

2018 北京市第一零一中学高二（下）期末

英 语

注 意 事 项	1. 本试卷分四部分，答题纸一页，共 8 页。考试分数共 100 分，考试时间 120 分钟。 2. 请用 2B 铅笔填涂机读卡，同时检查机读卡姓名、班级和卡号是否填涂准确。 3. 在答题纸上作答时，请注意相应题号，并使用黑色签字笔或钢笔，不要使用涂改液，涂改带等涂改工具。
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第一部分：听力理解（共 18 小题；每小题 1 分，共 18 分）

第一节（共 5 小题；每小题 1 分，共 5 分）

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一道小题，从每题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后，你将有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话你将听一遍。

- Which animal does the man like best?
A. Lion. B. Panda. C. Tiger.
- What color is the woman's dress?
A. Blue. B. White. C. Yellow.
- What is the probable relationship between the two speakers?
A. Doctor and patient. B. Husband and wife. C. Teacher and student.
- What does the woman advise the man to do first?
A. To read the instructions.
B. To try pressing the buttons.
C. To have the machine checked.
- What is the woman doing?
A. Making a request. B. Offering an invitation. C. Asking for information.

第二节（共 10 小题；每小题 1 分，共 10 分）

听下面 4 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几道小题，从每题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前，你将有 5 秒钟的时间阅读每小题。听完后，每小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白你将听两遍。

听第 6 段材料，回答第 6 至 7 题。

- When did they meet last time?
A. A long time ago. B. A moment ago. C. Not long ago.
- What do we know about the man?
A. He's getting much heavier.
B. He's started exercising again.
C. He's going to join a health club.

听第 7 段材料，回答第 8 至 9 题。

- What is the girl worrying about?
A. Her work. B. Her exams. C. Her health.

9. What does the man advise the girl to do?
A. To have enough sleep. B. To try to work harder. C. To take more exams.

听第8段材料，回答第10至12题。

10. Why does the woman suggest eating at McDonald's?
A. It is cheap. B. It is special. C. It is convenient.
11. How does the man like McDonald's?
A. Not at all. B. Very much. C. Just so-so.
12. How many hamburgers have McDonald's sold?
A. Over 100 billion. B. Over 11,000. C. Over 8,000.

听第9段材料，回答第13至15题。

13. When do people usually start shopping before Christmas?
A. On December. B. On November 29. C. Before Thanksgiving.
14. Where did the idea of "Buy Nothing Day" start?
A. In America. B. In Britain. C. In Canada.
15. Where did people get food on "Buy Nothing Day" in Albuquerque, New Mexico?
A. From their neighborhood.
B. From restaurants nearby.
C. From shops everywhere.

第三节 (共3小题; 每小题1分, 共3分)

听下面一段对话，完成第16至18题，每小题仅填写一个词。听对话前，你将有20秒钟的时间阅读试题，听完后，你将有60秒钟的作答时间。这段对话你将听两遍。

Renting an apartment

Name	Kate Murphy
Location	Near Sunny _____ 16 _____.
Rent(租金)	Not more than _____ 17 _____ pounds a month.
Requirements	An air conditioner and heating system.
Renting time	A year and a half, from _____ 18 _____.
Telephone number	953816.

第二部分：知识运用 (共两节，共30分)

第一节 单项填空 (共15小题; 每小题1分，共15分)

19. The children loved their day trip, and of all the activities they enjoyed the horse ride _____.
A. most B. more C. less D. little
20. _____ how to do the homework, I went to ask my teacher for help.
A. Not known B. Not knowing C. Not know D. Not being known
21. More than a dozen students in that school _____ abroad to study medicine last year.
A. sent B. were sent C. had sent D. had been sent
22. You _____ be tired—you've only been working for an hour.
A. must not B. won't C. can't D. may not

