

绝密★使用完毕前

昌平区 2020-2021 学年第二学期高二年级期末质量抽测

英语试卷

本试卷共 8 页，共 100 分。考试时长 90 分钟。考生务必将答案答在答题卡上，在试卷上作答无效。考试结束后，将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。

第一部分、知识运用 (共两节，30 分)

第一节：完形填空 (共 10 小题；每小题 1.5 分，共 15 分)

阅读下面短文，掌握其大意，从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

记叙文：312 词/311 词 (北京 2020 高考)，3 个名词，4 个动词，2 个形容词，1 个副词。
讲述一个低调救人的好心人故事。

Jonathan Bauer is afraid of heights, but that didn't stop him from jumping off a 1 to save a little girl's life.

On May 2, Bauer and his teenage daughter Ava were 2 in a serious five-car crash on the bridge over Maryland Bay. After making sure Ava was okay, Bauer got out of his car to see if anyone needed 3. He saw a girl struggling in the water, her arms moving, legs 4.

Searching the water for nearby boats that might be able to help, Bauer found none close by. He yelled to his daughter to bring the first firefighter or doctor she saw. Then he 5 took off his shoes and didn't 6 to jump off.

He swam to the girl, lifted her over his shoulder and patted her back until she started to cough. Moments later, doctors arrived. After pulling Bauer and the girl to safety, they 7 the pair to hospital.

When the girl got proper treatment, Bauer quietly walked away without asking for 8 for his brave actions. Even after the report of the incident went 9, he still tried to keep quiet, preferring to remain an unknown Samaritan (好心人).

Jonathan is truly a(n) 10 hero and that's what makes this even more special than it already was.

- | | | | | |
|----|---------------|------------------|----------------------------------------------|---------------|
| 1. | A. car | B. boat | C. bridge | D. bus |
| 2. | A. saved | B. stuck | C. examined | D. recognized |
| 3. | A. recovery | B. understanding | C. attention | D. help |
| 4. | A. kicking | B. lifting | C. stretching | D. crossing |
| | | | To make sth. longer,
wider or looser | |
| 5. | A. slowly | B. simply | C. gradually | D. carefully |
| 6. | A. hesitate | B. manage | C. intend | D. regret |
| 7. | A. directed | B. followed | C. forced | D. rushed |
| | | | To take sb.
somewhere with
great haste | |
| 8. | A. permission | B. preparation | C. appreciation | D. suggestion |
| 9. | A. wrong | B. public | C. rare | D. special |

10. A. energetic B. honest C. humble 不超纲 D. cautious
/modest 超纲词

第二节：语法填空（共 10 小题；每小题 1.5 分，共 15 分）

阅读下面 3 段短文，在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

266 词/246 词

(1) (记叙文，人物故事)

Born in Pakistan in 1997, Malala lived a quiet life until 2009, when a terrorist group 11 (take) control of her village. They didn't allow girls 12 (go) to school, but Malala didn't agree. She wouldn't give up her 13 (educate) and started to write a blog against the group. She also spoke publicly about children's rights. In 2014, Malala won the Nobel Peace Prize 14 the age of 17 for her bravery and struggles for children's rights.

(2) (说明文，自然界里的天气预报)

Nature has its own way to forecast the weather. Unusual animal behavior, for example, can indicate whether it's cold weather on the way or a hot period. If fish are jumping 15 (high) than usual, it may rain. It is also said 16 dogs avoiding the beach may be a sign that a tsunami is approaching. Of course, 17 **although/though/while** these things may suggest something bad is going to happen, they won't tell us when and where. So, for reliable predictions, it's best to check an official, scientific report.

(3) (论说文，有关智商与情商的研究。96 词，来自于教材)

