

## 2018 北京市夏季高中会考

### 英 语

一、听力理解（共 25 小题，25 分。每小题 1 分）

第一节：听下面十段对话或独白，从各题 A、B、C 三个选项中，选出能回答问题的最佳答案。

每段对话或独白你将听两遍。

听第 1 段材料，回答第 1 题。

1. What will the speakers do?

- A. Go to a concert.      B. Do some homework.      C. Play some music.

听第 2 段材料，回答第 2 题。

2. What is the woman doing today?

- A. Having computer classes.  
B. Preparing for a lecture.  
C. Reading a book.

听第 3 段材料，回答第 3 题。

3. How is the man feeling now?

- A. Relaxed.              B. Tired      C. Excited.

听第 4 段材料，回答第 4 题。

4. What is the woman doing?

- A. Offering help.  
B. Giving advice.  
C. Asking for permission

听第 5 段材料，回答第 5 题至第 6 题。

5. Where does the conversation probably take place?

- A. In a supermarket.      B. In a hotel.      C. At the airport

6. What is the woman going to do?

- A. To book a room.                      B. To go shopping.                      C. To have dinner

25

听第6段材料，回答第7题至第8题。

7. What movies does the woman like?

- A. History movies.      B. Cartoon movies.      C. Science movies

8. Why does the man like action movies?

- A. To get creative ideas.  
B. To learn amazing actions.  
C. To enjoy the colorful scenes.

9. What is the woman looking forward to?

- A. The coming holiday.  
B. The cooking lessons.  
C. Her study abroad.

10. Why will the man go to Alan's home?

- A. To go to a family party.  
B. To ask for cooking advice.  
C. To enjoy home-cooked food.

11. What's the probable relationship between the speakers?

- A. Husband and wife.                      B. Friends.                      C. Mom and son

听第8段材料，回答第12题至第14题。

12. Which part of the red car is damaged?

- A. The front.      B. Both sides.      C. The back

13. Who is bleeding?

- A. The passenger in the black car.  
B. The driver of the black car.

C. The driver of the red car.

14. Who is likely to call the ambulance?

A. One of the drivers.    B. The woman speaker    C. The passenger

听第 9 段材料，回答第 15 题至第 17 题。

15. In which room does the man live?

A. Room 307.    B. Room 317.    C. Room 703

16. How is the man going to the airport?

A. By subway.    B. By bus.    C. By taxi

17. When is the man leaving for the airport?

A. At 6:30 am.    B. At 7:30 am    C. At 9:30 am

听第 10 段材料，回答第 18 题至第 20 题。

18. What does the speaker do?

A. A guide.    B. An officer    C. A volunteer

听第 10 段材料，回答第 18 题至第 20 题。

18. What does the speaker do?

A. A guide.    B. An officer    C. A volunteer

19. What suggestion does the speaker make?

A. Keeping away from animals.

B. Touching plants gently.

C. Wearing long trousers.

20. What is the speaker mainly talking about?

A. Telling dos and don'ts in the rainforest.

B. Describing the rainforest attractions.

C. Explaining the duties of volunteers.

第二节：听下面一段对话，根据题目要求在答题卡相应题号后的横线上写下第 21 题至第 25

题的关键信息。此段对话你将听两遍。

Bike Repair Appointment Form	
Customer information	Name: 21 Phone: 22 Address: 95 23 Street ,Long Beach
Model	126 24 Ford Bike
Problem	LCD screen
Time	2:00 pm, 25 .November 23rd

二、完形填空（共 15 小题，15 分。每小题 1 分）

阅读下面短文，从各题 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳答案。

Reading didn't really change my life until saw it change the life of a child.

Marcus was a quiet boy who lived with his mother in a shelter(收容所) for the poor. Because he was the 26 reader in his class, he became one of my Reading Help students. When explained to his mother that I was going to work with him one-on-one every day, tears filled her eyes She 27 my arm firmly, softly repeating, "Thank you, thank you, thank you."

