

2016~2017学年北京西城区北京市第四中学高二上学期期末英语试卷

单选

1. Tom was _____ with excitement when he learnt that he _____ first in the speech contest.
A. bursting; came B. filling; got C. filled; won D. burst; gained
2. _____ industry, many changes have been _____.
A. Under the help of ; brought out B. With the help of; brought about
C. With the guidance of; brought in D. Under the guidance of; brought up
3. He reminds me _____ his father. They _____ a lot in common.
A. about; share B. of; distinguish C. about; expand D. of; have
4. The boy was caught _____ , which embarrassed his parents a lot.
A. cheating B. to cheat C. by cheating D. from cheating
5. The good thing about children is that they _____ very easily to new environments and they can learn to _____ themselves quickly.
A. adapt; rely on B. appeal; depend on C. attach; rely D. apply; depend
6. You _____ feel all the training a waste of time, but I'm a hundred percent sure later you'll be grateful you did it.
A. may B. can C. should D. would
7. In the book, Anne describes _____ her science teacher inspired her to become a medical scientist.
A. how B. what C. where D. whether
8. — If I _____ my dog run out in the street, it wouldn't have been injured by the car.
— Don't blame yourself any more. Owning a pet is a tough job.
A. hadn't let B. didn't let C. wouldn't let D. wouldn't have let
9. Why do some rich people steal things _____ they could easily afford to buy them?

A. unless B. before C. if D. when

10. It _____ me suddenly that I didn't want to _____ a child anymore.

A. struck; treat as B. struck; be treated as C. hit; deal with D. hit; be dealt with

11. Hearing the news that he was admitted to his dream university, he _____ tears, and then after the excitement had _____, he called his parents to tell them the news.

A. burst into; died out B. burst out; died away C. burst into; died down D. burst out; died down

12. This book _____ a true store, telling how a housewife _____ her role of wife and mother turns into a professional and popular lawyer.

A. is based in; trapped in B. base in; trapping in
C. is based on; trapped in D. base on; trapping in

13. As he sat in the classroom and listened to the math teacher, she kept playing a(n) _____ piano on her knees, _____ the coming piano competition.

A. imaginary; in preparation for B. imaginable; in preparation of
C. imaginative; in preparation for D. imagination; in preparation of

14. This new phone is aimed at young people in the 18- 25 age _____ and in the eye of them, the product can _____ a message to other people that they are well-off.

A. range; deliver B. dimension; convey C. range; convey D. dimension; deliver

15. As for the question whether we should direct an apology letter _____ him is still under discussion. Some people argue that we should behave _____ a more responsible manner.

A. to; at B. at; at C. at; in D. to; in

16. _____ Tom liked to eat was different from _____.

A. That; that you had expected B. What; that you had expected
C. That; what you had expected D. What; what you had expected

17. Do you have any idea _____ ?

A. when Miss Smith will arrive B. when will Miss Smith arrive
C. how will Miss Smith arrive D. why hasn't Miss Smith arrived

18. She took it for granted _____ I'd be back home an hour ago.
 A. that B. whether C. if D. when
19. I didn't _____ the importance of English until he told me English was a must in the job.
 A. recognize B. rely C. recommend D. realize
20. Those people _____ their way out of the building in total darkness.
 A. fought B. made C. felt D. touched



完形填空

21. **Communication with a Stranger**

Last weekend I sat on the bus talking with excitement and so ready to spend time in New York City with one of my best friends from college. As I took the window seat and wore headphones over ears, I almost didn't 1 the elderly man sitting beside me.

Two hours 2 passed and I was still absorbed in my own world. 3 the elderly man asked me a question, a simple question 4 the bus's Wi-Fi connection, which turned into a two- hour 5 . In fact, it directly 5 my personal life.