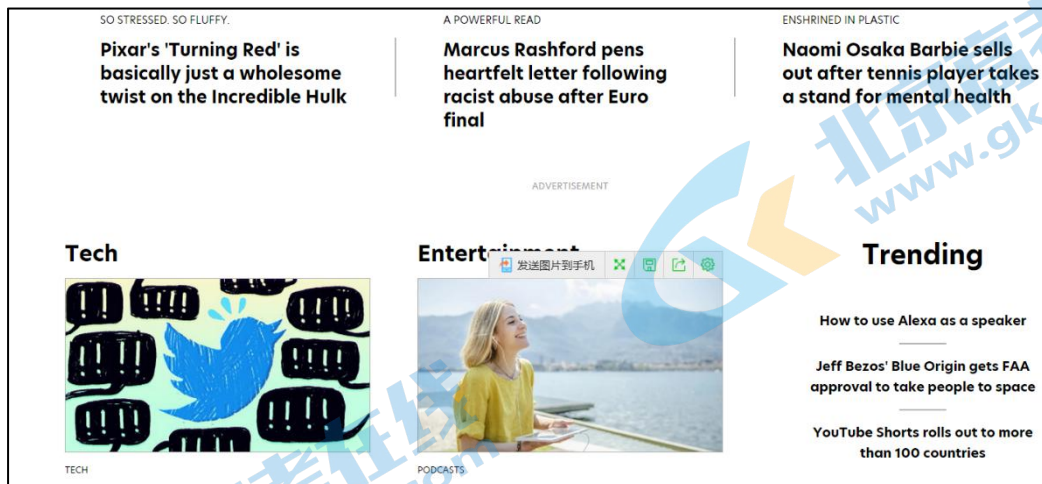
Professor Mayer, recognized as a leading expert in the study of people's EQs, recently announced the results of a study on senior secondary school students. When students were introduced to those 18 had disabilities, they found that, afterwards, the non-disabled students were more willing to help people with difficulties. 19 (compare) to students who had not been in the study, they also showed a better understanding of the disabled students' feelings. There was also an obvious change in the disabled students' attitudes. They 20 (become) **became**/ more positive about life and more willing to try new things.

第二部分、阅读理解 (共两节，38 分)

第一节 (共 14 小题；每小题 2 分，共 28 分)

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。阅读总量为 1883 词/2025 词，较 2020 高考少 142 词。

A (304 词，应用文，电动牙刷的推销广告，来自于 www.Marshable.com)



An electric toothbrush may have once been quite the investment, but that's no longer the case. These gadgets can do wonders for your oral health and are more affordable than ever — especially during this early Black Friday sale. Using the coupon code we provide, you can knock an extra 15% off the sale price of every item at lease on this list to get a dentist-quality toothbrush for a bargain.



Platinum Sonic Toothbrush and UV Sanitizing Charging Base

If you don't plan on bringing your brush on trips very often, choose this version that comes with a UV sanitizing charging base instead. At 40,000 strokes per minute, you can achieve next-level clean with the Platinum Sonic which comes with two brush heads and **features three brushing modes.** (21 题) Add the code SAVE15NOV at checkout to drop the price down to just \$42.49 (regularly \$259).

AquaSonic Brush Monsters AR Toothbrush

Your kids will actually have fun brushing their teeth with this AquaSonic Brush Monsters AR Toothbrush. It's the first toothbrush to combine reality through an **easy-to-use educational app.** By brushing daily, your kids will save the "Monster Family" from the bad Green Mold. Get it for \$22.94 (regularly \$299) with the coupon code SAVE15NOV.

IONPA DH: Home ION Power Electric Toothbrush

The IONPA DH Electric Toothbrush's advanced technology breaks the bond between your saliva and plaque, making it easier to brush away. It features 26,000 brush strokes per minute, and a smart timer for better brush habits. Get it for \$39.94 (regularly \$59) with the code SAVE15NOV.

IONPA DM: Portable Ionic Electric Toothbrush

If you're looking for something portable and easy to carry, you can't go wrong with the IONPA DM Toothbrush. (22 题) Despite its small size, it still features 22,000 strokes per minute. Using the coupon code SAVE15NOV, you can get it for \$28.04 (regularly \$39).

21. Platinum Sonic Toothbrush is special for its _____.

- A. small size
- B. smart timer
- C. educational app
- D. three brushing modes

22. People going for traveling very often are more likely to choose the _____ toothbrush.
A. Platinum Sonic B. IONPA DM C. AquaSonic D. IONPA DH
23. The purpose of this passage is to _____.
A. share a technology B. promote the products
C. compare the brushes D. introduce a coupon code

B (401 词, 记叙文, 一个鞋商在盈利的同时, 如何帮助他人的故事)

Blake Mycoskie is a businessman. He set up his first business when he was still at college. Three more businesses later, still only 29 years old and feeling a little burned out from work, Mycoskie decided to take a break for a while, and headed down to Argentina for some rest and relaxation. (24 题)



But rest isn't really part of a businessman's make-up, and it wasn't long before Mycoskie had hit on another idea, one that would come to define him as perhaps the world's best-known social businessman.

