

考生注意:

- 1.答题前,考生务必将自己的姓名、考生号填写在试卷和答题卡上,并将考生号条形码粘贴在答题卡上的指定位置。
- 2.回答选择题时,选出每小题答案后,用铅笔把答题卡对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动,用橡皮擦干净后,再选涂其他答案标号。回答非选择题时,将答案写在答题卡上。写在本试卷上无效。
- 3.考试结束后,将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。

第二部分阅读(共两节,满分 50 分)

第一节(共 15 小题;每小题 2.5 分,满分 37.5 分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中,选出最佳选项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

A

South Africa does have a calendar filled with more festivals than most people can think of. In fact, many of these festivals have won international popularity.

**Aardklop Arts Festival**

Every year during the last week of September, the southern region of the northwest province prepares itself for one of the country's greatest cultural festivals. Held in the university town of Potchefstroom with its thousands of students, it offers a five-day feast of classical music, jazz, hard rock, visual arts, poetry and more, ending with the "OppiAarde" rock festival on the final day.

**Grahamstown National Arts Festival**

At the end of June each year Grahamstown in the Eastern Cape is transformed into one huge happening for a period of 11 days, when the Grahamstown National Arts Festival gets underway. It's a national phenomenon of arts. The festival offers more than 500 shows from opera, drama and jazz to stand-up comics and folk music.

**Arts Alive International Festival**

The Arts Alive International Festival, held in Johannesburg every September since 1992, is an annual festival of music, dance, theatre and performance-poetry. Over 600 artists take part in the four-day festival, which consists of a musical feast, dance performances and events, poetry readings, theatrical productions, and workshops. The festival ends with the popular "Jazz on the Lake" held on the final day.

**Cape Town Jazz Festival**

Since its birth in the year 2000, the Cape Town Jazz Festival has grown into a successful international event. Arguably the best jazz festival in Africa, it takes place in Cape Town every last weekend in March. It features

around 40 international and local artists. Performances are held on stages in exhibition halls throughout Cape Town, including one free , open-air show.

21. Which festival lasts the shortest?

A. Aardklop Arts Festival.

B. Cape Town Jazz Festival.

C. Arts Alive International Festival.

D. Grahamstown National Arts Festival.

22. Where should you go to enjoy "Jazz on the Lake"?

A. Potchefstroom.

B. Grahamstown.

C. Johannesburg.

D. Cape Town.

23. What can visitors do at all of the four festivals?

A. Enjoy music.

B. Taste cuisine.

C. Appreciate drama.

D. Experience local customs.

### B

In October, Mediterranean fruit flies were discovered in an area of Los Angeles. California is a big farming state, and this was serious news for farmers. The Mediterranean fruit fly, often known as the "Medfly", is one of the most serious threats faced by farmers worldwide. Once the Medfly makes its way into an area, it can be very hard to get rid of.

The flies lay their eggs in over 300 kinds of fruits and vegetables. When the eggs hatch, they turn into worm-like larvae (幼虫) that can ruin these products. The problem is that it can be hard to know that the flies are there until it's too late. That's because the fruits and vegetables still look normal even after the eggs are laid inside. So the damaged fruits and vegetables can be sent to other places, allowing the Medflies to spread.

Mediterranean fruit flies were first found in California in 1975, but they really became a problem in the 1980s. Luckily, California has developed a program to control the Medflies. The program involves using planes to drop millions of Medflies over the area. That may sound like a bad idea, but it's actually a tricky way to make sure that Medfly numbers go down.

The trick? The airplanes only drop male flies, and all of them have been treated so that they are sterile. This means that even though they can mate with female fruit flies, the eggs produced will never grow or hatch.

In the early growing stages, these sterile flies are grown in labs in Hawaii and Guatemala. The insects are colored with a special substance to make sure they won't be confused with wild Medflies.

These immature insects are then sent to California in huge numbers - around 200 million a week. They're raised until they're adults, and then they're treated to be sterile. Finally, the flies are released from airplanes, using a special method designed to spread them out over a wide area. The government says that the number of infestations (times when flies are found) has been cut by over 90%.

24. What troubles farmers about the Medflies?

- A. The wide spread of them. B: The instant damage caused by them.  
C. The difficulty in detecting them early. D. The strong team spirit of them.

