were blindfolded consumed(消耗) nine percent fewer calories before they felt full, compared to those who could see. They also greatly overestimated(估计过高)how much they had eaten because they could not see how much was left on the plate. Blindfolded volunteers thought they had eaten 88 percent more than they actually had.

Scientists believe that not seeing food on the table also allows the body to know when it is full in real time rather than remembering past experiences where it might have taken a full plate to feel full.

In the experiment, 50 people were blindfolded and 40 were allowed to see their food. All were told not to eat within two hours of the experiment. They were then given three 95g bowls of chocolate ice cream and invited to eat for 15 minutes. Their bowls were taken away and the remaining ice-cream weighed, while they were tested on how much they thought they had eaten.

On average the group who could see ate 116g while the blindfolded groups ate 105g. However, the blindfolded group believed they had eaten 197g while compared with 159g for the non-blind volunteers. They were also asked how pleasant the ice-cream tasted and the blindfolded group rated lower than those who could see.

"The experienced pleasure of eating was greatly lower in the blindfolded group. Not seeing the food might have decreased the appetite. Sight plays an important role in the eating experience and in the overall dining experience."

Previous studies have shown that the visual influence of food plays a large part in the taste. While restaurants that allow diners to eat in the dark state that it triggers other senses, in fact eating in darkness is likely to taste far milder than usual.

56. With the lights out, diners eat less partly because _____.
- A. they want to quickly finish their meals
B. they trust their feelings more than ever
C. they focus more on fun than the calories

- D. they worry about the quality of the food
57. We can learn from the passage that the blindfolded group _____.
- A. spent a much longer time eating the same food
- B. believed they ate more than they really did
- C. depended on past experiences to feel full
- D. thought the food tasted better than usual

58. The main purpose of the passage is to _____.
- A. provide data related to eating in the dark
- B. offer reasons for people to eat in the dark areas
- C. inform the readers of the result of an experiment
- D. persuade the readers to lose weight in a new way

D

Batteries can power anything from small sensors to large systems. While scientists are finding ways to make them smaller but even more powerful, problems can arise when these batteries are much larger and heavier than the devices themselves. University of Missouri (MU) researchers are developing a nuclear energy source that is smaller, lighter and more efficient.

“To provide enough power, we need certain methods with high energy density(密度)”, said Jae Kwon, assistant professor of electrical and computer engineering at MU. “The radioisotope(放射性同位素) battery can provide power density that is much higher than chemical batteries.”

Kwon and his research team have been working on building a small nuclear battery, presently the size and thickness of a penny, intended to power various micro / nano electromechanical systems (M/NEMS). Although nuclear batteries can cause concerns, Kwon said they are safe.

“People hear the word ‘nuclear’ and think of something very dangerous,” he said, “However, nuclear power sources have already been safely powering a variety of devices, such as pace-makers, space satellites and underwater systems.”

His new idea is not only in the battery’s size, but also in its semiconductor(半导体). Kwon’s battery uses a liquid semiconductor rather than a solid semiconductor.

“The key part of using a radioactive battery is that when you harvest the energy, part of the radiation energy can damage the lattice structure(晶体结构) of the solid semiconductor,” Kwon said. “By using a liquid semiconductor, we believe we can minimize that problem.”

Together with J. David Robertson, chemistry professor and associate director of the MU Research Reactor, Kwon is working to build and test the battery. In the future, they hope to increase the battery’s power, shrink its size and try with various other materials. Kwon said that battery could be thinner than the thickness of human hair.

59. Jae Kwon gave examples in Paragraph 4_____.
- A. to show chemical batteries are widely applied.
- B. to introduce nuclear batteries can be safely used.
- C. to describe a nuclear-powered system.
- D. to introduce various energy sources.

60. Liquid semiconductor is used to _____.
- A. get rid of the radioactive waste
- B. test the power of nuclear batteries.
- C. decrease the size of nuclear batteries
- D. reduce the damage to lattice structure.

