

2022—2023 学年度茂名市普通高中高二年级教学质量监测

英语试卷

本试题卷共 8 页。全卷满分 120 分。考试用时 120 分钟。

注意事项：

1. 答题前,先将自己的姓名、准考证号填写在答题卡上,并将准考证号条形码粘贴在答题卡上的指定位置。
2. 选择题的作答:每小题选出答案后,用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑,写在试题卷、草稿纸和答题卡上的非答题区域均无效。
3. 非选择题的作答:用签字笔直接写在答题卡上对应的答题区域内。写在试题卷、草稿纸和答题卡上的非答题区域均无效。
4. 考试结束后,请将本试题卷和答题卡一并上交。

第一部分 阅读(共两节,满分 50 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题;每小题 2.5 分,满分 37.5 分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

A first aid kit is a must in every family in case of emergency. To help you make sure yours contains all the right things, we spoke to experts in emergency medicine. And the following are some of the items recommended.

Items	Application
Aspirin	Two 81-milligram tablets of chewable Aspirin can be life-saving if taken within the first hour of a suspected heart attack.
Hand sanitizer	This can be used to clean your hands when soap and water aren't available; use it before putting on the gloves.
Antiseptic wipes	If you don't have access to clean running water, use these to clean and disinfect cuts before applying a bandage.
Antibacterial ointment	This helps prevent infection by stopping the growth of bacteria in minor wounds.
Hydrocortisone cream	It relieves pain from insect bites or poisonous plants. You can get it in single-use packets.
Abdominal dressings	These large dressings can help control heavy bleeding from major wounds. Keep firm pressure on the dressed wound until help arrives.
Gauze	Both the squares and the rolls are good for packing and dressing wounds.
Self-adhesive bandages	Have a variety of sizes in your kit, for minor cuts.
Trauma shears	It's worth having good scissors so you can quickly and easily cut thick bandages or clothing.
Burn hydrogel	It cools damaged skin and reduces pain; they're ideal when it's not possible to run skin under cool water.

1. What can be applied to reduce pain if someone is bitten by an insect?
- A. Burn hydrogel.
B. Antiseptic wipes.
C. Antibacterial ointment.
D. Hydrocortisone cream.

2. How many items are related to cleaning?

- A. Two. B. Three. C. Four. D. Five.

3. Which column of a website is the text probably taken from?

- A. Sports. B. Health. C. Culture. D. Opinion.

B

Tyra Peralte thought keeping a diary during the pandemic (流行病) might help her sort out her messy feelings. In April 2020, the mother of two in Montclair, New Jersey, started writing frankly about the challenges of work, marriage and motherhood during a global crisis.

Peralte wanted to know how other women were doing. So she made an unusual offer. She invited women from near and far to fill the remaining lined pages of her black-and-white marbled composition notebook with their own pandemic tales. She named the project The Travelling Diary.

"I wanted an interaction that felt human," Peralte says, "and it feels very human to read someone else's writing." She found her first contributor during a conference for entrepreneurs. When she mentioned the diary, a woman in North Carolina immediately said she would like to write in it.

From there, Peralte posted an article about her idea on Medium in an effort to get more women involved. So many wanted to participate that Peralte decided to create a website for people to add their names to the queue. She came up with a system: Each person gets to keep the diary for three days and fill as many pages as she wishes. Then she is responsible for mailing it to the next person, whose address Peralte provides. Each participant fills the pages with her own handwriting, and sometimes her own artwork, sharing her stories.

So far, more than 2,000 women from 30 countries have participated, some as far away as South Africa and Australia. Of course, not all those entries could fit in just one journal. More than 50 of these notebooks are currently in circulation (流通), and about 20 completed ones are back in Peralte's possession, including the original diary with her first entry, about navigating pandemic life and reconnecting with family.

"It is beautiful to have it again and to read it," she says. "I carry these stories with me on a daily basis."

4. Why did Peralte set up The Travelling Diary?

- A. To help those in need.
B. To figure out her feelings.
C. To offer job opportunities.
D. To interact with other women.