25. The underlined word “sterile” in paragraph 4 most probably means “\_\_\_\_\_”.

- A. hard to get along with B. difficult to see in the wild  
C. unlikely to become fully grown D. unable to produce young

26. Why are the male flies colored?

- A. To make them distinguishable. B. To make them more attractive.  
C. To shorten their treatment process. D. To speed up their growth.

27. Which can best describe the program conducted in California?

- A. Practical and successful. B. Complex and inapplicable.  
C. Eco-friendly but fruitless. D. Time-saving but dangerous.

C

If your boss yells, blames you, and then takes the credit for your work—even it is a rare incident—it can have a bad effect on your well-being and performance at the workplace.

“Thankfully, abusive leadership isn't too common, but when it happens it leaves employees far less likely to take the initiative and work to improve business practices,” said Howie Xu, an author of a new study carried out by an international group of researchers. “We wanted to understand the cognitive factors behind that effect—and find out how companies can protect their employees from the negative impact of bad bosses.”

Xu's team surveyed employees and supervisors from 42 different South Korean companies, along with hundreds of US students, to explore the ways in which abusive supervision impacts “taking charge” behavior by employees. Subjects were then ranked according to whether they actively seek positive opportunities for promotion and advancement or take a more preventative approach that prioritizes safety and job security.

“We theorized that both the drive to obtain rewards (promotion, bonuses) and the drive to avoid punishments (maintain job security) would shape the way employees respond to abusive bosses,” Xu explained. But that's not what Xu and his team found. Rather, they found that employees who prioritized career advancement were strongly affected by abusive leadership while employees who prioritized job security remained just as likely to take charge after experiencing abusive leadership.

One possible explanation, Xu said, is that ambitious employees may think an abusive boss has direct control over whether they will receive bonuses or opportunities for promotion. By contrast, bad bosses may be seen as having less direct control over fringe decisions, which often require ratification (批准) by HR teams or more senior managers.

That's an important finding, because it suggests that organizations seeking to lessen the impact of bad leadership should focus on giving power to employees and making them feel valued and appreciated, rather than simply apologizing and making them feel sure that their jobs are safe.

28. What do Howio Xu' 8 words in paragraph 2 suggest?

- A. It's urgent for companies to replace their bad bosses.
- B. Companies should perfect their staff evaluation system.
- C. Becoming a victim of abusive leadership is very normal.
- D. Abusive leadership lowers employees' work enthusiasm.

29. What conclusion can be drawn from paragraph 4?

- A. The finding had a solid theory foundation.
- B. The finding was beyond the study team's expectations.
- C. Employees tend to put potential rewards before everything else.
- D. Employees generally hold an unfriendly attitude toward abusive bosses.

30. What should organizations primarily do if the employees were abused?

- A. Give them suitable recognition.
- B. Guarantee them job security.
- C. Seek help from professionals.
- D. Make a sincere apology to them.

31. What is the best title for the text?

- A. It's Possible to Keep a Bad Boss at Bay
- B. It's Important to Avoid Becoming a Bad Boss
- C. Having a Bad Boss May Make You a Worse Employee
- D. Having Bad HR Teams Keeps You Away from Job Satisfaction

#### D

Leather fabrics can be pricey- -so a cut in a favorite jacket or purse might be upsetting. But what if tom leather could repair itself? That can't happen today. But it might one day- -if that jacket is fashioned from a specially prepared fungus(真菌).

Most leather comes from animal hides. But researchers in Newcastle, England have just fashioned theirs from mycelia(菌丝) that normally spread underground below a mushroom. There, they absorb nutrients from the dead things the fungus digests, such as logs.

Some companies already use fungi to make leather purses and car seats. These help to satisfy a market for goods made without animal products. But such vegan leather has always been made in a way that stops the fungus from ever growing again. The Newcastle team thought they could help those mushroom "roots" keep their ability to regrow by adjusting how they made the leather. And it worked.

Other producers of fungal leather have kept their methods a secret. The Newcastle team isn't doing that. In fact, it has offered a how-to guide for copying its innovation. Those instructions could inspire other scientists who want to make mushroom materials.

To test how well the revived spores (再生的孢子) work, they made holes in the leather. Over time, new mycelia grew over the holes. Once healed, the regrown areas were as strong as the undamaged areas.