23. _____ matters most in learning English is enough practice.
A. What B. Why C. Where D. Which
24. It was along the Mississippi River _____ Mark Twain spent much of his childhood.
A. how B. which C. that D. where
25. Sichuan is home to giant pandas, _____ are China's national treasure loved by people all over the world.
A. whose B. that C. where D. which
26. If we _____ enough preparations, the conference wouldn't have been so successful.
A. haven't made B. wouldn't make C. didn't make D. hadn't made
27. ---Which driver was to blame?
---Why, _____! It was the child's fault. He suddenly came out between two parked cars.
A. neither B. each C. either D. both
28. When I arrived, Bryan took me to see the house _____ I would be staying.
A. what B. when C. where D. which
29. --- I have got a headache.
--- No wonder. You _____ in front of the computer too long.
A. work B. are working C. worked D. have been working
30. The conference has been held to discuss the effects of tourism _____ the wildlife in the area.
A. to B. on C. at D. with
31. We'll have a picnic in the Summer Palace this Sunday _____ it rains.
A. since B. if C. until D. unless
32. I'm afraid I can't come to the station to _____, so let's say goodbye now.
A. see you off B. give you away C. pick you up D. pay you off
33. _____ in the queue for half an hour, Tom suddenly realized that he had left his wallet at home.
A. To wait B. Have waited C. Having waited D. To have waited

第二节 完形填空 (共 15 小题; 每小题 1 分, 共 15 分)

At the age of 16, I joined a volunteer group with my dad. I went on my first volunteer project in West Virginia. On the night we arrived, we ___34___ that "our family" was living in a trailer (拖车) that was in ___35___ condition. A crew had been working on it for two weeks, ___36___ every time they finished one problem, another surfaced.

We decided the only reasonable ___37___ was to build a new house --- something unusual but ___38___ under these circumstances. The family was overjoyed with their new house that was twenty by thirty feet with three bedrooms, a bath and a kitchen.

On Tuesday of that week, while we ate lunch together, I asked the family's three boys, Josh, Eric and Ryan, "What do you want for your new room?" Expecting ___39___ and other gadgets (小玩意) that children usually ask for, we were ___40___ when Josh responded, "I just want a bed."

The boys had _____ 41 _____ slept in a bed! They were accustomed to plastic mats. That night we had a meeting and decided that beds would be the perfect _____ 42 _____. On Thursday night, a few adults in our group drove to the nearest city and bought beds and new bedding.

When we saw the delivery truck coming, we told the family about the surprise. We could hardly _____ 43 _____ ourselves. It was like watching excited children on Christmas morning.

That afternoon, as we fitted the frames of the beds together, Eric ran into the house to _____ 44 _____ us. Too dirty to enter his room, he observed with wide-eyed enthusiasm from the _____ 45 _____.

As my father slipped a pillowcase (枕套) onto one of the pillows, Eric asked, "What is that?"

"A pillow," he replied.

"What do you do _____ 46 _____ it?" Eric continued to ask.

"When you go to sleep, you put your head on it," I answered softly. Tears came to my eyes as my father handed Eric the pillow.

"Oh ... that's soft," he said, _____ 47 _____ it tightly.

Now, when my sister or I start to ask for something that seems urgent, my Dad gently asks, "Do you have a pillow?" We know exactly what he _____ 48 _____.

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|------------------|--------------|-----------------|---------------|
| 34. A. imagined | B. ignored | C. discovered | D. required |
| 35. A. bright | B. strange | C. perfect | D. poor |
| 36. A. so | B. but | C. otherwise | D. though |
| 37. A. effort | B. purpose | C. solution | D. treatment |
| 38. A. necessary | B. expensive | C. amazing | D. rare |
| 39. A. toys | B. money | C. food | D. sneakers |
| 40. A. upset | B. glad | C. disappointed | D. astonished |
| 41. A. still | B. just | C. never | D. seldom |
| 42. A. award | B. gift | C. lesson | D. target |
| 43. A. control | B. believe | C. help | D. express |
| 44. A. amuse | B. guide | C. help | D. watch |
| 45. A. bed | B. doorway | C. yard | D. house |
| 46. A. with | B. for | C. about | D. on |
| 47. A. squeezing | B. hugging | C. throwing | D. shaking |
| 48. A. explains | B. proves | C. means | D. reflects |