第二节 选项中有两项为多余选项。

How to Have a Successful Teenage Life

Everyone wants to succeed in their life, don't they? Even as a teenager, you can achieve success in your life; it really isn't that hard. 61

• Do well in school. No matter how boring it is now, education will help you be a productive member in society. Try your best for excellence in school: listen to the teachers, do your homework, study, and get good grades. Doing so will help you get into a better university, which will enable you to have a bright future. 62

• Do good in your community. Volunteering can not only improve your community's status, it could make you happier. Studies show that people who volunteer are less likely to develop depression (抑郁) than people who don't. 63 For example, if you love animals, volunteer at an animal shelter. If you love helping the environment, plant trees or pick up litter. When you help others, it will make you feel better about yourself.

• 64 Remember, they're there to help you be the best that you can be. Respect them and value their opinions, even if they annoy you sometimes. 65 You don't get to choose your teachers or your family, but you still have to put up with them. Learn how to deal with people now, because when you're an adult, you don't get to choose your boss or your co-workers, so learn how to respect them now.

- A. Live life to the fullest.
- B. School sets you up on the right track!
- C. Be nice to your parents and teachers.
- D. Find chances to do volunteer work that interests you.
- E. It will help you pass time and develop your personality.
- F. Here are some important points that you may find helpful.
- G. Keep in mind that they do the things they do because they care about you.

第四部分 书面表达

假如你是李华，你校将在 11 月 12 日举行校园集体舞 (the Campus Dance Competition) 比赛。请给你的美国朋友 Chris 写一封邀请信，内容包括：

1. 介绍比赛的基本情况。 时间：11 月 12 日下午 3:00—5:00 地点：学校操场

目的：增强体质；培养团队合作精神。

2. 你们班正加紧排练准备。Chris 有参加集体舞比赛的经验，希望他能抽时间来给你们一些建议。
3. 邀请他比赛那天来观赛。

注意：词数不少于 50，酌情增加内容已达到写作目的。

Dear Chris,

How are you these days? I am writing to tell you that there will be a...

Looking forward to seeing you soon!

Yours,

Li Hua

英语试题答案

第一部分：听力理解（共三节，20分）

第一节

1. A 2. C 3. B 4. A 5. C

第二节

6. C 7. A 8. A 9. B 10. C 11. A 12. C 13. A 14. B 15. C

第三节

16. 5679-3041 17. Lavina 18. photos

19. 11/eleven 20. Month

语法填空 10' : 1. it 2taking 3, the most popular 4, was given 5, because 6, to watch 7, don't know 8, designed
9, which 10, had been

完形 20'

AD CBD B ACBD BC ABD A DCAC

阅读 30' 51A 52C 53-55 CAB 56-58 DBC 59B 60D

FBDCG

第一节：听下面5段对话。每段对话后有一道小题，从每题所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后，你将有10秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话你将听一遍。

Text 1

W: Merry Christmas, Bill.

M: Merry Christmas, Cathy.

W: Do you have any plans for the Christmas holiday?

M: My whole family are going on a trip to Hawaii. How about you?

W: How happy you are! My parents will go to Hong Kong, but I have to stay at home to look after my baby-brother. (54 words)

Text 2

M: I want to raise a pet.

W: Dogs are nice.

M: Having a dog would probably be too much work for me.

W: What about cats?

M: Actually, I don't want a common pet.

W: Errr, rabbits eat almost everything and they are special.

M: Good. I'll keep one rabbit. (54 words)

Text 3

W: I want to buy a high-speed train student ticket to Chengdu for the day after tomorrow.

M: When will you leave?

W: I wish to leave in the afternoon.

M: OK, we have tickets available for 13:00, 14:30 and 16:20.

W: 14:30, please. Thank you. (45 words)

Text 4

M: Excuse me. Which carriage do you sell food on the train?

W: Carriage 8 is the dining car.

M: What food do you sell?

W: Both Chinese food and Western food. (31 words)

Text 5

W: David, I must tell you the truth. You failed the English exam again.

M: Ah? Really? That's so bad!

W: Haha, April Fool's Day! Do you forget what day it is today?

M: Wow, I was really fooled.

W: Alright, now let's be serious. Actually, you get high marks in the exam. (55 words)

第二节:听下面4段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几道小题,从每题所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前,你将有5秒钟时间阅读每小题。听完后,每小题将给出5秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白你将听两遍。

Text 6

W: Hi, Dad, happy New Year!

M: Hey, Lucy, the same to you!

W: Time flies! One year has already passed!