It's possible this method could be used to make a specialty leather for sale in the next decade.

But first, the team needs to make its leather stronger. Thickening it will help. The group still isn't sure what (perhaps moisture) might cause the spores to grow shoots without being asked. So it's necessary for the researchers to figure out how to control when those spores grow. Otherwise, someone could "walk out in the rain, and then all of a sudden find that their jacket is growing or perhaps has mushrooms popping out of it."

32. What's the author's purpose in asking the question in paragraph 1?

- A. To express a wild imagination.
- B. To lead in the topic for discussion.
- C. To present a possible fashion trend.
- D. To put forward a quite practical idea.

33. What can we know about the fungal leather created before the Newcastle team?

- A. It is resistant to water.
- B. It can't regrow.
- C. It differs from vegan leather.
- D. It is purely made from mushrooms.

34. How did the Newcastle team handle the fruits of its research?

- A. By keeping them a secret strictly.
- B. By putting them to test repeatedly.
- C. By sharing them with others actively.
- D. By selling them to producers instantly.

35. What does the last paragraph imply about the Newcastle team?

- A. Their fungal leather jackets aren't suitable for windy days.
- B. Their fungal leather products will soon come into the market.
- C. They need to find an effective way to advertise their fungal leather.
- D. They need to carry out further research to perfect their fungal leather.

第二节(共 5 小题;每小题 2.5 分, 满分 12.5 分)

根据短文内容, 从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。选项中有两项为多余选项。

### The Importance of Being Independent

The ability to be independent is something not everyone possesses. 36 And learning to support yourself is fundamental for any success you ever hope to achieve. At the end of the day, you only have yourself to fall back on, so it's very important to be able to handle things on your own.

People rely on others far more than it is necessary. People put their happiness in the hands of a significant person, thinking this will bring them satisfaction. 37

Should you always be dependent on someone else? Of course not. 38 Therefore, you need to learn how to make decisions on your own. People are unable to be independent for a variety of reasons, with fear being the biggest: the fear of being alone, the fear of rejection and the fear of the future.

However, there is no reason to base your life decisions on relationships with people. All relationships end at some point or another. 39 The only thing you can do is alter your understanding of relationships. Instead of expecting them to make you happy by being in your life and providing enjoyment, appreciate the time spent and enjoyment since you know it will be gone.

40 Don't ask for advice, do what you want and learn from your own mistakes. Many people are afraid to think for themselves because that involves taking responsibility for their own lives. This is just one way people become dependent. We are born alone and we die alone, so we each have to take responsibility for our lives at every step along the way.

- A. There is nothing you can do to change or affect that.
- B. This is a serious error too many people make these days.
- C. Make decisions by and for yourself, whatever they may be.
- D. You can control your own life by making your own choices.
- E. However, you need to be independent in order to survive in the world.
- F. In any moment of decision, the best thing you can do is wait for the right time.
- G. Not only are you limiting yourself, you are also likely to become a burden to this person.

### 第三部分语言运用(共两节, 满分 30 分)

#### 第一节(共 15 小题;每小题 1 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

Chris Smith is a 16-year-old student. He played 41, working his way onto the football and wrestling teams. 42, life for Chris Smith was the same as it was for other boys, but 43 it wasn't.

"My parents passed away and I lived at my sister's," Chris recalls. "I know it was a 44 to take me in because they didn't have much money. So I wanted to 45 and make a living on my own.

But Chris' history teacher had different 46, "You're the smartest kid in the class. If you don't graduate, you're going to 47 it."

A good teacher makes all the 48, and sometimes you need more than one to help you along. Chris' wrestling coach taught him to value teamwork over 49 achievements.

Chris worked even harder and\_ 50 school in the end. When graduation came, Chris was\_ 51 to a university and earned a full scholarship.

“I never thought I'd have a chance to study in a university. But I had\_ 52 to give everything my best shot, ”said Chris.

And now, as a teacher, Chris takes time to speak to students about whatit\_ 53\_ to make it.“ You can do it if you work hard enough, ” he says, using the\_ 54 of his history teacher.“You are the - 55\_ kid in the world.”