We talked a lot about my dreams, my fears and my life. I 6 more with this stranger on the bus than I have with any friend or family member in months. Maybe it had something to do with me just being 7 to let anyone I know close to me. I was 8 that the stranger was not only so deeply interested in getting to know me, but also just as willing to 9 me to my greatest abilities. He listened carefully to every word I said and made some useful 10 at times. Instead of politely 11 his head when I mentioned my major, he told me that my strong liking seemed to be psychology, but not the one I was studying. He said that he knew I would face difficulties if I studied psychology and that he fully understood my 12 for the failure.

This elderly man made me 13 the plans that I had laid out for my life with just that simple statement. He helped me realize that my neatly 14 plan for the next five years of my life wasn't all that neat, but actually complex and filled with 15 . Most of all, he helped me 16 the complex, not stay away from it because of my fear for the unknown. I 17 a lot from talking with the elderly stranger.

A few days later, he emailed me, saying, "I think you're 18 for great things no matter what you decide to do." The email was filled with words of 19 . In a few hours a stranger showed me a sense of kindness that made me realize that life is sometimes 20 but it is going to be okay.

- | | | | |
|--------------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|
| 1. A. check | B. notice | C. excuse | D. believe |
| 2. A. Then | B. Instead | C. Again | D. Also |
| 3. A. through | B. with | C. during | D. about |
| 4. A. introduction | B. explanation | C. conversation | D. competition |

- | | | | |
|----------------------|----------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| 5. A. affected | B. controlled | C. interrupted | D. created |
| 6. A. searched | B. shared | C. demanded | D. reviewed |
| 7. A. sorry | B. curious | C. anxious | D. afraid |
| 8. A. puzzled | B. bothered | C. amazed | D. disappointed |
| 9. A. push | B. invite | C. treat | D. admit |
| 10. A. choices | B. suggestions | C. decisions | D. efforts |
| 11. A. raising | B. dropping | C. turning | D. nodding |
| 12. A. regret | B. change | C. fear | D. desire |
| 13. A. prepare | B. develop | C. approve | D. question |
| 14. A. replaced | B. organized | C. discussed | D. predicted |
| 15. A. uncertainty | B. danger | C. responsibility | D. conflict |
| 16. A. identify | B. ignore | C. seize | D. accept |
| 17. A. suffered | B. increased | C. benefited | D. experienced |
| 18. A. leaving | B. heading | C. watching | D. caring |
| 19. A. encouragement | B. protection | C. admiration | D. description |
| 20. A. stable | B. normal | C. painful | D. serious |

阅读理解

22.

A

First Days

First Days are milestones in our lives. They mark the beginning of a new experience or journey. They are also filled with mixed emotions. They can be a little frightening as we step into the unknown, but they can also inspire us as they give us fresh hope for the future. First days are powerful as we can leave our mistakes and failures in the past and make a new start.

I want to share a story that perfectly illustrates this point. It is a story about a little girl named Trisha. Trisha was born into a family of teachers who had taught her that reading was the key to knowledge. She watched her older brother as he read his schoolbooks and could hardly wait for the day when she would learn to read.

But when Trisha finally started school, she found that she was not able to understand the words like the other boys and girls. No matter how hard she tried, the letters mixed up together, and she saw only confusion. Trisha fell further behind, the other children laughed and made fun of her, and she began to believe that she was not smart. By the time Trisha entered fifth grade, she had lost all confidence in herself. That was the year she met Mr. Falker. He was different. He praised Trisha's talents, and he wouldn't tolerate the other children teasing her. Mr. Falker realized that Trisha didn't know how to read, but he knew she could with some help.

He recruited (招聘) a reading specialist, and together they worked with Trisha after school. They helped her to write letters and hear the sounds until one day Mr. Falker handed her a book and she read it all by herself. She

didn't even notice the tears in his eyes.

This is a true story. The little girl is Patricia Polacco, the famous children's author, and thank you Mr. Falker is the twenty-sixth book that she has written.

Mr. Falker gave her a fresh new start when she walked into his fifth grade class on that first day of school. And he made a difference in her life.

We can all make a difference in the world—one student at a time by using "first days" with wisdom and grace, and giving each individual the chance to start over and become the best that they can be.

