



# 高三英语考试

北京高考在线  
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## 考生注意:

1. 本试卷共 150 分。考试时间 120 分钟。
2. 请将各题答案填写在答题卡上。

## 第一部分 听力(共两节, 满分 30 分)

做题时, 先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后, 你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案涂到答题卡上。

### 第一节 (共 5 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项, 并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后, 你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

例: How much is the shirt?

- A. £19. 15.    B. £9. 18.    C. £9. 15.

答案是 C。

### 1. Who is Martin?

- A. The man's best friend.  
B. The woman's colleague.  
C. The woman's best friend.

### 2. What's the man's attitude to the woman's request?

- A. Opposed.    B. Approving.    C. Uncertain.

### 3. What kind of room does the man want to book?

- A. A single room.    B. A double room.    C. A room for four.

### 4. Where does the conversation probably take place?

- A. At a cinema.    B. At a bank.    C. At a library.

### 5. What will the man do during the break?

- A. Go to Greece.    B. Apply for a job.    C. Cancel his passport.

### 第二节 (共 15 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项选出最佳选项, 并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前, 你将有时间阅读各个小题, 每小题 5 秒钟; 听完后, 各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料, 回答第 6、7 题。

### 6. Where did the woman go yesterday?

- A. To the gym.    B. To the park.    C. To the sports center.

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7. What did the man do last Sunday?  
A. He watched a match on TV.  
B. He watched a match on the spot.  
C. He played football and basketball.

听第7段材料,回答第8、9题。

8. How does the man feel now?  
A. Embarrassed.                      B. Confused.                      C. Pleased.
9. What present would Annie like according to the woman?  
A. Chocolate.                      B. A book.                      C. A hat.

听第8段材料,回答第10至12题。

10. What's the relationship between the speakers?  
A. Husband and wife.                      B. Teacher and student.                      C. Father and daughter.
11. Why is the man moving to Italy?  
A. To work.                      B. To learn Italian.                      C. To look after his son.
12. What does Mary decide to do this year?  
A. Travel around Venice.  
B. Go to Italy to visit her cousins.  
C. Stay in Paris to continue her study.

听第9段材料,回答第13至16题。

13. What brand of shoes does the woman want at first?  
A. ANTA.                      B. PEAK.                      C. LI-NING.
14. Why does the woman need running shoes?  
A. To exercise at the club.  
B. To climb the mountain.  
C. To run around the stadium.
15. What size of shoes does the woman wear?  
A. 36.                      B. 37.                      C. 38.
16. How much will the woman pay for the shoes?  
A. ¥200.                      B. ¥300.                      C. ¥400.

听第10段材料,回答第17至20题。

17. What was the speaker like when he was a kid?  
A. Brave.                      B. Naughty.                      C. Shy.
18. What colour was the traffic light when the speaker crossed the road that day?  
A. Red.                      B. Green.                      C. Yellow.
19. How did the speaker's parents react to his mistake?  
A. They just ignored him.  
B. They punished him.  
C. They blamed and comforted him.

20. What did the speaker know after the mistake?

- A. His parents were very careless.
- B. His parents were impatient with him.
- C. His parents' words were meaningful.

第二部分 阅读理解(共两节,满分40分)

第一节 (共15小题;每小题2分,满分30分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的A、B、C和D四个选项中,选出最佳选项。

A

**Volunteers Needed**

HSE is a nonprofit organization set to create a free online English-learning platform and boost confidence for all English learners. We will help you learn and practice productive English skills by connecting you with native English speakers around the globe and strengthening intercultural ties. The following are positions available for now.

**Tutor**

Working language: Chinese and English

Commitment: 2 hours/week

Tutors' primary task is to give students one-on-one classes. Each class is conducted on WeChat and lasts for 30 minutes long. During class, tutors will discuss key topics with the students according to our internal materials. After class, they will send brief feedback to the student.

**Editor**

Working language: Chinese and English

Commitment: 2 hours/week

Editors will write, polish, and proofread (校阅) text as requested by our managers in either Chinese or English. Such text usually includes class materials and text contents about to be published on our WeChat Official Account.

**Translator**

Working language: Chinese and English

Commitment: 2 hours/week

Translators will translate our internal documents. These documents usually include volunteer profiles, interviews with college students, and promotion information. You are free to use translation devices or software to achieve greater efficiency as long as translated documents are free of significant errors.