第三部分：阅读理解（共 16 小题；每小题 2 分，共 32 分）

第一节 阅读下列短文，从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项。

A

I was riding my special motorbike this past weekend and stopped at a convenience store. As I was getting my wheelchair off the back, a man watched me from his car and I noticed a wheelchair in his back seat. We spoke for a moment and I asked him about the wheelchair. He answered that it was for his daughter. "Well, do you think she

would like to go for a ride on my motorbike with me?" I asked. He seemed shocked that a total stranger would ask him this. He thought about it for a second and said, "OK, as long as I can follow you."

He introduced me to Amy and he sat her on my back seat. Her father followed me for a few miles and she talked non-stop about what she wanted for Christmas.

As we came back to the convenience store, she said, "This ride is the best Christmas present I could ever receive. I have been in a wheelchair my whole life and didn't know I could do this." I told her about some of the other things I do (ski, travel the world by myself, etc.). As her father was taking her off my bike, she turned to him and said, "Oh Daddy, I'm going to be OK. Mr. Bryant does all kinds of things, and I will too." Her father turned away as a tear of joy rolled down his cheek. He hugged me and said, "I was sitting here praying for a gift for Amy that would encourage her. She often felt that her life was dull compared to other children. God answered my prayer just now. Now I pray that God will bless you for your gift to Amy today." I believed what he said. Being kind and thoughtful to others, we can be an answer to prayer.

49. How did the father feel at first when the author invited his daughter for a ride?

- A. He felt surprised because he didn't know the author.
- B. He was happy because his daughter could gain excitement.
- C. He was moved because the author was willing to help his daughter.
- D. He felt nervous because he was worried about his daughter's safety.

50. What can we know about the author?

- A. He was a disabled man.
- B. He usually drove too fast.
- C. He worked in a convenience store.
- D. He often helped people who were in trouble.

51. According to the passage, the girl _____.

- A. used to be a completely healthy person
- B. was not allowed to do some fierce sports
- C. usually felt sad about life due to her disability
- D. was unwilling to communicate with a stranger

52. What was the author's gift according to the girl's father?

- A. The motorbike.
- B. The wheelchair.
- C. The blessing.
- D. The ride.

B

Can dogs and cats live in perfect harmony in the same home? People who are thinking about adopting a dog as a friend for their cats are worried that they will fight. A recent research has found a new recipe of success. According to the study, if the cat is adopted before the dog, and if they are introduced when still young (less than 6 months for cats, a year for dogs), it is highly probable that the two pets will get along swimmingly. Two-thirds of the homes interviewed reported a positive relationship between their cat and dog.

However, it wasn't all sweetness and light. There was a reported coldness between the cat and dog in 25% of the homes, while aggression and fighting were observed in 10% of the homes. One reason for this is probably that some of their body signals were just opposite. For example, when a cat turns its head away it signals aggression, while a dog doing the same signals submission (屈服、投降).

In homes with cats and dogs living peacefully, researchers observed a surprising behavior. They are learning how to talk each other's language. It is a surprise that cats can learn how to talk 'dog', and dogs can learn how to talk 'cat'.

What's interesting is that both cats and dogs have appeared to develop their intelligence. They can learn how to read each other's body signals, suggesting that the two may have more in common than we previously suspected.

Once familiar with each other's presence and body language, cats and dogs can play together, greet each other nose to nose, and enjoy sleeping together on the sofa. They can easily share the same water bowl and in some cases groom (梳理) each other.

The significance of the research on cats and dogs may go beyond pets---to people who don't get along, including neighbors, colleagues at work, and even world superpowers. If cats and dogs can learn to get along, surely people have a good chance.

53. What is the passage mainly about?

- A. How cats and dogs develop their intelligence.
- B. Whether cats and dogs can live in harmony.
- C. What cats and dogs have in common.
- D. Why cats and dogs can understand each other.