On a visit to a village, he was shocked to see that many of the children didn't have any shoes; or if they did, the shoes were badly worn. Since shoes—particularly the local farmers' canvas (帆布) shoe, the alpargata—are relatively cheap in Argentina, Mycoskie's first idea was to set up a charity to donate shoes to the children. But after giving it some thought, he realized that this probably wouldn't work: the shoes would quickly wear out, and if he asked people to donate repeatedly every time more shoes were needed, their sympathy for the cause might also soon wear out.

So he came up with the idea of TOMS: One for One shoes. He would take the alpargata to America, produce it, and sell it as a high-end fashion item at around \$50 a pair. Quite a lot for a canvas shoe you might say, but for each pair he sold, another pair would be donated to village children. That way he could guarantee a continuing supply and also run the project as a business rather than as a charity.

His plan was carried out (25 题) and soon his product was getting high satisfaction ratings from customers. Ten years on and with revenues of \$392 million a year, the business is developing, supplying shoes not only to children in Argentina but also other parts of the world.

But is the one-for-one model repeatable with other products? TOMS is a for-profit business, but for a long time it didn't show a profit. Now he is conscious that "giving" alone is not the answer, and that educating people to improve their own lives is the real key. Yet he still loves TOMS: One for One, calling it his "greatest hit." And why shouldn't he? It has made a difference to millions of poor children around the world and brought him great satisfaction.

24. Blake Mycoskie went to Argentina just to _____. (核心信息)
A. take a short break
B. do a voluntary work
C. meet the local people
D. set up a new business
25. Mycoskie helped the local children by _____. (主要事件)
A. calling on people to donate
B. designing a new type of shoes

- C. running a One for One shoes project
 - D. replacing the worn-out shoes with new ones
26. According to the passage, which words can best describe Mycoskie? (人物性格归纳)
- A. Brave and generous.
 - B. **Creative** and caring.
 - C. Talented and outgoing.
 - D. Independent and calm.

C (310 词; 论说文, 面试时的用词选择问题)

<https://www.rdasia.com/true-stories-lifestyle/thought-provoking/one-word-you-should-never>

[-ever-say-job-interview](#)

Preparing for a job interview can be stressful: what do you wear? What questions will they ask you? Not to mention that, **no matter how much you prepare, your interviewer's first impression of you could be tarnished the moment you say a single word.** (27 题)

Surprisingly, **the word** is not “like” or “honestly” (though you should probably be careful about those, too). The word is “actually.”

Used properly, the word “actually” represents a contradiction. For instance, take the famous movie line “love actually is all around”: the speaker is contradicting those who think that it's not. It can also be used to justify something: “That movie was awful, huh?” “Actually, I really liked it.” (30 题)

You may wonder what harm a commonly used word like that could possibly do. However, we often don't use it that way. When used a certain way, saying “actually” can instantly make you seem less reliable. *Dictionary.com* says that we use it as a “crutch word,” a word “that we slip into sentences in order to give ourselves more time to think.” Since using it this way adds emphasis rather than meaning, it automatically suggests that whatever you're saying can't stand on its own. *Southern Living* claims that **the word makes listeners “subconsciously... question if there's more unspoken information.”** (28 题)

Take this example: imagine you're in a job interview, and your interviewer asks, “What was your last full-time job?” You reply, “I actually worked at *Reader's Digest*.” The word doesn't contradict or justify anything in the question, so there's no reason for you to say it at all.

And it's not just job interviews: *Southern Living* suggests that **you stay away from this word completely. If you're not using it to actively contradict something, and it's just adding meaningless stuff to your sentence, avoid it.** (29 题) No longer relying on a “crutch word”, your statement will have more attraction.

27. The underlined word “tarnished” in paragraph 1 means _____. (词义推测)
- A. corrected
 - B. improved
 - C. damaged
 - D. ignored
28. When you use “actually”, interviewers tend to think you _____. (核心信息)
- A. have no words to say
 - B. need more time to think
 - C. may be more dependable
 - D. may hide some information

29. What's the *Southern Living's* attitude to using the word "actually"? (态度观点)
A. Disapproving. B. Fearful. C. Supportive. D. Uncertain.
30. Which is a proper use of "actually" in a job interview according to the passage? (情境代入)
A. —Why do you choose our company?
—Actually because of your good reputation.
B. —How do you describe your personality?
—Actually I'm responsible and cooperative.
C. —What do you expect from the job?
—Actually I hope to get more experience.
D. —What do you think of being a nurse?
—Actually I love it though some think it's tiring.