**Administrative Assistant**

Working language: English

Commitment: 1 hour/day

Manage student information by organizing the information and updating processed information in the HSE Volunteers Group Chat.

Manage volunteers' information by updating their status (active/inactive) and their respective students.

Location: No. 5 Zhujiang W Rd, Tianhe District, Guangzhou, Guangdong 510000, CN

Looking forward to your participation!

21. What's the goal of HSE?

- A. To build a Chinese-learning platform.
- B. To help English learners.
- C. To make Chinese-learning free.
- D. To earn money by teaching English.

22. Which position will you choose if you only know English?

- A. Tutor.
- B. Editor.
- C. Translator.
- D. Administrative Assistant.

23. Which of the following is a must for the position of the editor?

- A. Working two days in a week.
- B. Being good at publishing books.
- C. Doing things arranged by managers.
- D. Doing well in at least three languages.

### B

Hunter ran his first 30 kilometres. It was not easy for him, but he made it. Months earlier, he wasn't in any condition to run five miles, let alone 18.6 miles, the distance of a 30 kilometres.

One day, early in the morning, my wife Lisa discovered that our older son, Hunter, had been playing video games since he got home from school the previous day. What she found angered both of us.

We were sick of the amount of time Hunter spent playing video games. He would often sleep until 2:00 p. m. on Saturdays because he stayed up playing games until 3:00 in the morning.

Driven to break our son's life style, we tried several different approaches, like limiting the amount of time he was allowed to play games each day, but we couldn't find anything that worked consistently. He always seemed to go back to the game, especially when we were not there to monitor him.

It's not that I'm against video games; I am just against playing them every waking moment at the expense of exercise. In an attempt to ensure that our kids did not become addicted to games, I came up with an idea: Game time in our house would have to be earned, just like

money. Each mile run equals 30 minutes of video game play. We put no limit on the number of miles Hunter could run in a day, so the only limit to the amount of time he played was based on how far he decided to run. The first couple of days didn't go very well. Hunter got sick of the idea and refused to run at all. Eventually, Hunter decided he would give running a shot.

It never occurred to him that running was giving him a sense of purpose. Hunter even planned to join a marathon and hoped to become the youngest family member to complete one. It was my hope that running teaches him to invest his time in worthwhile causes, not just video games. I never want him to stop challenging himself.

24. What do we know about Hunter?

- A. He was dishonest. B. He was academic.  
C. He was lazy. D. He was a video game addict.

25. What's the author's attitude towards video games?

- A. Indifferent. B. Objective. C. Favorable. D. Opposed.

26. How did Hunter like running in the end?

- A. It was meaningful. B. It was tiring. C. It was boring. D. It was skillful.

27. What is the best title for the text?

- A. To Run or Not B. An Ambitious Runner  
C. From the Screen to Running D. The Benefits of Running

One of Eleven Madison Park's most symbolic dishes has been whole roasted duck—it's classic of the restaurant, and one its most long-standing offering. But when the restaurant reopens next month after more than a year, that dish, and many others it has become known for, will no longer be available.

The three-Michelin-starred New York restaurant will be going completely plant-based when it reopens next month, it announced Monday—becoming one of the most famous restaurants to do so. “I'm excited to share that I've made the decision to serve a plant-based menu in which we do not use any animal products—every dish is made from vegetables, both from the earth and the sea, as well as fruits, fungi, grains, and so much more,” chef and owner Daniel Humm wrote in a statement on the restaurant's website. The move reflects a growing trend in the food industry, as more and more institutions turn to more sustainable ingredients and food practices. Epicurious, a well-known online food publication, announced just last week it would no longer publish new recipes that include beef, saying beef production creates large quantities of greenhouse gas emissions.

As more plant-based options have appeared on menus across the country, gone are the days when veganism (素食主义) were fringe diets (边缘饮食). Humm has previously said he

believes the future of restaurants is vegan. In an interview with NPR's "How I Built This", Humm said the way people ate meat was not sustainable, similar to the reasons *Epicurious* gave.