(1) Trisha fell far behind in school because she _____ .

- A. was not confident
- B. was looked down upon by others
- C. did not know how to read
- D. did not try her best

(2) The passage is probably intended for _____ .

- A. teachers
- B. students
- C. children's authors
- D. reading specialists

(3) How does the writer make his point?

- A. By giving an example.
- B. By making suggesting.
- C. By arguing.
- D. By persuading.

(4) The passage mainly conveys the message that first days are _____ .

- A. frightening as we step into the unknown
- B. inspiring as they give us fresh hope for the future
- C. turning points from where we can make a new start
- D. chances when we can forget our mistakes and failures

23.

B

Below are some classified ads from an English newspaper.

Classified ads

FOR DIRECT CLASSIFIED SERVICE CALL 800-0557 10a.m.-4p.m.

MONDAY-FRIDAY

FOR SALE

COME to moving sale-Plants, pottery, books, clothes, etc,

Sat, Dec.14th-9a.m.-5p.m.

1612 Femdale, Apt.1.

800-4696.

USED FUR COATS and JACKETS.

GOOD condition.

30-50. Call 800-0436 after 12 noon.

MOVING: Must sell.TV21, 50; AM/FMradioA/Corbatterry,15; cassette tape recorder, \$10.Call Jon or Pat, 800-0739 after 5p.m.or weekends.

SHEEPSKIN COAT: man's, size 42, 1 year old. \$85. After 6p.m.800-5224.

LOST AND FOUND

FOUND: Cat, 6 months old, black and white markings. Found near Linden and South U.Steve.800-4661

PERSONAL

OVERSEAS JOBS

Australia, Europe, America, Africa

Students all professions and occupations, 700to3000 monthly. Expenses paid, overtime. Sightseeing. Free information at STUDENTS' UNION.

THE INTERNATIONAL CENTER plans to publish a booklet of student travel adventures. If you like to write about your foreign experiences, unusual or just plain interesting. Call us (800-9310)and ask for Mike or Janet.

UNSURE WHAT TO DO

Life-Planning Workshop, Dec.13th-15th, Bob and Margaret Atwood, 800-0046.

ROOMMATES

FEMALE ROOMMATE WANTED: Own room near campus. Available December 1st. Rent\$300 per month until March 1st. \$450 thereafter. Call Jill for details, 800-7839.

DOMESTIC SERVICE

EARLY HOUR WAKE-UP-SERVICE: For prompt, courteous wake-up service, call 800-0760.

HELP WANTED

Babysitter—MY HOME

If you are available a few hours during the day, and some evenings to care for 2 school-age children, please call Gayle, days 800-1111, evenings and weekends 800-4964.

PERSONS WANTED for delivery work. Own transportation. Good pay. Apply 2311 E. Stadium. Office 101, after 9a.m.

TELEPHONE RECEPTIONIST WANTED.

NO experience necessary. Good pay. Apply 2311 E. Stadium. Office 101, after 9a.m.

(1) Where will you post a notice if you need someone to look after your children?

- A. PERSONAL B. HELP WANTED C. DOMESTIC SERVICE D. ROOMMATES

(2) A second-hand jacket will probably cost you _____ .

- A. \$60 B. \$40 C. \$20 D. \$10

(3) To have your travel notes published, you may contact _____ .

- A. Student' Union
- B. Gayle Moore
- C. The International Center
- D. Life Planning Workshop

(4) If you want to have someone wake you up in the morning, you may call _____ .

- A. 800-1111
- B. 800-7389
- C. 800-4661
- D. 800-0760

24.

C

Job sharing refers to the situation in which two people divide the responsibility of one full-time job . The two people willingly act as part-time workers, enough hours between them to fulfill the duties of a full-time worker . If they each work half the job, for example, they each receive 50 per cent of the job's wages, its holidays and its other benefits .

Job sharing differs from conventional (常规的) part-time work in that it occurs mainly in the more highly skilled and professional areas, which require higher levels of responsibility and employee commitment .