D (388 词, 论说文, 人类记忆错误信息的原由)

Even if we used to know the truth, our brains can start repeating false information that is against the facts.

Our brains are wired to believe information automatically – even if it's false – because it helps us learn efficiently. "In many instances it's a useful skill for us to accept what people tell us, because often what people tell us is true," (32 题) says David Rapp, PhD, a psychology and education professor at Northwestern University in Illinois, US.

When we hear new information, those fresh facts don't override what we already knew before. Instead, **both the new and old information live together in our minds**. (31 题) A few factors determine which one we'll draw on when the situation comes up.

Oftentimes, we'll quote (引用) the information we heard most recently – even if it's wrong. Because they're fresher in our minds, short-term memories are easier for our brains to access than facts we heard longer ago. We'd have to think back further to remember previous knowledge, so people will often ignore those facts in favour of new inaccurate information, says Dr Rapp, who recently published an article on recalling inaccurate information in the journal *Current Directions in Popular Science*. "Previous knowledge isn't difficult to recall, but it isn't as readily available," he says.

We are also used to buying into the facts that seem more believable. Often, this means they fit better with what we want to believe, which could explain why people quote such different facts in political debates. "Both candidates said something that was objectively true or not, but people would ignore that information and go with their hopes, wishes, or preferences because it goes along with what they hope to be true," says Dr Rapp.

You're especially unlikely to bother thinking critically about information when you're reading for pleasure, like with a novel or a WeChat status, because your brain is in the mindset of relaxing, not keeping an eye out for falsehood, says Dr Rapp.

With all that potentially false information overload, it's worth putting in the extra effort to double-check information that strikes you as doubtful. **Seek out reliable sources** that back up what they say with data, quotes and other evidence, says Dr Rapp. "With the ease that we **can look things up on the internet**, there's no reason not to," he says. (33 题)

31. According to the passage, when we get new information, _____ . 细节信息推理
A. our mind evaluates its reliability

- B. our previous knowledge is replaced
C. it stays together with previous knowledge
 D. we still believe in our previous knowledge
32. What can we learn from the passage? (推理判断)
 A. People mind accuracy when they read for pleasure.
 B. We vote for a candidate because what he says is true.
 C. Our short-term memory is more reliable when we quote.
D. Believing what people tell us often improves learning efficiency.
33. What does the author intend to tell us in the last paragraph? (归纳总结)
A. The methods of dealing with doubtful information.
 B. The results of believing in false information.
 C. The effect of overloaded information.
 D. The source of right information.
34. Which of the following is the best title for the passage? (主旨大意)
 A. Where do we find reliable information?
 B. How do we choose proper information?
C. Why do we remember false information?
 D. Whether should we believe fresh information?

第二节 (共 5 小题; 每小题 2 分, 共 10 分)

根据短文内容, 从短文后的七个选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。418 词/397 词, 多 21 词, 说明文, 线上办公的技术问题解决方式。来源于 the Wall Street Journal.

Those of us who can **work from home** (有单位, 短暂在家工作) **work at home** (在家办公, 自由职业者) are video chatting a lot. If you've got questions, I've got answers. (下面是原文中有关于冠状病毒的词汇, 修改时删除掉了)

425 词, 应再删减至少 30 词。⊕
 During the coronavirus crisis, those of us who can work from home are video chatting, a lot. If you've got questions, I've got answers. ⊕
 If your laptop gets loud or hot while chatting, remove any accessories and close applications. **Try disconnecting external displays or charger.** On some devices, they can cause temperatures to rise. It's good to close any unnecessary browser tabs.⊕
Can't hear anyone? You might be muted so unmute yourself. (No shame, I've made this mistake many times.) If you have a wireless headset or Bluetooth ear buds, make sure they're turned on and paired. Raise your laptop. Chin down isn't a good look. lift up your laptop on books or a book stand. Drink wine? Use two corks to lift the back corners of your computer. Face the light. **Make sure your window or lamp is in front of your face.** The hottest video-chat app right now is Zoom.

If your laptop gets loud or hot while chatting, **remove any accessories** and close applications.
 _____ 35 _____ On some devices, they can cause temperatures to rise, It's good to **close any unnecessary browser tabs.**

_____ 36 _____ You might be **muted,** so unmute yourself. If you have a wireless headset or Bluetooth ear buds, **make sure they're turned on and paired.**

Neck hurts or have sore eyes? Raise your laptop. 37 Lift up your laptop on books or a book stand. Drink wine? Use two corks to lift the back corners of your computer. Face the light. Make sure your window or lamp is in front of your face.