And though in his statement, Humm said he recognized the risk of making such a move, and he believed it was worth it. "It is time to redefine luxury as an experience that serves a higher purpose and maintains a genuine connection to the community," he wrote on the restaurant's website. "A restaurant experience is about more than what's on the plate. We are thrilled to share the incredible possibilities of plant-based cuisine while deepening our connection to our homes, both our city and our planet." Eleven Madison Park is scheduled to reopen on June 10 for dining.

28. Why won't *Epicurious* publish new recipes including beef?

- A. Beef production does harm to the climate.
- B. Beef is no longer popular with most people.
- C. Beef is no longer the latest trend.
- D. Beef can't make profits as before.

29. What can we infer from paragraph 2?

- A. Most of the customers support Daniel.
- B. Plant-based restaurants are rare.
- C. Daniel is an advocate for veganism.
- D. Fungi are popular with the customers.

30. What does Humm think of the future of vegan restaurants?

- A. Optimistic.
- B. Challenging.
- C. Controversial.
- D. Doubtful.

31. What is certain about the restaurant after June 10?

- A. Its customers can eat much cheaper roasted ducks.
- B. Its customers can eat more delicious beef food.
- C. It will be closed forever.
- D. There will be no roasted ducks anymore.

As we all know, Antarctica is surrounded by icebergs and it is the coldest, driest and windiest continent on the earth. However, the finger-shaped piece of ice that recently broke loose from the western side of the Ronne Ice Shelf—the most extensive ice platforms—is worthy of a mention. Measuring approximately 105 miles long and 15 miles wide, it covers a surface area of 1,660 square miles and is currently the world's largest iceberg.

The massive piece of ice floating in the Weddell Sea was first spotted on May 13, 2021, by Dr. Keith Makinson at the British Antarctic Survey and later confirmed by images taken by the European Space Agency's (ESA's) Sentinel-1A satellite. Since the iceberg is located in

Antarctica's quadrant A (A 象限)—the Bellingshausen/Weddell Sea region—and is the 76th one named by the US National Ice Center scientists, it was called A-76.

Researchers say that periodic (周期性的) calving of icebergs like A-76 is a part of an ice shelf's normal life span and most likely not related to climate change. They conclude that the massive piece will drift (漂移) through the South Atlantic for several years before breaking into smaller pieces and melting. Since the iceberg has already replaced the water it will add to the ocean as it melts, it will not contribute to rising sea levels.

Though A-76 is undoubtedly larger than the existing record-holder—a 1,540-square-mile iceberg named A-23A that is still floating in the Weddell Sea, it is not the biggest iceberg in recorded history. That honor goes to B-15, which measured 4,200 square miles—about the size of the island of Jamaica—when it broke off Antarctica's Ross Ice Shelf in 2000.

32. What can we know about the Ronne Ice Shelf?

- A. It is like a finger in shape.
- B. It's a very extensive ice platform.
- C. It's the largest iceberg in history.
- D. Its surface area is over 1,660 square miles.

33. Which of the following can make sure A-76 exists?

- A. Antarctica's creatures.
- B. Dr. Keith Makinson's discovery.
- C. Pictures from Sentinel-1A satellite.
- D. The US National Ice Center scientists.

34. What does the underlined word "calving" mean in the third paragraph?

- A. Breaking.
- B. Finding.
- C. Disappearing.
- D. Forming.

35. What can we infer from the last paragraph?

- A. A-76 will become water soon.
- B. A-76 is smaller than A-23A.
- C. A-23A can still be seen now.
- D. B-15 can still be seen now.

第二节 (共5小题;每小题2分,满分10分)

仔细阅读下列短文,从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

One of the questions commonly asked during a job interview is, "What are your goals for the future?" It's a good way for employers to determine if your career goals are a good fit for the company. Plus, it helps hiring managers make sure that you actually have some goals.

36. You don't need to know exactly where you're planning to be in five years, but you need to be pointed in some direction.

37. As you know, new hires are expensive to train. So if you resign in a hurry, they'll be right back at square one (起点).

The most successful candidates are the ones whose aims are in line with those of the organization, even if they don't plan to spend their entire career working for the same employer, 38. But it's important to convey that your career goals are consistent with the company's path.

The best way to respond to interview questions about your goals for the future is to focus on the position and the company you are interviewing with. 39. Knowing about the company's culture and business practices will help you emphasize your ability to solve their problems.