Marcus knew letters but 28 read at all. However, as we worked together, he caught on 29 and grew in ability and confidence. I gave him books to take home every night 30 he could read them with his mother

One day, Marcus didn't bring his books back. He looked so 31 that he was about to cry. When asked why, he said that he had put the books under his bed for safekeeping, but someone had taken his book bag during the night. I put my arm around his shoulder and 32 that I would give him more books to take home. "Maybe the person who took your books," I said, "will become a good 33 just like you."

A few weeks later, I learned Marcus and his mother were being moved to a different shelter across town for safety. I began to 34 what his future would be if he couldn't finish the program. Marcus' mother was worried too; so worried that she put him on public transportation every day and sent him all the way across town, so he could continue to 35 with me.

Marcus finally graduated from the program as a strong reader. We had a small celebration and I gave him a book to keep. I'll never 36 his ear-to-ear smile. That was the last time I saw

Marcus. Although I may never see him again, I'm certain that learning to read 37 his life forever. The experience certainly changed mine. Since then, I've taught many struggling readers, from ages 5 to 75. Each student has increased my 38 for teaching reading. Each one reminds me what a/an 39 it is to be a teacher working with struggling readers, and what a blessing it is to see lives changed forever by the simple of reading

26. A. happiest      B. shortest      C. weakest      D. youngest
27. A. reached      B. held      C. waved      D. crossed
28. A. shouldn't      B. needn't      C. mustn't      D. couldn't
29. A. quickly      B. certainly      C. carefully      D. seriously
31. A. sad      B. satisfied      C. excited      D. tired
32. A. warned      B. reminded      C. promised      D. hoped
33. A. reader      B. adviser      C. listener      D. helper
34. A. argue      B. understand      C. prove      D. worry
35. A. live      B. meet      C. deal      D. agree
36. A. mind      B. notice      C. forget      D. mention
37. A. risked      B. changed      C. saved      D. disturbed
38. A. feeling      B. choice      C. love      D. decision
39. A. pity      B. honor      C. memory      D. action
40. A. joy      B. skill      C. rule      D. step

三、阅读理解（共 20 小题，40 分。每小题 2 分）

第一节：阅读下面短文，从各题 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出最佳答案。

A

Things to Do in Glasgow City, Scotland

Beauty and the Beast, Glasgow Royal Concert Hall

Watch a group of musicians perform the magical music alongside the film on a huge screen. The

music of *Beauty and the Beast* is as good as the film itself. Tickets start from £39.50. Buy at [glasgowconcerthalls.com](http://glasgowconcerthalls.com).

#### Kilted Haggis Walking Tour, George Square

Glasgow's only guided city walking tour with live traditional Scottish music begins this weekend. Wander the streets and enjoy the informative introduction with lively joking. Costs £12.50. Book at [thekiltedhaggis.com](http://thekiltedhaggis.com).

#### Blocks Workshops

Bricks 4 Kidz classes provide an extremely good atmosphere for kids, where they learn, build and play with LEGO bricks. There are specially designed models and sets of project parts that can be put together. They provide building blocks for educational play. Head to [bricks4kidz.com](http://bricks4kidz.com) to find a site near you.

#### Big Feed, 249 Govan Road

Scotland's biggest indoor, fully-licensed street food market brings together delicious food, live music and DJs, games for the kids and outdoor seating. Entry is £2 and under-10s go free.

#### Gordon St Club

You are introduced into the world of coffee! Every Tuesday and Saturday at 11:00 am coffee cupping sessions are organized. You may discover many interesting facts about how coffee is planted, processed and roasted. Entry is £5 with a bag of beans to take home. Visit [gordonst.co.uk](http://gordonst.co.uk) for more details.

41. People who plan to explore Glasgow on foot may visit

- A. [gordonst.co.uk](http://gordonst.co.uk)    B. [bricks4kidz.com](http://bricks4kidz.com)  
C. [thekiltedhaggis.com](http://thekiltedhaggis.com)    D. [glasgowconcerthalls.com](http://glasgowconcerthalls.com)

42. At 249 Govan Road, you can

- A. watch a movie    B. enjoy street food  
C. listen to a concert    D. play outdoor games

43. What extra benefit does Gordon St Club offer?

- A. Free parking.
  - B. Discount for tickets.
  - C. Free seats for kids under 10.
  - D. Coffee beans to take home.
44. Where is the information most probably from?
- A. A news report.
  - B. A travel guide.
  - C. A research paper.
  - D. A fashion magazine.