What is Zoom bombing and how do I stop it? There are a few effective ways for a host to avoid interruptions. First, in Settings or when you create a new meeting, choose to generate automatically. Don't use your Personal Meeting ID, with which anyone with your unique 10-digit number could join at any time. And always require a meeting passcode. Very important: 38 In the meeting, tap the Share Screen button and select Advanced Sharing Options. **Once the meeting has started and everybody you invited is in, you can lock the room from the More menu.**

Why do I look terrible on these calls? It's probably because you haven't gotten a haircut or put on makeup in a few weeks. For a quick fix, enable Touch Up My Appearance, which gives your video a silky, soft skin smoothing focus.

How do I hide my messy house from co-workers? Easy: When you're in a meeting, click on the down arrow next to the Start/Stop Video icon and select Choose Virtual Background. Download some fun meme-inspired backdrops at zoom.meetingbackgrounds.com. Just be aware, it doesn't work with all computers and operating-system versions.

My audio or video won't work. In preferences, click on the **Video tab** to preview your picture. 39 Before hosting or joining a meeting, test your audio and video at zoom.us/test.

- A. Chin down isn't a good look.
- B. Can't be heard or can't hear anyone?
- C. **Can't find a quiet place to work or study?**
- D. Try **disconnecting external** displays or charger. (文章中的黄色背景的超纲词没有处理, 是因为不影响理解或者上下文有线索提示)
- E. **You may put your possessions in a quite dangerous situation.**
- F. Make sure you are the only person who can share your screen.
- G. In the **Audio tab**, you can choose your preferred microphone source and speaker. 为了降低难度, 所有干扰项都与文章具体内容没有关系。

第三部分、 书面表达 (共两节, 32 分)

第一节: 阅读表达 (共 4 小题; 第 40、41 题各 2 分, 第 42 题 3 分, 第 43 题 5 分, 共 12 分)。

阅读下面短文, 根据文章内容及题目要求回答问题。332 词/362 词, 较去年高考少 60 词, 说明文, 就在考试中如何保持积极乐观的态度的描述, 符合学生的生活实际。

It is normal to feel worried and stressed during an exam period. **Exams show progress, and failing could mean falling behind in the same course or subject.** (40 题) That is why most people can understand your anxiety around the exam period. However, too much worrying could be the start of failure. Here are some tips to help you stay positive.

From attending classes to completing homework, the period leading to an exam is always a difficult process. This is why preparing well for the exam is key to ensure your efforts do not go fruitless. Going through practice questions beforehand never disappoints for any exam. For example, if

you are a physician preparing for the USMLE exams, you could check for the USMLE practice questions before the real exam time just to familiarize yourself with the exam. By so doing, you are more guided on how and where exactly to review.

Although some exams are important and could determine the future of your academic life, it cannot determine your whole life. You might have done a thorough revision but still, **the first paper ended up extremely tough for you. At this point, you can only keep a hopeful mind that the next one will be easier and that you will do better.** (41 题)

It can be really **motivating** for you to know that you have something positive coming up right **after going through a difficult exam time.** (42 题) Being able to plan for a trip or buy yourself a gift after an exam is awesome enough. The fact that you are able to face the exams should be encouraging enough and you should appreciate yourself for it.

Exams times are temporary(暂时的) and they are usually for a good course. In any case, you will only be dealing with the exams for a short time and so you should put all your time and energy there.

40. According to the passage, why is it understandable to be anxious around the exam period? (细节信息)

41. What does the author advise us to do when the first paper is rather difficult? (核心信息)

42. Please decide which part is false in the following statement, then underline it and explain why.

➤ *It is encouraging for you to know that something good will happen when you achieve expected results.*

43. Please briefly present your ways to stay positive during an exam period. (*In about 40 words*)

2 ways and explanations.

第二节：书面表达（20分）

关注传统文化与校园生活的结合，关注多个功能的结合。

1. 描述（时间与地点）。
2. 特定背景下的活动介绍。（开放与创新）
3. 邀请或欢迎。

假设你是红星中学高二学生李华，请你写封邮件，邀请你校外教 John Smith 参加你校**中华传统文化艺术节**的开幕式。邮件内容包括：

1. 时间、地点；
2. 活动内容；
3. 欢迎参加。

注意：1. 词数 100 左右；

2. 开头和结尾已给出，不计入总词数。

提示词： opening ceremony 开幕式

Dear Mr Smith,

*Yours,
Li Hua*