Don't discuss your personal goals outside of work, such as having a family or traveling around the world, in response to this question. This information is not relevant and could knock you out of the opportunity for the job. 40

- A. Few employers expect lifetime commitment
- B. You should focus on your strong interest in the position at hand
- C. It will be a red flag if your goals have something to do with the job
- D. Employers want to be sure you won't move to another job right away
- E. This is why it's important to do your research before you arrive for the job interview
- F. In other words, your answer reveals whether you have ambition and some type of plan
- G. The employer is interested in what you'll look for in your next job but not in private life

### 第三部分 语言知识运用(共两节,满分 45 分)

#### 第一节 (共 20 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 30 分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

One late summer afternoon, Edward, a teenager, hung out with his friends. They swam in the 41 after a long day at school. They had water fights, swimming races, and 42 themselves.

Just as the 43 went down, when Edward was about to go home, his friend 44 him to go and swim in the deeper end of the pond. Edward knew some 45 facts about it. It had many different types of algae (藻类) and 46 water currents. Several people had 47 there as some rumors (谣言) said. Edward was wondering what to do next when other friends also dared him to 48 there.

Edward was about to say 49, but his friend said that he would give him something 50 if he did it. Edward declined the deal 51 and was ready to go home, but then the rest of his friends were chanting (反复喊), "SWIM, SWIM..." Edward 52 candy, even a tiny one would make him very 53. Also, he didn't want to be 54 in front of his friends. So he went into the deeper end. But as soon as he did this, he started 55. Edward could swim, but not that well. He yelled, "HELP..." His friends tried to come and 56 him, but they were too far away. Just when Edward's life seemed almost over, a



worker cleaning up the pond area came to his 57. He pulled Edward out of the pond by his shoulder. And he 58 Edward for attempting such a stupid dare.

Edward said he would never forget the 59 and that he would keep in mind that although swimming is fun, 60 comes first.

- |                       |                 |                  |                |
|-----------------------|-----------------|------------------|----------------|
| 11. A. river          | B. lake         | C. pond          | D. sea         |
| 12. A. lost           | B. enjoyed      | C. helped        | D. applied     |
| 13. A. wind           | B. star         | C. moon          | D. sun         |
| 14. A. opposed        | B. ordered      | C. dared         | D. persuaded   |
| 15. A. worrying       | B. exciting     | C. disappointing | D. confusing   |
| 16. A. fine           | B. unusual      | C. small         | D. unimportant |
| 17. A. lived          | B. traveled     | C. swam          | D. died        |
| 18. A. walk           | B. swim         | C. run           | D. drive       |
| 19. A. no             | B. hello        | C. thanks        | D. sorry       |
| 20. A. cheap          | B. beautiful    | C. long          | D. sweet       |
| 21. A. carefully      | B. immediately  | C. easily        | D. essentially |
| 22. A. loved          | B. bought       | C. made          | D. sold        |
| 23. A. surprised      | B. puzzled      | C. happy         | D. angry       |
| 24. A. mouth-watering | B. hard-working | C. underdog      | D. scaredy-cat |
| 25. A. running        | B. laughing     | C. drowning      | D. crying      |
| 26. A. excuse         | B. save         | C. support       | D. defeat      |
| 27. A. rescue         | B. home         | C. school        | D. friend      |
| 28. A. praised        | B. sympathized  | C. scolded       | D. forgave     |
| 29. A. lesson         | B. word         | C. knowledge     | D. information |
| 30. A. instruction    | B. skill        | C. progress      | D. safety      |

第二节 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Breaking habits is hard. This is largely because we are constantly exposed to stimuli (刺激物), \_\_\_\_\_ take control of the reward-based learning system in our brains designed initially for \_\_\_\_\_ (survive). Reward-based learning, to put it 63 (simple), involves a trigger (诱因), followed by a behavior and a reward. These three components (trigger, behavior and reward) show up every time we do what we desire to do. And then we gradually have the habits.

So why can't we just control ourselves and decide to replace bad habits with good ones? 64 the fact that researchers show that the brain networks associated with self-control are the first to go "offline" when \_\_\_\_\_ (face) with triggers such as stress, the doctrine (学说) of self-control \_\_\_\_\_ (know) for decades. When I was in medical school, I was taught to pass self-control speech on to my patients. "Need to lose weight? Don't eat junk food. Try to quit \_\_\_\_\_ (smoke)? Stop it and use a nicotine replacement."