B

Travelling Alone in Toronto

Travelling alone can be frightening. I have travelled by myself many times but there was always someone to meet me at the other end of the train or plane journey. This time was different. Last week I had a holiday from work, but none of my friends had the same week off. But I still booked a train ride to Toronto and a bed in a hostel(旅社) for one week.

One week by myself! Would I be lonely? Quite the opposite! In fact, there were many benefits. Firstly, I was able to do whatever I wanted. I spent hours in museums that would have seemed boring to some of my friends. I walked all around the city, which some people may have found too tiring. Secondly, I discovered my independence and developed map-reading skills. Finally, being in the safe environment of a hostel with travellers also gave a great chance to meet new people from all over the world.

However, there were some disadvantages of travelling alone. I missed having someone to talk to. Eating in a restaurant or cooking in the hostel was less fun on my own. Besides, without a travel partner, I won't be able to laugh about and remember my Toronto adventure with friends in years to come.

I am very proud of myself for travelling alone and I had a fantastic time in Toronto. However,

in the future, I think I will always prefer to travel with another person or in a small group. Though, maybe it depends who I travel with—I would rather be by myself than with someone who is lazy and difficult!

45. The author travelled alone in Toronto because
- A. she was asked to do so    B. she wanted to know something different
- C. she had no friends to go with her    D. she didn't like to travel with someone else
46. In Paragraph 2 the author wants to tell us \_\_\_\_ of travelling alone.
- A. the costs                      B. the tiredness
- C. the danger                      D. the advantages
47. What can we learn about the author from Paragraph 3?
- A. She missed her family very much.
- B. She didn't need to cook by herself.
- C. She couldn't do whatever she wanted.
- D. She had nobody to share the experience with.
48. The last paragraph suggests that the author
- A. is afraid of travelling alone
- B. enjoys travelling with her family
- C. prefers to travel with proper partners
- D. is interested in travelling in a large group

C

This weekend a marathon(马拉松) took place in Salzburg, the city where I'm living. I admired the runners who ran 42.2 kilometers if they finished the course. I've never run for more than half an hour, so I'm amazed that some people manage to keep going for over four!

At university I play korfbal. This is a team sport with eight people on each team. The aim is to shoot the ball into the hoop(篮圈), which is like basketball hoop, only higher! All players get a



chance to attack and defend during the game and it's very fast-paced.

When I started korfball, I wasn't very good at it. I could throw and catch but I wasn't very fast on my feet. Shooting was also difficult for me. Moreover, you often have to shoot on the move in korfball, and I found it hard to balance and shoot straight while running backwards away from my defender!

However, I really enjoyed the sport and made friends in the club, so I attended training twice a week. Two years later I am in the first team for my university and have played in many matches. This just shows if you train hard, you can succeed.

Running is difficult because you have to make yourself willing to keep going. I used to get really out of breath while running and I didn't feel good at all! Now I actually enjoy going for a run along the river in Salzburg, feeling my muscles(肌肉) working and breathing in the fresh air.

Challenging exercise is always rewarding. Hiking is fun because all the hard work-walking uphill-comes at the beginning of the day. Then at the top of the mountain you can enjoy the view and some well-earned chocolate! At the end of the day you feel like you've really achieved something.

I will never be a marathon runner, but I would like to try a 10-km run sometime, or perhaps even a half-marathon. Seeing how happy the runners were as they crossed the finishing line made me want to have that feeling-the months of training paying off as you achieve your goal.