54. Some cats and dogs may fight when _____.

- A. they are cold to each other
- B. they look away from each other
- C. they are introduced at an early age
- D. they misunderstood each other's signals

55. It is suggested in Para.4 that cats and dogs _____.

- A. have common interests
- B. have a common body language
- C. are less different than we thought
- D. are less intelligent than we expected

56. What can we human beings learn from cats and dogs?

- A. We should learn to live in harmony.
- B. We should know more about animals.
- C. We should live in peace with animals.
- D. We should learn more body languages.

C

From good reading we can derive pleasure, companionship, experience, and instruction. A good book may absorb our attention so completely that for the time being we forget our surroundings and even our identity. Reading good books is one of the greatest pleasures in life. It increases our contentment when we are cheerful, and lessens our troubles when we are sad. Whatever may be our main purpose in reading, our contact with good books should never fail to give us enjoyment and satisfaction.

With a good book in our hands we never feel lonely. Whether the characters described are taken from real life or are purely imaginary, they may become our companions and friends. In the pages of books we can walk with the wise and the good of all lands and all times. The people we meet in books may delight us either because they resemble human friends whom we hold dear or because they present unfamiliar types whom we are glad to welcome as new acquaintances(熟人). Our human friends sometimes may bore us, but the friends we make in books never wear us with their company. By turning the page we can dismiss them without any fear of hurting their feelings. When human friends leave us, good books are always ready to give us friendship, sympathy, and encouragement. One of the most valuable gifts given by books is experience. Few of us can travel far from home or have a wide range of experiences, but all of us can lead varied lives through the pages of books. Whether we wish to escape from the seemingly dull realities of everyday life or whether we long to visit some far-off place, a book will help us when nothing else can.

To travel by book we need no bank account to pay our way; no airship or ocean liner or stream-lined train to transport us; no passport to enter the land of our heart's desire. Through books we may get the thrill of dangerous adventure without danger. We can climb lofty mountains, brave the dangers of an Antarctic winter, or cross the scorching(赤日炎炎) sands of the desert, all without hardship. In books we may visit the studios of Hollywood; we may join the picturesque peasants in an Alpine village or the kindly natives on a South Sea island. Indeed, through books the whole world is ours for the asking. The possibilities of our literary experiences are almost unlimited. The beauties of nature, the enjoyment of music, the treasures of art, the triumphs of architecture, the marvels (令人惊叹)of engineering, are all open to the wonder and enjoyment of those who read.

57. Why is it that we sometimes forget our surroundings and even our identity while reading?

- A. No one has come to disturb you.
- B. Everything is so quiet and calm around you.
- C. The book you are reading is so interesting and attractive.
- D. Your book is overdue; you are finishing it at a very fast speed.

58. The word “weary” means _____.

- A. to attract someone’s attention
- B. to distract someone’s attention
- C. to make someone very bored
- D. to make someone interested

59. Which one of the following statements is true?

- A. Your wish to visit some far-off place can be realized through the pages of the books.
- B. To escape from the dull realities of everyday life, you should take up reading.
- C. Books can always help you to live a colorful life.
- D. You may obtain valuable experience from reading good books.

第二节 根据短文内容，从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。注意请在机读卡上用 AB 代表 E, AC 代表 F, AD 代表 G

D

You walk into the classroom, look at that white piece of paper in front of you and are told you’ve got an hour and a half to do it. That can make anyone nervous, but here is the guide to stay calm.

Get a good night’s sleep the night before the test, and eat a healthy breakfast next day. _____ 60 _____ If you’re too tired, you won’t remember what you learnt the night before.

Get to class a little earlier. If you get there early, you’ll make sure to get your favorite seat.
_____ 61 _____

Breathe. Before the test, breathe in through your nose deeply and slowly _____ 62 _____ Repeat this several times. If you experience a sudden panic during the test, perform the exercise again.

Skip questions if necessary. _____ 63 _____ If you come across a difficult question, skip the question and move on. You can come back to it at the end of the test if you have time, and later questions may help you get the answer(s) to the one(s) you skipped.