When I started actually practicing medicine, however, I quickly learned that it is impractical in real life. Self-control theories have missed something 08 (critic); reward-based learning is based on rewards, not behaviors. How rewarding a behavior drives how likely we are '8 (repeat) that behavior in the future, and this is why self-control as \_\_\_\_\_ approach to breaking habits often fails.

#### 第四部分 写作(共两节,满分 35 分)

##### 第一节 短文改错(共 10 小题;每小题 1 分,满分 10 分)

假定英语课上老师要求同桌之间交换修改作文,请你修改你同桌写的以下作文。文中共有 10 处语言错误,每句中最多有两处。每处错误仅涉及一个单词的增加、删除或修改。

增加:在缺词处加一个漏字符号(∧),并在其下面写出该加的词。

删除:把多余的词用斜线(\)划掉。

修改:在错的词下划一横线,并在该词下面写出修改后的词。

注意:1. 每处错误及其修改均仅限一词;

2. 只允许修改 10 处,多者(从第 11 处起)不计分。

Dear Tom,

I am extreme sorry that I can't go to Beijing by you next weekend. I want you to know what had happened.

Yesterday your friend Li Ming called me, who went to Germany two years before. He told me that he would return next Saturday and ask me to pick him up at the airport. We haven't seen each other for two year. I hope you can accept my apology and understand me. It would be better if you allow me show you around a city another day. Once again, I'm sorry for any inconvenient.

Yours,  
Li Hua

##### 第二节 书面表达(满分 25 分)

作为一名高三学生,减轻压力显得特别重要。请你以“*How to relieve pressure*”为题,给校英文报写一篇短文,内容包括:

1. 产生压力的原因与其影响;
2. 缓解压力的方法;

注意:1. 词数 100 左右;2. 题目已为你写好。

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# 高三英语考试参考答案

## 听力部分录音材料

听力部分。该部分分为第一、第二两节。

注意：做题时，先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后，你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

停顿 00'10"

现在是听力试音时间。

M: Hello. International Friends Club. Can I help you?

W: Oh, hello. I read about your club in the paper today and I thought I'd phone to find out a bit more.

M: Yes, certainly. Well, we are a sort of social club for people from different countries. It's quite a new club we have about 50 members at the moment, but we are growing all the time.

W: That sounds interesting. I'm British actually, and I came to Washington about three months ago. I'm looking for ways to meet people. Er, what kinds of events do you organize?

M: Well, we have social get-togethers, and sports events, and we also have language evenings.

W: Could you tell me something about the language evenings?

M: Yes. Every day except Thursday we have a language evening. People can come and practice their languages you know, over a drink or something. We have different languages on different evenings. Monday—Spanish; Tuesday—Italian; Wednesday—German; and Friday—French. On Thursday we usually have a meal in a restaurant for anyone who wants to come.

W: Well, that sounds great. I really need to practice my French.

M: OK. Well, if you can just give me your name and address, I'll send you the form and some more information. If you join now you can have the first month free.

试音到此结束。

听力考试正式开始。

停顿 00'10"

请看听力部分第一节。

第一节

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后，你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

停顿 00'02"

例如：现在你有 5 秒钟的时间看试卷上的例题。

停顿 00'05"

你将听到以下内容：

M: Excuse me. Can you tell me how much the shirt is?

W: Yes, it's nine fifteen.

停顿 00'02"

你将有 5 秒钟的时间将正确答案标在试卷上。

停顿 00'05"

衬衫的价格为 9 镑 15 便士，所以你选择 C 项，并将其标在试卷上。

现在，你有 5 秒钟的时间阅读第 1 小题的有关内容。

停顿 00'05"

(Text 1)

关注北京高考在线官方微信，北京高考资讯(微信号:bjgkzx)，获取更多试题资料及排名分析信息。

M: Hi, Martin. I'm Andy. How do you do?

(Text 2)

W: Is there any chance of borrowing your typewriter?

M: Of course, you can use it at any time.

(Text 3)

M: Excuse me, do you have a room available?

W: Let me see. Yes, we still have four rooms left.

M: Well, I would like to book a single room.

(Text 4)

M: Could I change these pounds for dollars?