5. How did Peralte invite women to take part in the project?

- A. By offering a website to sign up.
- B. By holding business meetings.
- C. By writing letters of invitation.
- D. By building up a system to follow.

6. Who will keep the notebook after it is finished?

- A. The one who filled in the last page.
- B. The one whose story is the most attractive.
- C. The one who originally set up this project.
- D. The one whose handwriting is the most impressive.

7. Which of the following might be the best title for the text?

- A. Women's Diaries
- B. The Travelling Diary
- C. Women, Story-tellers
- D. Peralte, a Creative Woman

C

Zibo, located in East China's Shandong Province, was not widely known as a tourist destination. However, over the past few months the industrial city's BBQ has gained enormous popularity and attracted a massive flood of visitors who have turned it into an Instagram-worthy site.

This local delicious food has been delighting residents and tourists alike for generations. Zibo BBQ, famous for its unique flavors and techniques, is a must-try experience for food enthusiasts from around the world.

The grilling (烧烤) process is where the true magic of Zibo BBQ lies. Skilled grill masters use a combination of traditional and modern techniques to ensure that the food is cooked to perfection. The key is in the slow and steady cooking process, which allows the meat to become tender and juicy while absorbing the rich flavors of the marinades (腌料) and spices.

Zibo BBQ wouldn't be complete without a wide range of delicious side dishes to accompany the star of the show. From crisp, fresh vegetables to steamed bread and seasoned rice, there's something to suit every kind of taste. And don't forget to try the local specialty: Zibo cold noodles, a refreshing and flavorful treat that pairs perfectly with the bold flavors of BBQ. Of course, no BBQ experience would be complete without a cold drink to wash it all down. In Zibo, local beer is a popular choice, providing the perfect balance of crisp refreshment and hearty BBQ flavors.

"I never expected Zibo barbecue to become so popular all of a sudden!" said Zhang Linlin, deputy director of the business management department at Shandong College of Tourism and Hospitality. "With the recent intensive publicity, many of my young colleagues have rushed to try it out. They all praised its great taste and reasonable price."

8. What makes Zibo a tourist hot spot?

- A. Its industry.
- B. Its barbecue.
- C. Its location.
- D. Its culture.

9. What does paragraph 3 mainly tell us about Zibo BBQ?

- A. The secret to its popularity.
- B. The composition of its spices.
- C. The level of its grill masters.
- D. The source of its food materials.

10. What may customers choose if they want to wash down the spicy flavor?

- A. A cup of hot tea.
- B. A bowl of noodles.
- C. A glass of local beer.
- D. A dish of fresh vegetables.

11. What can be learned from Zhang Linlin's words in the last paragraph?

- A. Zibo BBQ becomes famous overnight.
- B. The success of Zibo attracts investment.
- C. The reasonable price makes up for the taste.
- D. Young people rush to Zibo for new opportunities.

D

China's highest academic institution for natural sciences opened its doors to science lovers to share the latest scientific and technological achievements, with the goal of popularizing science and allowing the public to engage with noted scientists and key research facilities.

The institute featured dozens of exhibitions on China's latest achievements in artificial intelligence, autonomous underwater vehicles, lunar exploration and experiments onboard the Tiangong space station.

The public were feverish since this was the first time in three years that the academy had been able to hold live activities on Public Science Day.

Parents and children began queuing outside the front doors of the academy's Institute of Physics early in the morning. The Institute of Automation extended opening hours several times to accommodate visitors, and tickets were sold out in hours.

Children of all ages came to see the institute's scientists conduct colorful and thought-provoking (发人深省的) physics experiments. After the show, they were able to use the instruments themselves and ask questions about their use.

Cao Ying, a Beijing resident attending the event with her 3-year-old son, said that she had previously only known about these scientific achievements through the news. She added that it had been eye-opening to experience them firsthand and to talk to the scientists behind them. "Science education should start at an early age," she said. "Seeing these scientific achievements in person makes me appreciate the hard work and ingenuity (独创性) of our scientists even more."