_____ 64 _____ Don’t panic if you notice other students writing very quickly or handing in their tests early. Tell yourself it’s just a test. Really, it is. No matter what happens, everything will be OK.

- A. Avoid staying up the night before the exam.
- B. Act like you are the only person in the room.
- C. Don’t spend too much time on any one question.

- D. If you believe you can do it, you will find you can!
- E. A little exercise will help you remain calm during any stressful situation.
- F. Then, hold your breath for 3-4 seconds and blow out slowly through your mouth.
- G. You'll also feel more relaxed if you don't get there in time or worse yet, late.

第四部分：书面表达（共 20 分）

假如你是高二年级李华，你刚刚参加完一个为期一个月的语言学校的英语培训，请你根据以下提示，写一封抱怨信。

注意：1. 字数 100 字左右。 2. 信的开头已为你写好，字数不算在内。

不满原因	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. 学生太多，影响效果。 2. 不提供午饭，最近的餐馆（cafe）要走 20 分钟 3. 社会活动少，只有排球；没有组织参观游览，与广告不符。
要求	退款，否则采取进一步行动。

2018 北京市第一零一中学高二（下）期末英语参考答案

第一部分 听力理解（共 18 小题，每小题 1 分，共 18 分）

1-5 CACAC 6-10 AABAC 11-15 AABCB

16. Street 17. 150 18. July

第二部分：知识运用（共两节，共 30 分）

第一节 单项填空（共 15 小题；每小题 1 分，共 15 分）

19-23 ABBCA 24-28 CDDAC 29-33 DBDAC

第二节 完形填空（共 15 小题；每小题 1 分，共 15 分）

34-38 CDBCA 39-43 ADCBA 44-48 DBABC

第三部分：阅读理解（共 16 小题；每小题 2 分，共 32 分）

A) 49—52 AACD B) 53—56 BDCA C) 57—59 CCD D) 60—64 AGFCB

第四部分：书面表达（20 分）

One possible version:

Dear Sir/Madam,

I have just returned from a month's stay at your Falcon School of Languages, and I am writing to express my unhappiness with your program.

I thought that a language course would help me improve my English. But the classes had far too many students, which stopped me from making my progress.

To make matters worse, no meals were provided. When I wanted to eat I had to go to the nearest café, which was 20 minutes away.

You said in your ad that students could enjoy many social activities. However, volleyball was the only activity offered, and although there were many interesting things to see in the city, no trips were organized.

You can imagine how upset I am to have wasted my time and money. Please give me my money back, or I shall be forced to take the matter further.

Yours,

Li Hua

书面表达评分参考：

1. 第一档：（20~18 分）（很好）

完全完成试题规定的任务。运用了多样的句式和丰富的词汇，语法或用词方面有个别错误，但为尽可能表达丰富的内容所致；体现了较强的语言运用能力。全文结构紧凑，逻辑清楚、合理。

2. 第二档：（17~15 分）（好）

完成试题规定的任务，运用的句式和词汇能满足任务要求，语法和用词基本准确，少许错误主要为尽可能表达丰富的内容所致。使用了简单的语句间连接成分，内容连贯，逻辑清楚、合理。

3. 第三档：（14~12 分）（及格）

基本完成试题规定的任务。运用的句式和词汇基本满足任务要求，语法和用词方面有一些错误，但不影响理解。内容基本连贯，逻辑清楚、合理。

4. 第四档：（11~6 分）（较差）

未恰当完成试题规定的任务。所用句式和词汇有限，语法或用词方面的错误影响了对所写内容的理解。信息未能清楚地传达给读者。

5. 第五档：（5~1 分）（差）

未完成试题规定的任务。句式单调，词汇贫乏，语法或用词方面错误较多，严重影响了对所写内容的理

解。信息未能传达给读者。

6. 0分

未能传达任何信息；写的内容与要求无关。

7. 书写或标点符号不规范在 4 处以上（含 4 处），或字迹潦草，在得分中再扣除 1 分（第四、五档文不扣此项分数）。重复错误只扣一次分数。