W: Do you want small bills or large?

M: Small bills, please.

(Text 5)

M: Hey, Sarah, I'm going to go abroad during the break.

W: Nice. Where do you want to go?

M: Greece, I think. I need to apply for a passport and visa ahead of time because they need time.

第一节到此结束。

第二节

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听下面一段对话,回答第 6 和第 7 两个小题。现在,你有 10 秒钟的时间阅读这两个小题。

(Text 6)

M: Where did you go yesterday?

W: I went to play tennis in the park. Do you like playing tennis?

M: I seldom play tennis. I prefer football and basketball.

W: Do you like watching football matches?

M: Yes. I went to the new sports center for a football match last Sunday.

W: Oh, I watched it on television. It was an exciting match.

听下面一段对话,回答第 8 和第 9 两个小题。现在,你有 10 秒钟的时间阅读这两个小题。

(Text 7)

W: Hi, honey. You look excited. Any good news?

M: Yes, I'm glad to tell you that I'll go to London for business next week. I have never been there before.

W: Wow! Wonderful!

M: Tell me what you want.

W: Maybe a handbag? Oh, no. I think a hat is OK.

M: No problem. Do you think what our daughter wants me to buy?

W: Annie would like some chocolate.

M: Where is she?

W: Now she should be returning books borrowed last month. She will be back at about 5:30.

M: Well, I would like to ask her myself.

听下面一段对话,回答第 10 至第 12 三个小题。现在,你有 15 秒钟的时间阅读这三个小题。

(Text 8)

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W: Italy? Why? Daddy, you said you loved Paris.

M: Mary, it's just that I found a new job there.

W: Let me come with you, please.

M: You can't speak Italian. How would you expect to go to school?

W: I'll learn Italian. I'll learn faster than anyone else.

M: No, I'm looking out for your future. It's time that you should learn to be independent and take responsibility for yourself. You will live with your cousins this year until your studies are complete. Go back to your school and make us proud.

W: What if I miss you?

M: We'll miss you, too, Mary. You can call us or chat on the Internet.

W: Can I go there next summer vacation?

M: Certainly, and I'll lead you to travel around Venice.

W: OK, don't worry about me. I'm determined to stay here to continue to study hard.

听下面一段对话, 回答第 13 至第 16 四个小题。现在, 你有 20 秒钟的时间阅读这四个小题。

(Text 9)

W: I want to buy a pair of running shoes. Maybe LI-NING.

M: Why do you need running shoes? You aren't a runner.

W: But I exercise at the club. And I use the running machine. So I need good running shoes.

M: There are different kinds of LI-NING shoes though. You don't have to buy an expensive one.

W: I want the best. My sister often says good shoes are very important. They support my feet.

M: Yes, that's it.

W: I wonder if they have my size.

M: Well, we can wait for the assistant to help us, or we can look through the boxes down here. What's your size?

W: Here in China, it's 37.

M: Well, here you are. Size 37, Woman's, 400 yuan. Wow, what a waste of money!

W: A little expensive. Let me try them on.

M: ANTA and PEAK shoes are on sale. You can try this pair.

W: Thank you. These are comfortable. How much are these ANTA shoes?

M: Look at the price. That's exactly half the price of those LI-NING shoes.

W: The price sounds reasonable. I'd like to buy ANTA.

听下面一段独白, 回答第 17 至第 20 四个小题。现在, 你有 20 秒钟的时间阅读这四个小题。

(Text 10)

M: When I was a little child, I was so naughty that I always did something that made my parents angry. They always educated me, but I never listened to them. My parents always told me to be careful when I went out. However, all I thought was that they were too strict with me. But I changed one day. That day, on my way home, when I got to the crossing, the light was red, but there was no car crossing the road. So I went across the road before the light turned green. At that moment, a car rushed towards me. I was suddenly scared, so that I couldn't move but stood still. Luckily, the driver stopped the car in time and I didn't get hurt. But I did get scared. I couldn't imagine what would have happened if the car didn't stop in time. I told my parents what I experienced. At first, they blamed me as usual, but then comforted me patiently. I knew I was wrong. After the mistake, I finally knew that all they said was really meaningful to me. I was much more careful and I listened to my parents.