49. How did the author feel about running the marathon at first?

- A. Difficult. B. Strange.
- C. Enjoyable. D. Exciting

50. When the author started korfball, he couldn't

- A. get a chance to throw a ball
- B. keep his balance on one foot
- C. catch the ball from teammates
- D. move quickly while playing

51. Why does the author think challenging exercise rewarding?

- A. It helps him sleep well.
- B. It gives him a sense of achievement.
- C. It helps him lose weight.
- D. It makes him become a marathon runner

52. What does the passage want to tell us?

- A. The meaning of keeping going.    B. The ways of doing sports.  
C. The importance of regular exercise    D. The benefits of running the marathon

D

Are you using punctuation(标点符号) when you text? If so, you may be sending the wrong message. As text messaging has developed into a key form of communication, some of the ways we look at punctuation have changed. We all know that the "old" punctuation rules still apply to other forms of writing, research paper for example. However, something as harmless as a period could convey a negative message when it's used in a text. In general, when texting, people should be cautious about using punctuation, especially the period. It is very likely that grammar teachers everywhere are not happy about this.

So how did punctuation become a bad thing? Punctuation changes how we read something.

When speaking face-to-face, we help convey our thoughts with eye contact, facial expressions, pauses, and tone of voice. Writing, however, doesn't allow for those kinds of social cues. That's where punctuation enters the picture: they help convey that extra information. For instance, when speaking, we might pause to indicate the end of a sentence. In writing, we can use periods to do the same thing. Yet many people leave periods out of their text message. Why? It seems that the extra information that periods convey in a text message is different from the information they convey in formal writing.

According to researchers at Binghamton University, ending a thought with a period in a text message may convey insincerity. In other words, people might interpret the ending punctuation to mean that the sender cares less about them or is less sincere. Celia Klin, an associate professor of psychology at Binghamton University, examined these curious texting rules in a study. Her team asked college students to read a series of messages that appeared either as a text or a handwritten note. The messages contained simple questions with one-word replies, such as okay, sure, or yup. Surprisingly, students perceived the text replies that did not include punctuation to be more sincere than the text replies that had a period at the end. The use of a period in the handwritten responses,

however, did not influence how they were viewed. Further testing of the same theory by psychologist Danielle Gunraj confirmed this doubt. These results suggest that, in text messages, we should skip periods if we want to communicate with sincerity.

Punctuation has gradually changed over the course of history in order to reach its new place (or lack of a place) in text messaging. In fact, early writing in Latin and Greek lacked any kind of punctuation at all. Sometimes there weren't even spaces between the words; it was up to the reader to recognize words and sentences. Later, punctuation was added to aid beginner readers in reading aloud, but there weren't many rules at first. A system for using punctuation took shape as the invention of the printing press and other advances in publishing led English to become standardized. But today, with the digital age and new avenues for written communication, our use of standard punctuation is changing.

While the punctuation rules for formal and written English still apply, text communication has changed the grammar game. Research has shown that, when texting, we should not only choose our words carefully, but also our punctuation marks. The period can appear cold, which is not something we would expect from written English. In addition, the exclamation point(感叹号) is now under fire as well. Some suggest that the exclamation point seems silly or overly excited. So the next time you're texting, you might want to leave end punctuation out of it. Period.

53. What did Celia Klin's experiment prove?

- A. Texts with no period are viewed as being sincere.
- B. Texts with a period are regarded as being sincere.
- C. Handwritten notes with a period seem less sincere.
- D. Handwritten notes with no period seem less sincere

54. The purpose of Paragraph 4 is to explain

- A. how punctuation developed
- B. the functions of punctuation
- C. how technology has changed punctuation
- D. the different usages of punctuation in history

55. The author holds the view that

- A. punctuation is already out of date in text messages
  - B. punctuation is no longer necessary in written language
  - C. people should remove end punctuation from text messages
  - D. educators need to worry about the changing punctuation rules
56. Which is the best title for this passage?
- A. No Punctuation in Formal Writing
  - B. Are You Sending the Wrong Message?
  - C. Differences between Formal Writing and Texting
  - D. Which is More Important, Content or Punctuation?