M: Definitely, it's time to say hello to the new year! Have you made any good resolutions for this new year?

W: Of course. I think I should make a plan about learning my Chinese.

M: Sounds great! Wish you good luck.

W: How about you, Dad?

M: I want to be healthier, so I think I should take more exercise.

W: Good idea. Do you want to know my sister's?

M: Yes, Of course.

W: She wants to travel more, so she's going to find a part-time job and make big money. (119 words)

Text 7

M: Hello, I want to order a package for my cellphone. What would you recommend?

W: Which function do you use more, making calls, sending short messages or surfing the internet?

M: About the same. But I'm looking for a job, so I will make calls often.

W: Then I recommend this package to you. You can make all the calls you want by paying just \$14 a month.

M: That's good. How can I order it?

W: Sending a message will do.

M: Thank you. I'll try.

W: You're welcome. (99 words)

Text 8

W: Hello everyone. Saturday's the big day. Are you ready for the tests? Be confident! You're more likely to be relaxed if you are well prepared. Here are some tips.

First, before you leave home, check to make sure you have everything you need. You should have your admission ticket. This was mailed to you last week. Also, don't forget to bring your identification --- your student ID card, your driver's license, or your passport all can be used as your identification. If you are taking the maths test, you should have a calculator.

Second, know what you can't bring to the test. You cannot bring a watch with a loud alarm. Colored pens or highlighters, cell phones or headphones are not allowed either.

Lastly, do remember you can go to the bathroom only during the breaks after each section of the tests. OK, that's all. Wish you good luck. (158 words)

Text 9

M: Hi, Cheryl.

W: Hello, Phil. How are you?

M: I'm fine. Where are you headed?

W: Oh, I'm on my way home from work.

M: I didn' t know you had a job.
 W: Yeah. I work part-time at a supermarket.
 M: What do you do there?
 W: I work in the produce section, wrapping fresh fruit and vegetables. Sometimes when it really gets busy, I work at the check-out counter. Have you got a job, Phil?
 M: Yeah! I do yard work for people. You know, cutting grass, cleaning leaves, pulling weeds, things like that.
 W: I' d like doing that. It must be nice to work outdoors.
 M: Sometimes it is, except when it rains or snows or gets too hot or too cold.
 W: I guess every job has its drawbacks. There are times when I get pretty tired of carrying things around at my job.
 M: Yeah. But, a job' s a job. Got to earn money for school. Well, I' d better get going. I' ve got to plant some trees for my neighbors this afternoon.
 W: Well, take care. It was great seeing you! (199 words)

第三节：听下面一段对话，完成第 16 题至第 20 题五道小题，每小题仅填写一个词。听对话前，你将有 20 秒钟的时间阅读试题，听完后你将有 60 秒钟的作答时间。这段对话你将听两遍。

Text 10

W: Passport Office, good morning.
 M: Good morning. I' m going to Germany on holiday this summer and I need a passport. Could you tell me what I have to do?
 W: Sure. Are you sixteen?
 M: Yes.
 W: And were you born in this country?
 M: Yes. I was born in London.
 W: Alright. You can download an application form from our website: www.londonpassport.56793041.net.
 M: Sorry, I didn' t quite follow you. Would you please say that again?
 W: OK, www.londonpassport.56793041.net.
 M: OK, I got it. Then what should I do?
 W: Fill in the form and post it to our office.
 M: And your address?
 W: Suite F8, Lavina House.
 M: Excuse me, what house?
 W: L-a-v-i-n-a, Lavina House.
 M: I got it. Anything else?
 W: Don' t forget to send two photos of yourself, your birth certificates and the fee of 11 pounds.
 M: I see. Thank you.
 W: When are you going abroad?
 M: In six week' s time.
 W: That' s fine. It usually takes one month for the passport to be issued. But you should apply immediately, in case there are any problems.
 M: OK. I' ll do that. Thank you very much. Goodbye.
 W: You' re welcome. (211 words)

北京高考在线是长期为中学老师、家长和考生提供新鲜的高考资讯、专业的高考政策解读、科学的升学规划以及实用的升学讲座活动等全方位服务的升学服务平台。自 2014 年成立以来一直致力于服务北京考生，助力千万学子，圆梦高考。

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