第 3 页 北京高考在线官方微信: [北京高考资讯\(微信号:bjgkzx\)](#), 获取更多试题资料及排名分析信息。

现在,你有一分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

听力部分到此结束。

### 试题答案

听力:

1~5 CBABA 6~10 BBCAC 11~15 ACCAB 16~20 ABACC

阅读理解:

21~23 BDC

A篇:本文是应用文。文章主要介绍了 HSN 招聘几个志愿者职位的相关情况。

21. B 【解析】细节理解题。文章第一句就提到了 HSE 是一个非营利性组织,它旨在为所有英语学习者创建一个免费的在线英语学习平台,即帮助他们。

22. D 【解析】细节理解题。文章 Administrative Assistant 部分提到了只要求志愿者懂英语,其余都提到了要懂中英文。

23. C 【解析】细节理解题。文章 Editor 部分提到,编辑将根据经理的要求用中文或英文撰写、润色和校对文本。

24~27 DBAC

B篇:本文是记叙文。作者的大儿子沉迷于游戏,因此经常熬夜,作者对此深恶痛绝。于是,他想到了一个办法,要想玩游戏就得赚时间。

24. D 【解析】细节理解题。根据第二段和第三段的内容可知,Hunter 沉迷于电子游戏。

25. B 【解析】推理判断题。根据第五段中 It's not that I'm against video games; I am just against playing them every waking moment at the expense of exercise 可知,作者不反对玩游戏,但不能以牺牲健康为代价。由此推断,作者对于游戏的态度较为客观。

26. A 【解析】推理判断题。根据最后一段中 It never occurred to him that running was giving him a sense of purpose 可知,跑步使 Hunter 找到了人生的意义。由此推断,最终 Hunter 认为跑步是有益的。

27. C 【解析】主旨大意题。文章讲述了 Hunter 从沉迷游戏到爱上跑步的过程。

28~31 ACAD

C篇:本文是新闻报道。文章报道了美国 Eleven Madison Park 的一家餐馆转型为素食餐馆的故事。

28. A 【解析】细节理解题。根据第二段最后一句可知,Epicurious 不刊登含有牛肉的食谱是因为在牛肉生产过程中会产生大量的温室气体。

29. C 【解析】推理判断题。根据第二段第二句 I've made the decision... in which we do not use any animal products 可知,Daniel 是素食主义倡导者。

30. A 【解析】推理判断题。根据第三段第二句可知,Humm 很有信心。

31. D 【解析】细节理解题。根据第一段及最后一段最后一句可知,这家饭店以后不卖烤鸭了。

32~35 BCAC

D篇:本文是说明文。南极洲被冰山包围,然而,人们最近发现了从 Ronne 冰架西侧松动的冰块。

32. B 【解析】细节理解题。文章第一段第二句提到 Ronne 冰架是世界上最广阔冰质平台之一。

33. C 【解析】细节理解题。文章第二段第一句提到欧洲航天局(ESA)的 Sentinel-1A 卫星拍摄的图像可以证实 A-76 的存在。

34. A 【解析】词义猜测题。根据画线词这句话的意思可知,既然是形成冰块,那么这里就应该是指冰山断裂了。

35. C 【解析】推理判断题。文章最后一段第一句说到一座名为 A-23A 的冰山仍漂浮在威德尔海,由此可知人们现在还可以看到冰山 A-23A。

36~40 FDAEG

七选五:本文是说明文。文章探讨了关于如何回答面试官的问题这一话题。

36. 【解析】考查动词的过去分词形式。根据空格前的 the answer 可知,此处应填一个过去分词作定语,修饰 answer。选项中只有 E 项符合。

69. to repeat 【解析】考查非谓语。考查固定搭配 be likely to do ...