41. A. cards .

B. chess .

C. music

D. sports

42. A. For instance

B. As a consequence

C. By all appearances

D. In return

43. A. privately

B. actually

C. gradually

D. generally

44. A. trouble

B. duty

C. priority

D. pity

45. A. hold on

B. grow up ;

C. set off

D. drop out

46. A. methods

B. opinions

C. predictions

D. backgrounds

47. A. accomplish

- B. regret  
C. deserve  
D. miss
48. A. difference  
B. decisions  
C. arrangements  
D. sense
49. A. academic  
B. temporary  
C. individual  
D. outstanding
50. A. escaped  
B. finished  
C. attended  
D. started
51. A. admitted  
B. compared  
C. limited  
D. attached
52. A. failed  
B. pretended  
C. expected  
D. learned
53. A. takes  
B. means  
C. proves  
D. obtains
54. A. identity  
B. rules  
C. words  
D. explanation
55. A. best



- B. cutest
- C. kindest
- D. smartest

第二节(共 10 小题;每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式, 并将答案填写在答题卡上。

Kunqu Opera is one of the oldest forms of opera still existing in China, with its origins dating back to the Yuan Dynasty. Kunqu Opera, \_ 56 is also called Kunshanqiang, is said to be the mother of all Chinese operas.

The traditional performing art was named after \_ 57 ( it) birthplace, Kunshan, near the city of Suzhou in today' s Jiangsu Province of East China.

58

development of Kunqu Opera went through several stages. In the early days, the songs were composed of long and short lines. The singer sang alone, and the orchestra (管弦乐队) came in at the end of each line. In the course, only percussion instruments( 打击乐器)\_ 59 ( apply). In the Ming Dynasty, after Wei Liangfu's \_ 60 ( science) reform, Kunqu Opera became mild, smooth and graceful. The performers attached great importance \_ 61 clear recitation, correct singing and pure tunes. And the songs were witten in either seven-character lines \_ 62 ten-character lines. Moreover, three types of musical instruments ( stringed instruments, bamboo flutes , and drums and clappers) formed the accompaniment. In addition, the jing and chou

roles were no longer those merely \_ 63 ( represent) foolish, awkward, or mean people.

Kunqu Opera has suffered a decline since the eighteenth century. The reason is that the audience is required \_ 64 (have) a high level of technical knowledge. Today, it' s facing \_ 65 ( compete) from mass culture and a lack of interest among the young.

第四部分写作(共两节 , 满分 40 分)

第- -节(满分 15 分)

假定你是李华, 你校本学期将提供多门选修课供学生选择。请你给交换生 Tom 写封邮件, 内容包括:

- 1.推荐一门选修课;
- 2.说明推荐理由。

注意:1.写作词数应为 80 个左右;

2.请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

Dear Tom,

Yours sincerely ,

Li Hua

第二节(满分 25 分)

阅读下面材料，根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段，使之构成一篇完整的短文。

Raven was an 11-year-old girl, who was known as a troublemaker. She never seemed to rest, and her classmates and teacher were always on their toes. Being called into the principal's office was not uncommon. One day, during a math lesson, noticing the papers on the teacher's desk, Raven came up with a plan. When the teacher momentarily stepped out of the classroom, Raven swiftly snatched a few papers from the pile.

Carefully, she replaced them with her own doodles(涂鸦).

When the teacher returned, she began handing out the papers to the students. Confusion and surprise spread across their faces as they found Raven's odd drawings instead of math problems. Raven couldn't contain her laughter, and soon the whole class burst into laughter, except the teacher, who was very angry. The teacher had

no choice but to send Raven to the principal's office.

The school's principal Jason noticed Raven sitting outside his office. She looked sad, defeated and without any hope. He approached her and brought her into his office. After being seated, the principal asked about what

had happened.

"I am sorry, Mr Jason. I am a trouble-making child," Raven said with her head down. Then she explained what she had done during the math class, and how what she had done ruined the math test.

Mr Jason continued to ask her whether she felt her behavior was appropriate. She shook her head in shame.

With further investigation, Mr Jason learned that Raven lived in a shelter home. She had been orphaned(成为孤

儿) for long.

So, at that point, Mr Jason had a feeling that Raven just needed a hand and recognized that she needed something to go in her favor, maybe for once. Mr Jason thought to himself.

注意:1.续写词数应为 150 个左右;

2.按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

That evening, Mr Jason and his wife made a decision.

But Mr Jason's and his wife's love put Raven's fear and anxieties to rest.