Job sharing should not be confused with the term work sharing, which refers to increasing the number of jobs by reducing the number of hours of each existing job, thus offering more positions to the growing number of unemployed people . Job sharing, by contrast, is not designed to address unemployment problems; its focus, rather, is to provide well-paid work for skilled workers and professionals who want more free time for other activities .

As would be expected, most job sharers are women . A survey carried out in 1988 by Britain's Equal Opportunities Commission showed that 78 per cent of sharers were female, the majority of whom were between 20 and 40 years of age . Subsequent studies have come up with similar results . Many of these women were re-entering the job market after having had children, but they chose not to seek part-time work because it would have meant lower status . Job sharing also offered an acceptable shift back into full-time work after a long absence .

The necessity of close cooperation when sharing a job with another person makes the actual work quite different from conventional one-position jobs . However, to ensure a greater chance that the partnership will succeed, each person needs to know the strengths, weaknesses and preferences of his or her partner before applying for a position . Moreover, there must be a fair division of both routine tasks and interesting ones . In sum, for a position to be job-shared well, the two individuals must be well matched and must treat each other as equals .

(1) In what way is work sharing different from job sharing?

- A. Work sharing requires more working hours .
- B. Work sharing is aimed at creating more jobs .
- C. Work sharing provides a more satisfactory salary .
- D. Work sharing depends on the employer's decision .

(2)

According to Paragraph 4, young mothers preferred job sharing to conventional part-time work mainly because ____ .

- A. they sought higher social status
- B. they were over ideal working ages
- C. they had difficulty finding full-time jobs
- D. they had to take care of both work and family

(3) In job sharing the partners should ____ .

- A. enjoy equal social status
- B. have similar work experience
- C. keep in touch with each other
- D. know each other very well

(4) The main purpose of the passage is to ____ .

- A. describe job sharing in general
- B. discuss how to provide more jobs
- C. recommend job sharing to women
- D. compare job sharing with work sharing

25.

D

A Good Night's Sleep

Sleep plays a vital role in good health and well-being throughout your life. While you're sleeping, your brain is forming new pathways to help you learn and remember information. Although we all know the best way of getting a good night's sleep, not all of us know the best way of getting it. A sleep expert, Phil Atherton, gave some top tips for getting the most out of the night, which will leave you ready for action in the morning.

According to Phil Atherton, not eating a large meal before bedtime is important for getting a good night's sleep. The time difference between eating any food three hours before bed, as **it** will lower your blood sugar during sleep and help minimize damage from too much sugar floating around.

It's also important to find ways to prepare your body for sleep. You can follow a routine like trying not to expose yourself to too much artificial light within 1 hour before bed, as your brain uses light to help set internal "body clock". Although it might seem unnatural to schedule your sleep, the purpose is to send a signal to your body and mind that it's time to sleep.

Another way to prepare your body for sleep is to get into a relaxed state by taking a bath or listening to soft music. Both of them will help to take the minds off the daytime pressures.

Having a suitable bed, especially a suitable mattress (床垫), is necessary for a good night's sleep. Sleep is a personalized activity, and we all adopt different sleeping positions. Finding the mattress that suits you will reduce back pains that can result from a poor sleeping position. The bed should be four to six inches longer than its tallest user, allowing for space to move around.

The recent research is pretty clear that a good night's sleep is a major component of good health. Since the start of the 21st century, studies have linked a lack of sleep to many diseases, such as diabetes and obesity. Taking action now will lead to long-term benefits for you and those around you.

(1) What does the author intend to tell us in the passage?

- A. When to start a sound sleep.
- B. How to get a good night's sleep.
- C. What to do with sleep problems.
- D. Why to form a good habit of sleeping.

(2) According to the author, before going to sleep, you'd better _____ .