70. an 【解析】考查冠词。self-control 是改掉习惯的一种方法,表泛指。

短文改错:

Dear Tom,

I am extreme sorry that I can't go to Beijing by you next weekend. I want you to know what ~~had~~ had or had happened.  
extremely with has

Yesterday your friend Li Ming called me, who went to Germany two years before. He told me that he would return next Saturday and ask me to pick him up at the airport. We haven't seen each other for two year. I hope you can accept my apology and understand me. It would be better if you allow me to show you around a city another day. Once again, I'm sorry for any inconvenient.  
my ago to  
asked  
years  
the inconvenience

Yours,  
Li Hua

71. extreme—extremely 【解析】考查副词。extremely 副词修饰形容词 sorry。

72. by—with 【解析】考查介词。“和某人一起……”用 with。

73. 去掉 happened 前面的 had 或 had 改为 has 【解析】考查时态。happened 是指过去某个时间,或是现在完成时,对现在有影响。

74. your—my 【解析】考查代词。根据文意可知,此处应用 my。

75. before ago 【解析】考查副词。before 作副词,表示“以前”,单独使用,用于现在完成时。

76. ask—asked 【解析】考查动词。通过句意与句子结构可知,asked 与 told 并列,在句中作谓语。

77. year—years 【解析】考查名词。two years 要用复数形式。

78. show 前加 to 【解析】考查不定式。allow sb to do sth“允许某人做某事”。

79. a—the 【解析】考查冠词。此处指上文提到的城市——北京,所以是特指,用 the。

80. inconvenient—inconvenience 【解析】考查名词。for any inconvenience 表示“不便之处”。

书面表达:

命题立意:本题要求考生写一篇短文,关于如何减轻高三的压力。该题的情境设置合理,贴近高三学生的日常生活与学习。

参考范文:

### How to relieve pressure

High school seniors are facing all kinds of pressures, which come from teachers, parents and even ourselves. This is likely to seriously affect our studies, and even affect our physical and mental health. It is particularly important for students to relieve pressure.

There are many ways to reduce stress. Firstly, we should adjust ourselves to the pressures. As long as we work hard, we will have no regrets. Secondly, we should communicate with classmates, teachers and parents more often. Finally, We need to do proper exercise, which is also a fantastic way to reduce stress.

It is unrealistic to thoroughly escape from pressure. Only in appropriate ways can we properly deal with pressure.

(一)评分原则:

1. 本题总分为 25 分,按 5 个档次给分。

2. 评分时,先根据文章的内容和语言初步确定其所属档次,然后以该档次的要求来衡量,确定或调整档次,最后给分。

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4. 评分时应注意的主要内容:内容要点、应用词汇和语法结构的丰富性和准确性及上下文的连贯性。

5. 拼写与标点符号是语言准确性的一个方面。评分时应视其对交际的影响程度予以考虑。英、美拼写及词汇用法均可接受。

6. 如书写较差以致影响交际,可将分数降低一个档次。

## (二) 评分标准:

第五档(21—25分):完全完成了试题规定的任务,完全达到了预期的写作目的。

——覆盖所有内容要点。

——应用了较多的语法结构和词汇。

——语法结构或词汇方面有些许错误,但为尽力使用较复杂结构或较高级词汇所致;具备较强的语言运用能力。

——有效地使用了语句间的连接成分,使全文结构紧凑。

第四档(16—20分):完全完成了试题规定的任务,达到了预期的写作目的。

——虽漏掉一两个次重点,但覆盖所有主要内容。

——应用的语法结构和词汇能满足任务的要求。

——语法结构或词汇方面应用基本准确,些许错误主要是因尝试较复杂语法结构或词汇所致。

——应用简单的语句间的连接成分,使全文结构紧凑。

第三档(11—15分):基本完成了试题规定的任务,整体而言,基本达到了预期的写作目的。

——虽漏掉一些内容,但覆盖所有主要内容。

——应用的语法结构和词汇能满足任务的要求。

——有一些语法结构或词汇方面的错误,但不影响理解。

——应用简单的语句间的连接成分,使全文内容连贯。

第二档(6—10分):未恰当完成试题规定的任务,信息未能清楚地传达给读者。

——漏掉或未描述清楚一些主要内容,写了一些无关内容。

——语法结构单调,词汇知识有限。

——有一些语法结构或词汇方面的错误,影响了对写作内容的理解。

——较少使用语句间的连接成分,内容缺少连贯性。

第一档(1—5分):未完成试题规定的任务,信息未能传达给读者。

——明显遗漏主要内容,写了一些无关内容,原因可能是未理解试题要求。

——语法结构单调,词汇知识有限。

——较多语法结构或词汇方面的错误,影响对写作内容的理解。

——缺乏语句间的连接成分,内容不连贯。

不得分(0分):未能传达给读者任何信息;内容太少,无法评判;所写内容均与所要求内容无关或所写内容无法看清。