第二节：阅读下面短文和问题，根据短文内容和每小题后的具体要求，在答题卡相应题号后的横线上写下相关信息，完成对该问题的回答。答语要意思清楚，结构正确，书写工整。

#### FOMO

Are you suffering from FOMO—that is, Fear Of Missing Out? Research shows that a growing number of young people are, with bad effects on their sleep and schoolwork.

Everybody knows how important it is for students to get a good night's sleep every night. You aren't able to do your best unless you sleep well. Most experts agree that eight hours' sleep per night is necessary for teenagers. However, most of young people get much less sleep than that—and in some cases it will be influencing schoolwork, even their health.

I read an interesting article in a teachers' magazine recently. They did a study of 848 students in Wales. The results showed that teenagers are facing a new problem. They may go to bed and get up at proper time but a growing number are waking up in the middle of the night, not to use the bathroom or have a snack but because of a new phenomenon: FOMO!

According to the article, schoolchildren are suffering because of a growing trend to wake up during the night to check social media. Afraid of missing a comment or chance to take part in a chat, teenagers are waking at all times of the night, going online and getting involved. They are doing all this when they should be sound asleep.

Experts are worried about this growing trend and the report shows some information that I'd like to share with you:

- 23% of 12- to 15-year-olds wake up nearly every night to use social media.
- One in three students are constantly tired and unable to make good use of their own abilities.
- Students who use social media during the night are more likely to suffer from mental illness.

So I'd like to ask you to take it easy when it comes to social media. Be brave! Switch off your devices at night. The world won't end and your social media will be waiting to greet you in the morning! And you won't have missed anything important.

57. What does FOMO mean? (不多于4个单词)

58. What problem can less sleep cause in young people? (不多于4个单词)

59. According to the study, why do the students wake up during the night? (不多于4个单词)

60. Why does the author write this passage? (不多于9个单词)

#### 四、书面表达 (共1小题, 20分)

根据题目所提出的具体要求, 在答题卡上写出一篇连贯完整的短文。词数不少于60。

假如你是李华, 你的英国笔友 Jack 给你写邮件表达了想参加你校暑期为外国学生举办的汉语夏令营的愿望, 希望你介绍活动内容并提些建议。请参考以下信息, 给 Jack 写一封邮件。

邮件的开头和结尾已为你写好, 不计入总词数。

Activities:

- learn everyday Chinese
- attend Chinese culture lectures
- visit some museums

Dear Jack,

*I was glad to receive your email. Knowing that you are interested in the Chinese Summer Camp in our school this summer holiday, I'd like to introduce some activities and give you some advice.*

*Best regards,*

*Li Hua*

## 英语试题答案

### 一、听力理解

#### 第一节

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
A	C	B	C	B	C	B	A	A	C
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
B	A	A	B	A	C	B	B	C	A

#### 第二节

21. Gladys                      22. 808-7754                      23. Lake                      24. Flying                      25. Friday

### 二、完形填空（共 15 小题，15 分。每小题 1 分）

26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
C	B	D	A	D	A	C	A	D	B	C	B	C	B	A

### 三、阅读理解（共 20 小题，40 分。每小题 2 分）

#### 第一节

41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
C	B	D	B	C	D	D	C	A	D	B	A	A	A	C	B

#### 第二节

- 57. Fear Of Missing Out.
- 58. Bad schoolwork and health.
- 59. To check social media.
- 60. To advise young people to face social media wisely.

### 四、书面表达（共 1 小题，20 分）

Possible version:

Dear Jack,

I was glad to receive your email. Knowing that you are interested in the Chinese Summer Camp in our school this summer holiday, I'd like to introduce some activities and give you some advice.

The school prepares language classes to help you learn everyday Chinese, in which you will have a chance to communicate with Chinese students. If you want to explore traditional Chinese culture, there are a huge number of lectures to attend. I'm sure you will like them. I also suggest that you take this opportunity to visit some museums, where you can have a new experience with Chinese history and culture.

To prepare for this trip, you may surf the Internet and have some idea about China before you set out. I really look forward to meeting you in this summer camp. I'm sure you will have a wonderful stay here.

Best regards,

Li Hua

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