- A. free yourself from tension
- B. check your blood sugar
- C. relieve your pain in the back
- D. record your biological clock

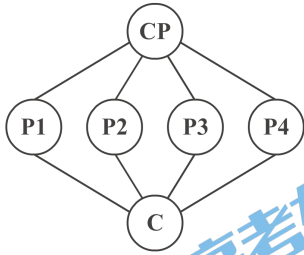
(3) What does the underlined word "it" in Paragraph 2 refer to?

- A. Not eating food.
- B. Taking a meal.
- C. Not sleeping well.
- D. Having a good sleep.

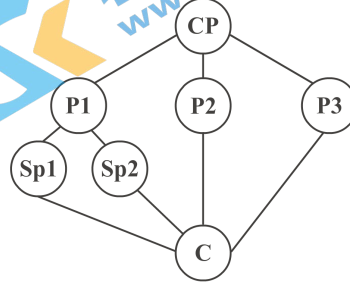
(4) Which of the following shows the organization of the passage?

CP: Central Point P:Point Sp: Sub-point (次要点) C: Conclusion

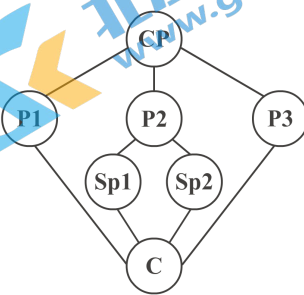
A.



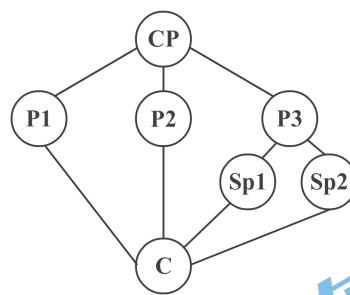
B.



C.



D.



26.

E

As computers become all the more popular in China, Chinese people are increasingly depending on computer keyboards to input Chinese characters. But if they use the computer too much, they may end up forgetting the exact strokes (笔画) of each Chinese character when writing on paper. Experts suggest people, especially students, write by hand more.

Do you write by hand more or type more? In Beijing, students start using a computer as early as primary school. And computer dependence is more widely spread among university students. Almost all their assignment and essays are typed on a computer.

All the students interviewed say they usually use a computer.

It's faster and easier to correct if using a computer. And that's why computers are being applied more and more often to modern education. But when people are taking stock in computers increasingly, problems appear.

"When I'm writing with a pen, I find I often can't remember how to write a character, though I feel I'm familiar with it."

"I'm not in the mood to write when faced with a pen and paper."

Many students don't feel this is something to worry about. Now that it's more convenient and efficient to write on a computer, why bother to handwrite?

Many educators think differently. Shi Liwei, headmaster of a famous primary school in the capital said, "Chinese characters enjoy both practical and aesthetic (审美的) value. But those characters typed with computer keyboards only maintain their practical value. All the artistic beauty of the characters is lost. And handwriting contains the writer's emotion. Through one's handwriting, people can get to know one's thinking and personality. Beautiful writing will give people a better first impression of them."

To encourage students to handwrite more, many primary schools in Beijing have made writing classes compulsory (必修的) and in universities, some professors are asking students to turn in their homework and essays written by hand.

(1) The underlined expression "taking stock in" in paragraph 4 probably means _____ .

- A. getting bored with
- B. getting dependent on
- C. becoming crazy about
- D. getting curious about

(2) The students interviewed prefer to write using a computer mainly because _____ .

- A. computers have become a trend and fashion in China
- B. they are usually asked to e-mail their homework and essays
- C. they find it not easy to remember how to write a character
- D. they can correct the mistakes they make quickly and conveniently

(3) Which of the following statement is NOT true of the advantage of handwriting?

- A. Handwriting contains the writer' s emotions.
- B. Chinese characters enjoy both practical and aesthetic value.
- C. Handwriting can impress people well and build one's self-confidence.
- D. The writer's thinking and personality are shown in his or her handwriting.

(4) Which of the following can best serve as the title of the passage?

- A. To Type or to Handwrite?
- B. The Importance of Handwriting and Typing
- C. Writing by Computer Will Replace Writing by Hand
- D. Practical and Aesthetic Value of Chinese Characters

七选五

27.