Chinese scientists and engineers have accomplished many great things, and the achievements should not be locked away in an ivory tower.

By communicating their findings to the public, scientists also learn more about the actual needs of the people, which helps open up new areas of research and use. One example is using humanoid robots to care for the elderly.

12. How did the institute involve the public in scientific events?
A. By popularizing scientific findings.
B. By communicating with scientists and engineers.
C. By engaging the public in scientific experiments.
D. By exhibiting the newest achievements of science and technology.
13. What does the underlined word “feverish” mean in paragraph 3?
A. Patient. B. Worried. C. Excited. D. Cautious.
14. What is paragraph 6 mainly about?
A. Admiration for hard work.
B. Advice for science education.
C. Recommendation from experts.
D. Supportive response from the audience.
15. What can scientists benefit from the activity?
A. They can get inspiration.
B. They can be known to the public.
C. They can invent humanoid robots.
D. They can exhibit their achievements.

第二节 (共5小题;每小题2.5分,满分12.5分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

What can be done if you're addicted to negative thinking? Here are a few tips that might help you understand how you're thinking and what changes you could make to stop the negative cycle.

Catch your thoughts

16. If you can catch your thoughts as they arise, you can just observe them. Observing your thoughts can help to recognize whether you're focused on the positive or the negative. Is there a real problem here that needs to be addressed? Or something you can acknowledge and let go of? When you process your thoughts with awareness, you can place them in the appropriate category.

17

Resisting is not usually the best way to deal with your negativity. Whatever you resist persists (维持). The more you resist something, the more you attract it towards you. If you imagine the worst that could happen and accept that, then the reality of what is actually happening isn't so bad after all. 18, once you realize you could survive the worst option.

Appreciate moments of joy and gratitude

Gratitude is a great tool to change your negative thoughts to positive ones. Even small things can help create a new habit of positive thinking. 19, so when you focus on what is good, the negative thoughts will have to take a back seat. Think about people and places that bring you joy, your favorite music or special pets. 20. We often overlook the things we

take for granted. But if you start to look at all the things to be grateful for, your brain will begin to watch for more of the same.

- A. Accept and change
B. Be grateful for everything
C. You will need to learn to change your thoughts
D. It's difficult to have two opposing thoughts at once
E. Negative thinking can take hold of us for many reasons
F. The first thing to do is become aware of what you're thinking
G. You can change your thoughts to deal with things realistically and with optimism

第二部分 语言运用(共两节,满分30分)

第一节 (共15小题;每小题1分,满分15分)

阅读下面短文,从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

Zhu Yanjun, 50, is the runner-up of the 2023 Chinese Poetry Competition. After graduating from junior high school in 1992, he stopped his schooling and 21 his hometown, a village in Jingning County of Northwest China's Gansu Province, and 22 to work as a migrant worker.

Over the past 30 years, although he was always 23 during the day, he kept on spending his spare time to 24 his passion for poetry. This year, he finally 25 in the Chinese Poetry Competition and won the second place, impressing the audience with his 26.

Zhu's passion on poetry 27 every aspect of his life. Whenever he goes to a city for work, he first visits bookstores. On 28 days when the construction site where he works pauses work 29, he usually rushes to the bookstore early in the morning and spends the whole day 30 books. In order to make use of his time to admire poetry, he always 31 some notes of copying poems in his pocket.

In March of this year, Zhu Yanjun returned to his hometown and got a(n) 32 to work as a staff member at the cultural center of Jingning County. This job 33 him to have more time to search the stories behind the poems and more opportunities to 34 his study experience with others. Zhu wishes to inspire more people around him to 35 the beauty of poetry.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|-----------------|---------------|-------------|
| 21. A. visited | B. left | C. developed | D. found |
| 22. A. began | B. continued | C. expected | D. dreamed |
| 23. A. happy | B. careful | C. busy | D. active |
| 24. A. inspire | B. create | C. pursue | D. discover |
| 25. A. stopped | B. appeared | C. lost | D. worked |
| 26. A. talent | B. warmth | C. confidence | D. strength |
| 27. A. deals with | B. runs through | C. checks out | D. tests on |
| 28. A. cold | B. warm | C. sunny | D. rainy |