Selfie

Social media and the mobile web have given rise to a strange phenomenon called the selfie. But not everyone is familiar with the term, so here's a brief definition. 1 Everyone takes selfies, but the younger crowd seems to be especially involved in the trend.

Some selfies are extreme close-ups, other show part of an arm held straight outward and a few of the great ones even feature the subject standing in front of a bathroom mirror so that they can get a full body shot of their reflection. ___2___ Since social media is the driving force of most selfie activity, younger kids interested in staying connected to their friends, boyfriends, girlfriends, etc. are more active in sharing selfies on a regular basis.

Who knows what kind of psychological factors drive any specific person to take a selfie and upload it to a social networking site. ___3___

Here's one. Not only are young people plugged into the web at all times, but they also have more self-esteem issues---and many of these teens or college kids might upload selfies to deal with their own self-consciousness. ___4___ When you feel good or look good about yourself, it's far too easy to reach for you phone and document it all through one or several selfies. Kids who are connected on a social network to someone they admire may be more driven to upload attractive selfies as a way to seek attention, especially if they're too shy to do it in person.

Besides, there are people who are bored at work, bored at school, etc. So they will take selfies because they have nothing else better to do. Last but not least, social media is about being social! If that means uploading as many selfies as possible, then so be it. ___5___ They just do it because they like to do it, it's fun, and it's a cool way to sort of document your own life.

- A. Some people don't need a real reason to do it.
- B. There's so much more meaning behind why we do it.
- C. It's about getting attention from as many people as possible.
- D. There are lots of selfie styles, and these are some of the most common.
- E. Selfie is a picture of yourself, usually shared on any social network website.
- F. What's more, it's human nature to want to show off your own great achievement.
- G. Everyone's own situation is different, but here are some of the most common theories.

语法填空

28. 请根据情态动词、虚拟语气、状语从句及名词性从句的基本用法进行填空。

- (1) We _____ (face) the difficulty together, but why didn't you tell me?
- (2) But for the rain, we _____ (have) a pleasant journey yesterday.
- (3) I strongly recommend that he _____ (get) professional help.
- (4) I promise you _____ see her again before long.
- (5) _____ you worry her with questions, just when she is busy cooking dinner?
- (6) He is quite strange; for everything he does is opposite to _____ is considered normal behavior.
- (7) _____ Shelley became a poet may have been due to his mother's influence.
- (8) Keep him _____ you can see him.

(9) He didn't know _____ he had answered the question in that way.

(10) The question is _____ it's worth doing it.

选词填空

29. 根据句意, 选择适当的词并用其恰当的形式填空, 每空只填一个词。

adapt	withdraw	direct	point	pour
range	recognize	rely	strike	witness

(1) Dogs _____ people by their smell.

(2) It came as _____ news that the 2016 Noble Prize in Literature was awarded to American singer-songwriter Bob Dylan.

(3) Yahoo Weather is sometimes not that _____, as it showed 27°C for a winter day in Beijing.

(4) Our prices, _____ from about 10 to 500, with suit all wallets.

(5) As the judge of this competition, what he said was very _____ because he didn't want to discourage those young students.

(6) India had _____ many political changes before Pi's father decided to move to Canada.

(7) The buses have been specially _____ to take wheelchairs.

(8) Tourists _____ into London during the summer months.

(9) People around Pi can't see the _____ of his practicing three religions at the same time.

(10) I _____ \$50 from my account yesterday to present for my best friend.

翻译

30. 请把下列句子翻译成英语 (括号中的词语必须用, 不用作零分记; 不得随意更改词性)。

(1) 我从来没想到车才买来就坏了。 (occur, break v.)

(2) 当学生们弄明白真相的时候, 他们大笑起来。 (figure v. ; burst v.)

(3) 尽管梵高 (Van Gogh) 现在在全世界被公认为历史上最出色的画家之一, 他在世时, 作品根本就不被看重。
(recognize; value v.)

(4) 当我爬到山顶的时候, 那里的景色让我非常激动。我从来没想象到它会那么美。 (give sb. a thrill; imagine)

(5) 工人们决定再次罢工, 希望政府能改善他们的工作环境。 (strike v.; in the hope that)

课文填空

31. ① With these severe restrictions on her communication, Helen's behavior was (1) _____ . She was stubborn and angry, and often broke things when she (2) _____ .

Now that Helen understood (3) _____ , she was very eager to learn more and use it as much as she could. Children who can see and hear learn language easily but for Helen, it was a

(4) _____ process.

② One afternoon, hundreds of unlucky passengers who had been expecting to (5) _____ to New York were told it had been cancelled. One unfortunate counter agent was dealing with all the passengers when an angry man, who had been queuing for some time, (6) _____ the front.

When this happens, he smiles and nods, indicating that everything is fine. When the waiters are not looking, however, he (7) _____ the raw meat anywhere he can reach—the sugar bowl, the tiny flower vase, inside a bun and under a plate.

③ Life-long commitment and, indeed, the survival of society itself rely on people seeing beauty (8) _____. The human race would soon die out if we could only see beauty (9) _____ limited criteria.

Physical beauty must also (10) _____ an attraction to something deeper within a person.



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长按识别关注



2016~2017学年北京西城区北京市第四中学高二上学期期末英语试卷

单选

1. 【答案】 A

2. 【答案】 B

3. 【答案】 D

4. 【答案】 A

5. 【答案】 A

6. 【答案】 A

7. 【答案】 A

8. 【答案】 A

9. 【答案】 D

10. 【答案】 B

11. 【答案】 C

12. 【答案】 C

13. 【答案】 A

14. 【答案】 C



15. 【答案】 D

16. 【答案】 D

17. 【答案】 A

18. 【答案】 A

19. 【答案】 D

20. 【答案】 C



完形填空

21. 【答案】 BADCA BDCAB DCDBA DCBAC



阅读理解

22. 【答案】 (1) C

(2) A

(3) A

(4) C

23. 【答案】 (1) B

(2) B

(3) C

(4) D



24. 【答案】 (1) B

(2) A

(3) D

(4) A



25. 【答案】 (1) B

(2) A

(3) A

(4) C

26. 【答案】(1) B

(2) D

(3) C

(4) A

七选五

27. 【答案】1. E

2. D

3. G

4. F

5. A

语法填空

28. 【答案】(1) could have face

(2) should have had

(3) should get

(4) shall

(5) Must

(6) what

(7) That

(8) where

(9) why/how

(10) whether

选词填空

29. 【答案】(1) recognize

(2) striking

(3) reliable

(4) ranging

(5) indirect

(6) witnessed



- (7) adopted
- (8) poured
- (9) point
- (10) withdrew

翻译

30. 【答案】
- (1) It never occurred to me that the bicycle was bought to be broken.
 - (2) When the students figured out the truth, they burst into laughter.
 - (3) Although Van Gogh is now recognized throughout the world as one of the best painters in history, his work is not valued at all.
 - (4) When I climbed to the top of the hill, where the scenery gave me a thrill, I never imagined it would be so beautiful.
 - (5) The workers decided to strike again, in the hope that government could improve their working environment.

课文填空

31. 【答案】
- 1 . often
 - 2 . unbearable
 - 3 . wasn't
 - 4 . understood
 - 5 . the
 - 6 . key
 - 7 . to
 - 8 . language
 - 9 . gradual
 - 10 . and
 - 11 . sometimes
 - 12 . painful
 - 13 . board
 - 14 . a
 - 15 . flight
 - 16 . pushed
 - 17 . his
 - 18 . way

- 19 . to
- 20 . buried
- 21 . himself
- 22 . hiding
- 23 . in
- 24 . difference
- 25 . and
- 26 . depth
- 27 . with
- 28 . a
- 29 . set
- 30 . of
- 31 . be
- 32 . accompanied
- 33 . by