29. A. naturally

B. gradually

C. eventually

D. temporarily
30. A. reading

B. writing

C. printing

D. publishing
31. A. carries

B. practices

C. hides

D. seeks
32. A. experience

B. desire

C. chance

D. task
33. A. requires

B. encourages

C. forces

D. enables
34. A. treat

B. share

C. compare

D. connect
35. A. convey

B. concern

C. perform

D. explore

第二节（共10小题;每小题1.5分,满分15分）

阅读下面短文,在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

The earliest printed book that we can date accurately is a copy of the *Diamond Sutra* found in Dunhuang, China, in 1907. After printing was developed in China, 36 (thousand) of copies of some early texts were printed. 400,000 copies of a 10th century Chinese Buddhist text still exist today. 37 was also in the 10th century that many Chinese texts 38 (begin) appearing in the form of books with pages.

One problem with using a single block of wood for printing was that if you made a mistake while 39 (carve) the wood, you would have to start all over again. The solution was movable type, 40 was invented by Bi Sheng of Hubei Province. Bi used porcelain (瓷) Chinese characters 41 (place) in a printing frame on an iron plate in order to print books.

An inventor and government officer in Anhui Province, Wang Zhen, made improvements to Bi's system between 1290 and 1301. First, Wang developed a system for making high-quality 42 (wood) characters of the same size. Next, and most 43 (important), he found a way to organize these characters so they could quickly and easily be found by the printer. He did this 44 storing the characters on two round tables which could be turned. The characters 45 (order) by pronunciation, and were also given a number. The printer could call out the number of the character he needed, and his assistant would bring it to him.

第三部分 写作(共两节,满分40分)

第一节（满分15分）

假定你是李华,你的英国朋友 Jack 来信说他最近刚读完英译版《西游记》,非常喜欢孙悟空,并询问你最喜欢哪个角色。请你写一封电子邮件回复 Jack。内容包括:

1. 最喜欢的《西游记》角色;
2. 喜欢的原因。

注意:

1. 写作词数应为80左右;
2. 请在答题卡的相应位置作答。

第二节（满分25分）

阅读下面材料,根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段,使之构成一篇完整的短文。

Jack's grandmother's birthday was around the corner and all the family members were busy preparing a big party for her. It would be a special birthday party, because Grandma Sophie would turn 100 years old on the birthday. The family was filled with atmosphere of mystery and kind of excitement. Everyone was busy doing something secretly. Jack's sister was knitting (编织) a woolen scarf for Grandma Sophie. She even brought the threads and weaving sticks to school and knitted between the class intervals. Jack's brother would play the guitar of Grandma Sophie's favorite song at the birthday party, so he practiced playing whenever he was free. And Jack's parents were decorating the house and doing shopping.

However, little Jack, the 8-year-old boy, sitting with his favorite toy dinosaur, looked unhappy. He wanted to engage in the big event and to make his grandma happy, but he had no idea. He couldn't knit as his sister did, nor could he play any musical instrument as his brother did. A birthday card with beautiful pictures would be a good choice. But he had no money to buy a card. What he possessed were lots of cards, which were from families and relatives for his birthday or Christmas and New Year. So little Jack turned to his mother for help.

Jack's cards came from his friends and relatives all over the country. There were funny cards and serious cards. Some cards had beautiful pictures. Others had silly drawings. Jack saved them all. But his favorite card was from his grandma.

"Why don't you recycle some of your old birthday and Christmas cards?" Jack's mother suggested. "What does that mean?" asked Jack. "Recycle means 'to use again'," said Jack's mother. "You can create something new from things that have already been used." "Recycling is a good idea," said Jack. "I know. I'll cut out pictures and poems from my old cards. Then I'll make a big, new card to send to Grandma."

注意:

1. 续写词数应为150左右;
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的相应位置作答。

Jack couldn't wait to open the box containing cards he saved.

When Grandma's birthday arrived, Jack gave her a big birthday card as a gift.